



MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED

CIN : L24117WB1979PLC032322

7, WATERLOO STREET
2ND FLOOR
KOLKATA - 700 069

September 3, 2020

To,
Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd.
Vibgyor Towers, 4th floor,
Plot No C 62, G - Block,
Opp. Trident Hotel,
Bandra Kurla Complex,
Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 098, India

To,
The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited
7, Lyons Range,
Kolkata- 700 001

Scrip Symbol: **MAYURBHANJ**

Scrip Code: **023121**

Dear Sir,

Sub: Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20


With reference to the above subject, we are enclosing herewith the Annual Report – 2020 for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

We request you to kindly take the above on records.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

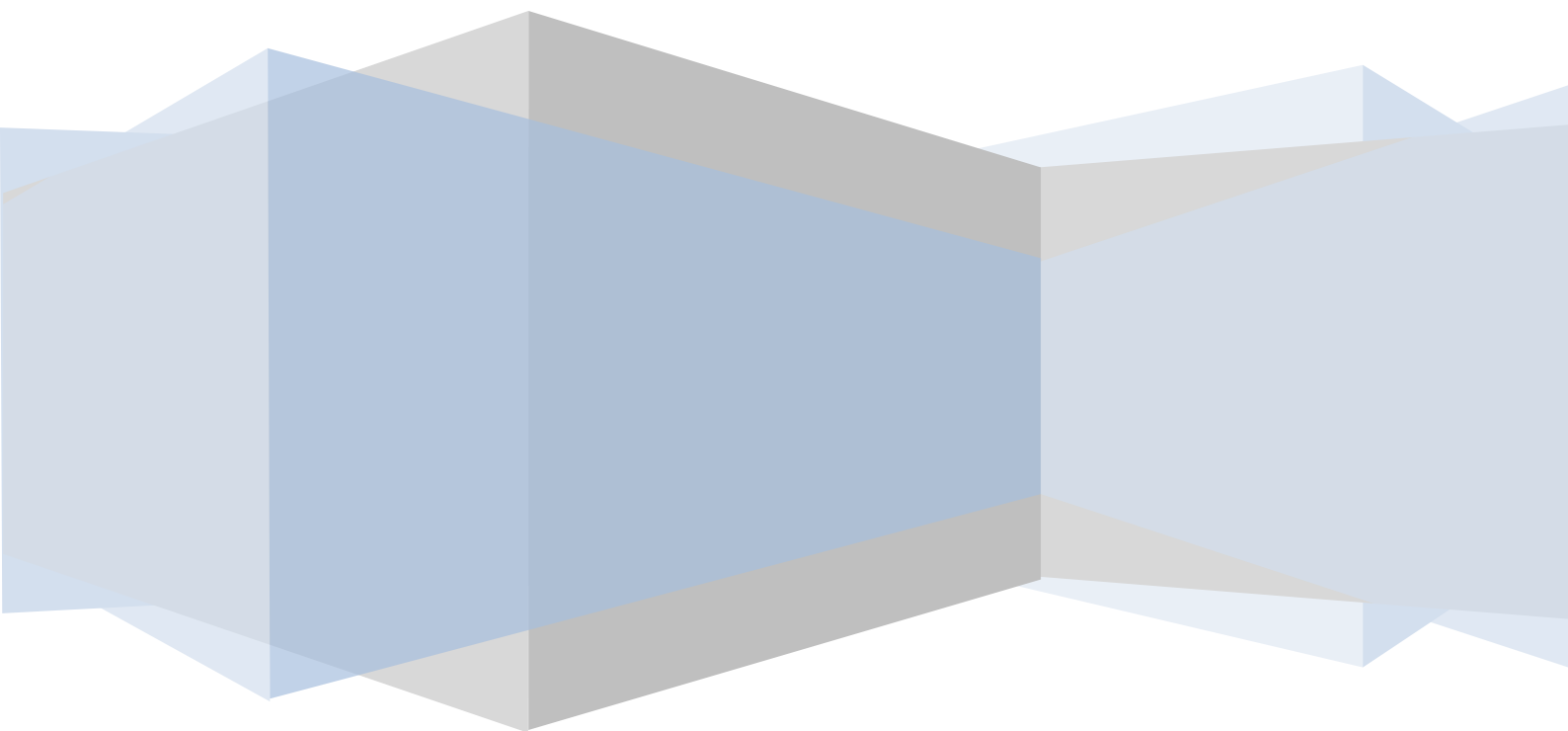
For Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited


Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Encl. as above

Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited

Annual Report – 2020



Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited

CIN: L24117WB1979PLC032322

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Whole-Time Director & CFO

Mr. Harendra Singh (appointed w.e.f July 14, 2020)

Non- Executive Non-Independent

Mrs. Sushmita Sharma

Independent Directors

Mr. Atanu Mukherjee

Mr. Satrajit Paul

Company Secretary & Compliance Office

Ms. Megha Agarwal

AUDITORS

M/s G Basu & Company

Chartered Accountants

Basu House

3, Chowringhee

Approach Road,

Kolkata -700072

Phone: 22126253/8016

E-Mail: s.lahiri@gbasu.in

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

C. B. Management Services Private Limited

P-22 Bondel Road

Kolkata 700019

Call : +91 33 40116700,2280 6692/93/94/2486

Fax : +91 33 2287 0263

LISTING DETAILS

1. The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited
2. Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

7, Waterloo Street, 2nd Floor

Kolkata- 700 069

Phone: +91-33-2248 0602

E-mail: info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com

Website: www.mayurbhanjtrades.in

Board's Report

To
The Members of the Company,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their 41th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY:

Key highlights of financial performance for the Company for the financial year 2019-20 are tabulated below:

Particulars	(Rs. In lakhs)	
	FY2020	FY2019
Sales and Other Income	68.48	96.68
Profit before Tax	2.37	3.71
Profit after Tax	1.82	2.61
Earnings Per Share (In Rs.)	0.91	1.31

Our Company does not have any subsidiary company during the year under review.

DIVIDEND

In order to consolidate the Company's financial position, your directors consider it prudent not to recommend dividend for the year under review.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the financial year ended March 31, 2020, the Company has not transferred any sum to the general reserve.

OPERATIONS

The Company is engaged in the business of trading in agricultural product mainly in potatoes, and 100% of the total revenue of the Company is derived from these activities.

The Company is presently reasonably positioned in West Bengal and Bihar, and also in the process of expanding its business presence other states in Eastern India. The Company being engaged in the business of trading of agro products, its operation is significantly affected by the weather conditions. Adverse weather condition, reduces the production of farmers, thereby resulting lesser availability of crops and consequently have negative impact on the financial performance of the Company. The Company has good relationship with the farmers to ensure regular supply of agro produce for its business.

The operational performance of the Company during the period under review was satisfactory. We intend to achieve sustainable and profitable growth through our consistent efforts.

In the month February of FY2020, the COVID-19 pandemic developed rapidly into a global crisis, forcing governments to shut all economic activity. On March 24, 2020, the Government of India ordered a nationwide lockdown for 21 days which further got extended till May 3, 2020 to prevent community spread of COVID-19 in India resulting in significant reduction in economic activities. Considering the global health crises and the guideline issued by the Government of India, the Company immediately shifted focus to ensuring the health and well-being of all employees. Operations of the Company have been suspended immediately following the government guidelines. The operations of the Company were under complete suspension upto May 4, 2020. With lifting of lockdown partially by the government with guideline for starting commercial activities, the operations of the Company were resumed partially in compliance with Covid-19 guidelines.

The lockdown and suspension of commercial activities across the country has resulted in significant fall in the demand for our products. Further, due to sudden operation shut w.e.f. March 24, 2020, for a period of more than 40 days, the inventory lying in the process stuck up.

After the commencement of commercial activities across the country, the demand of our product has started improving gradually. With the revival of operations, we can expect demand to be revived in the second half of the year 2020-21.

CHANGES IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

During the year under review, there has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

The operations of the Company was shut w.e.f March 24, 2020 for approx 2 months which affected the financial position of the company occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and company's operations in future.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and Complexity of its operations. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board & to the Whole-time Director of the Company. M/s. Rajesh R L Agarwal & Co.(FRN: 327361E), Practicing Chartered Accountant, is the internal auditor of the Company.

The Internal Auditor monitors and evaluates the efficacy and adequacy of internal control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company.

SUBSIDIARY/ASSOCIATE/JOINT VENTURE COMPANIES:

The Company does not have any subsidiaries or joint ventures or associates as on March 31, 2020. Hence, the statement containing the salient feature of the financial statement of associate companies in Form AOC-1 is not applicable to the Company.

Further, none of the companies have ceased to be a subsidiary, joint venture or associate company during FY2020.

BUY BACK OF SECURITIES

The Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company was Rs.20 lakhs as on March 31, 2020. During the year under review, the Company has not issued any shares or any convertible instruments and there is no outstanding instrument pending conversion as on March 31,2020.

TRANSFER IN DEMAT

As per Regulation 40 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations), as amended, securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from April 1, 2019, except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and for ease of portfolio management, members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holdings to dematerialized form. Members can contact the Company or Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents, C. B. Management Services Private Limited for assistance in this regard.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Board of Directors comprises of four directors, two of them are Independent Directors, one is Executive Director and one is Non-Executive/ Non-Independent woman director.

Mr. Satya Narayan Ashopa, Whole-Time Director & CFO of the Company has demised on June 16, 2020. His demise is a big loss to the Company. The Board of Directors took on record the invaluable contributions made by Late Mr. Satya Narayan Ashopa as a Wholetime Director and CFO of the Company during his tenure with the Company.

The composition of the board is as follows:

Name	DIN	Category
Mr. Harendra Singh (appointed w.e.f July 14, 2020)	06870959	Whole-Time Director & CFO (Executive) Liable to retirement
Mrs. Sushmita Sharma	00596256	Non-executive Non-independent/Woman Liable to retirement
Mr. Atanu Mukherjee	05103888	Independent Not liable to retirement
Mr. Satrajit Paul	07183911	Independent Not liable to retirement

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, at their meeting held on July 14, 2020, had approved the appointment of Mr. Harendra Singh as the Whole-time Director & CFO, for a term of three years effective from July 14, 2020 up to July 13, 2023, subject to the approval of shareholders. An Ordinary Resolution seeking approval of members for the appointment of Mr. Harendra Singh as Whole-time Director & CFO, pursuant to Section 196, 197 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made thereunder read with Section II, Part II of Schedule V to the Act, has been included in the Notice of annual general meeting.

Mr. Atanu Mukherjee was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. March 31, 2015 for a term of 5 years. His term came to an end on March 30, 2020. The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on February 13, 2020 had approved the re-appointment of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee for another term of 5 years w.e.f. March 30, 2020 subject to the Shareholder's approval. A Special Resolution seeking approval of members for the appointment of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee as an Independent Director of the Company, pursuant to provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, Schedule IV and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 has been included in the Notice of annual general meeting.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Directors have confirmed to the Company that they meet the criteria of Independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

Mrs. Sushmita Sharma (DIN: 00596256), who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment. The resolution seeking approval of members for re-appointment of Mr. Sushmita Sharma has been included in the Notice of annual general meeting.

During the year, the non-executive and independent directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company.

The KMPs of the Company are:

1. Mr. Satya Narayan Ashopa, ceased to be a Wholetime Director & CFO w.e.f. June 16, 2020
2. Mr. Harendra Singh, appointed as Wholetime Director & CFO, w.e.f. July 14, 2020
3. Ms. Megha Agarwal, Company Secretary

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, performance evaluation of all Board members, annual performance evaluation of its own performance, as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees of the Board has been carried out. This evaluation is led by the Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee with specific focus on the performance and effective functioning of the Board. The evaluation process also considers the time spent by each of the Board members, core competencies, personal characteristics, accomplishment of specific responsibilities and expertise.

BOARD MEETING

During the year under review 5, Board Meetings were convened and held on May 29, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019, February 13, 2020 and March 2, 2020. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Board as on March 31, 2020, comprises of:

- a. Mr. Atanu Mukherjee, Chairman
- b. Mr. Satrajit Paul, Member
- c. Ms. Sushmita Sharma, Member

During the year under review, 4 meetings of Audit Committee were convened and held on May 29, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 13, 2019 and February 13, 2020.

During the year under review, there has been no instance where the recommendations of the Audit Committee have not been accepted by the Board.

The terms of reference, role and scope of Audit Committee are in line with those prescribed under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Audit Committee of the Company is entrusted with the responsibility, inter alia, to supervise the Company's internal control and financial reporting process.

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board comprises of:

- a. Mr. Atanu Mukherjee, Chairman
- b. Mr. Satrajit Paul, Member
- c. Ms. Sushmita Sharma, Member

The terms of reference of the Committee are as under:

- The Committee shall identify persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed as Key Managerial Persons in accordance with criteria laid down, recommend the board their appointment and removal and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance.
- This Committee is empowered to review and recommend the Board of Directors, remuneration and commission of directors and other senior executives of the Company.

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management and their remuneration. The policy is annexed herewith as **Annexure 1**.

During the year under review, two meetings of Nomination & Remuneration Committee were convened and held on May 29, 2019 and February 13, 2020.

VIGIL MECHANISM/ WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has adopted a vigil mechanism named Whistle Blower Policy for directors and employees to report genuine concerns which shall provide adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use such mechanism. Under this policy, we encourage our employees to report any reporting of fraudulent financial or other information to the stakeholders, any conduct that results in violation of the Company's Code of Business Conduct, to management (on an anonymous basis, if employees sodesire).

Likewise, under this policy, we have prohibited discrimination, retaliation or harassment of any kind against any employees who, based on the employee's reasonable belief that such conduct or practice have occurred or are occurring, reports that information or participates in the said investigation.

No individual in the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee or its Chairman.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has in place a Business Risk Management Framework. The risk management framework commensurate with the size of the Company's operation and provides for, inter alia, identification of elements of risk, pro-active approach for its minimization and mitigation.

The Board has been regularly informed about risk assessment and minimization procedures. The main objective of this policy is to ensure sustainable business growth with stability.

The Company being engaged in the business of trading of agro products, its operation is significantly affected by the weather conditions. Adverse weather condition, reduces the production of farmers, thereby resulting lesser availability of crops and consequently have negative impact on the financial performance of the Company. The Company has good relationship with the farmers to ensure regular supply of agro produce for its business.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) are not applicable to the Company.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

A separate section on Management Discussion and Analysis is enclosed herewith as **Annexure – 2**.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, Mr. Md. Shahnawaz, Company Secretary in Practice, has conducted the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Report of the Secretarial Audit is annexed herewith as **Annexure 3**.

The Secretarial Audit Report is self-explanatory and, therefore, do not call for any further comments. There is no qualification, reservation or adverse remark made by Secretarial Auditor in his report.

STATUTORY AUDITORS & AUDITORS REPORT

In the Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 26, 2019, M/s. G Basu & Company (Firm Regn. No. 301174E), Chartered Accountants have been appointed Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 yearsto

hold office from the conclusion of 40th AGM until the conclusion of the 45th AGM, at such remuneration as may be decided by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company has received a certificate from the Statutory Auditors in compliance with the provisions of Section 139(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, stating that they are not disqualified from being continuing as Statutory Auditors and that their appointment is within the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under.

Further, the report of the Statutory Auditors along with notes to Schedules is enclosed to this report and are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further comments.

The Auditor's Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- c) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- e) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f) proper systems had been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORTS

As per the provisions of Regulation 15(2) of the Listing Regulations, effective from December 1, 2015, the Company having paid-up equity share capital not exceeding Rs.10 crores and Net Worth not exceeding Rs.25 crores, as on the last day of the previous financial year, are exempted from the provisions of the Corporate Governance. The paid up capital of the Company as at March 31, 2020, is Rs.20 lakhs and Net Worth is Rs. 93.30 lakhs, being less than the threshold as mentioned hereinbefore for applicability of the provisions of the Corporate Governance. Hence, the provisions of Corporate Governance as specified in Listing Regulations are not applicable to the Company.

DISCLOSURE AS PER SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has zero tolerance for sexual harassment at workplace and has adopted a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace in line with the provisions of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder. During the financial year 2019-20, no complaint had been received and that there is no complaint pending at the beginning and at the end of the year 2019-20.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is annexed herewith as **Annexure 4**.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING&OUTGO

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is not applicable to the Company during the year under review.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

There were no Loans, Guarantees and Investments made by the Company under Section 186 of The Companies Act, 2013, during the year under review and hence the said provision is not applicable.

PROVISION OF MONEY BY COMPANY FOR PURCHASE OF ITS OWN SHARES BY EMPLOYEES OR BY TRUSTEES FOR THE BENEFIT OF EMPLOYEES

The Company has not made any provision of money for purchase of its own shares by employees or by trustees for the benefit of employee as mentioned in Rule 16(4) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES U/S 188(1)

During the year under review, the Company has not entered into any contract or arrangement falling under ambit of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, disclosure of particulars of contract or arrangement with related parties in Form AOC-2 is not applicable to the Company.

MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION AND PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The particulars of Managerial remuneration as stated in section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith is forming part of the Board's Report as **Annexure 5**.

The Company has not employed any individual whose remuneration falls within the purview of the limits prescribed under the provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016, as amended.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company has always provided a congenial atmosphere for work to all sections of society. It has provided equal opportunities of employment to all irrespective to their caste, religion, color, marital status and sex. The Company believes that human capital of the Company is its most valuable assets and its human resource policies are aligned towards this objective of the Company.

The relation amongst its employees remained harmonious and the year under review remained free from any labor unrest.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Your Directors take this opportunity to thank the Regulatory and Government Authorities, Bankers, Business Associates, Shareholders and the Customers of the Company for their continued support to the Company. The Directors express their deep sense of appreciation towards all the employees and staff of the Company and wish the management all the best for achieving greater heights in the future.

Regd. Office
7, Waterloo Street,
2nd Floor
Kolkata-700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Whole-Time Director & CFO
(DIN-06870959)

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
(DIN-00596256)

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

PURPOSE

Pursuant to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2011 as amended from time to time, the Board of Directors of every listed company shall constitute the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, to guide the Board on various issues on appointment, evaluate performance, remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.

OBJECTIVES

- To recommend to the Board the Remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) and Senior Management.
- To guide / recommend to the Board appointment and removal of Directors, KMP and Senior Management of the Company.
- To evaluate the performance of every member of the Board / KMP / member of Senior Management and provide necessary report to the Board for their further performance evaluation by the Board.
- To recommend reward(s) payable to the KMP and Senior Management linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- To attract, retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.
- To do such other acts / deeds as may be prescribed by the Central Government.

ROLE OF COMMITTEE

The Committee shall:

- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of independent directors and the Board;
- Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- Identify persons who are qualified to become directors or who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and shall carry out evaluation of every director's performance. Our Company shall disclose the remuneration policy and the evaluation criteria in its annual report;
- Analysing, monitoring and reviewing various human resource and compensation matters;
- Determining our Company's policy on specific remuneration packages for executive directors including pension rights and any compensation payment, and determining remuneration packages of such directors;
- Determine compensation levels payable to the senior management personnel and other staff (as deemed necessary), which shall be market-related, usually consisting of a fixed and variable component;
- Reviewing and approving compensation strategy from time to time in the context of the then current Indian market in accordance with applicable laws;
- Perform such functions as are required to be performed by the compensation committee under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;

Framing suitable policies and systems to ensure that there is no violation, by an employee of any applicable laws in India or overseas, including:

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
or
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to the Securities Market) Regulations, 2003;
- Determine whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors;
- Evaluating the current composition, organization and governance of the Board and its committees as well as determining future requirements and making recommendations to the Board for approval;

- Determining on an annual basis, desired qualifications along with the expertise, characteristics and conduct searches for potential Board members with corresponding attributes. Thereafter, evaluation and proposal of nominees for election to the Board. In performing these tasks, the committee shall have the sole authority to retain and terminate any search firm to be used to identify director candidates;
- Evaluation and recommendation of termination of membership of individual directors in accordance with the Board's governance principles for cause or for other appropriate reasons;
- Making recommendations to the Board in relation to the appointment, promotion and removal of the senior management personnel at such level(s);
- Reviewing, amending, modifying and approving all other human resources related policies of our Company from time to time;
- Reviewing and recommending to the Board, manpower plan/ budget and sanction of new senior management positions from time to time in the future;
- Reviewing and recommending to the Board, matters relating to revision of compensation/ salary and long term wage settlements;
- Consideration and approval of employee stock option schemes and to administer and supervise the same;
- Decision on matters such as quantum of and milestones for grant, eligibility of employees who shall be entitled to grant of options, vesting period and conditions thereof, termination policies etc;
- Periodically reviewing and re-examining the terms of reference and making recommendations to our Board for any proposed changes;
- Authorization to obtain advice, reports or opinions from internal or external counsel and expert advisors;
- Ensuring proper induction program for new directors, key managerial personnel and senior management and reviewing its effectiveness along-with ensuring that on appointment, they receive a formal letter of appointment in accordance with guidelines provided under the Companies Act, 2013;
- Developing a succession plan for our Board and senior management and regularly reviewing the plan;
- Consideration and determination of the nomination and remuneration policy based on performance and also bearing in mind that the remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate members of the Board and such other factors as the Committee shall deem appropriate;
- Ensuring that it proactively maintains a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company; and
- Perform such other activities as may be delegated by the Board of Directors and/or are statutorily prescribed under any law to be attended to by such committee.

Appointment criteria and qualifications:

The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment and while doing so, take note of the following:-

- The person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person are sufficient / satisfactory for the concerned position.
- The Company shall not appoint or employ at the same time a managing director and a manager.
- The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Managing Director / Manager / Whole-time Director who is below the age of twenty one years or has attained the age of seventy years.

- Provided that the appointment of a person who has attained the age of seventy years or term of such person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution based on the explanatory statement annexed to the notice for such motion indicating the justification for extension of appointment beyond seventy years.
- At the time of appointment of a Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Director serves as a Director, including an alternate directorship, is restricted to twenty companies (including not more than ten public companies).
- An independent director shall possess appropriate skills, experience and knowledge in one or more fields of finance, law, management, sales, marketing, administration, research, corporate governance, technical operations or other disciplines related to the Company's business. Any vacancy in the office of independent director shall be filled by appointment of a new independent director within a period of not more than 180 days: Provided that where the company fulfills the requirement of independent directors in its Board even without filling the vacancy, the requirement of replacement by / appointment of a new independent director within the period of 180 days shall not apply.

TERM / TENURE A) MANAGING DIRECTOR / WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR / MANAGER:

Managing Director/Whole-time Director/Manager:

The Company shall appoint or re-appoint any person as its Managing Director or Whole-time Director or Manager for a term not exceeding five years at a time.

Independent Director:

An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years and will be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report.

No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director.

Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly.

At the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed company or such other number as may be prescribed under the Act.

Evaluation

The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval (yearly).

Removal

Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Act or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations thereunder, the Committee may recommend to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the Act and the rules made thereunder.

Retirement

The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Act and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

POLICY RELATING TO THE REMUNERATION FOR THE WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL:

General

The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. shall be subject to the prior/post approval of the shareholders of the Company and the Central Government, if required.

The remuneration and commission to be paid to a Managerial Personnel shall be in accordance with the percentage/slabs/ conditions laid down in the Act.

Increments to the existing remuneration/ compensation structure may be recommended by the Committee to the Board which should be within the slabs approved by the Shareholders in the case of Whole-time Director / Managing Director/Manager.

Where any insurance is taken by the Company on behalf of its Managing Director, Whole-time Director, Manager, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and any other employees for indemnifying them against any liability, the premium paid on such insurance shall not be treated as part of the remuneration payable to any such personnel. Provided that if such person is proved to be guilty, the premium paid on such insurance shall be treated as part of the remuneration.

REMUNERATION TO WHOLE-TIME / EXECUTIVE / MANAGING DIRECTOR, KMP AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL:

Fixed pay

The Whole-time / Managing Director / KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee. The breakup of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F, pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board / the Person authorized by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and approved by the shareholders, wherever required.

Minimum Remuneration

If, in any financial year, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Whole-time / Managing Director / Manager in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act and if it is not able to comply with such provisions, with the previous approval of the Central Government, if required.

REMUNERATION TO NON- EXECUTIVE / INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR:

Commission

Commission may be paid on profits within the monetary limit approved by the shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the net profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Act.

Sitting Fees

The Non- Executive / Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending the meetings of Board or Committee thereof.

Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed Rs. One Lakh per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time

Provided further that for Independent Directors and Women Directors, the sitting fee shall not be less than the sitting fee payable to other directors.

Stock Options

An Independent Director shall not be entitled to any stock option of the Company.

Reimbursement of expenses

An Independent Director may receive reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board and

other meetings of the Company. Policy relating to the loans / advances to employees of the Company Loans / advances to the employees shall be granted in accordance with their conditions of service and shall be as per the prevailing policy of the Company.

MEMBERSHIP

The meeting of the Committee shall be held at such regular intervals as may be required.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS' INTERESTS

A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her performance is being evaluated.

The Committee may invite such executives, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.

VOTING

Matters arising for determination at Committee meetings shall be decided by a majority of votes of Members present and voting and any such decision shall for all purposes be deemed a decision of the Committee.

In the case of equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting will have a casting vote.

MINUTES OF COMMITTEE MEETING

Proceedings of all meetings must be minute, tabled at the subsequent Board and Committee meeting and shall be signed by the Chairman of the Committee within 30 days from the date of conclusion of such meeting.

REVIEW / AMENDMENT

The Board of Directors can amend this Policy, as and when deemed fit. In case of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc. shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder and this Policy shall stand amended accordingly from the effective date as laid down under such amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s) etc.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management of Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited presents the analysis of performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, and its outlook for the future. This outlook is based on assessment of the current business environment. It may vary due to future economic and other developments both in India and abroad.

INDIAN ECONOMY OVERVIEW FY 2019-20

Global economic overview

Although slowdown in the manufacturing sector and trade tensions between the US and China were among the many factors that softened the economic outlook for 2019, the year did begin on a firm footing. The projected global economic growth, albeit downgraded, was 2.9%. Despite the economic and financial headwinds, growth in developing Asia was projected to remain a robust 5.5% during 2019 (Asian Development Outlook, Update, September 2019). However, in 2019-20, the Indian economy grew by 4.2% against 6.1% expansion in 2018-19 whereas China's growth was 6.1% in 2019 vs. 6.7% in 2018. Growth among advanced economies was forecast to drop to 2% during the year although growth in Sub-Saharan Africa was projected to accelerate to 3.1% (Source: World Economic Outlook, International Monetary Fund). However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the International Monetary Fund has projected a sharp contraction of the global economy to a status much worse than what resulted from the 2008-09 financial crises.

Indian economic overview

India continues to be one of the fastest growing emerging economies in the world. A slowdown in the manufacturing and construction sector has lately affected GDP growth – slightly below 5% in the current fiscal. An impending revival in demand, positive consumption pattern and rising disposable income, makes India the most sought after investment destinations. Already the fifth largest economy in the world, India is supposed to take its place among the world's top three economic powers in the next 10-15 years. The pandemic has undoubtedly affected India, but with the right economic stimulus and the gradual opening up of the lockdown the situation can be expected to improve. Interstate movement of goods is gradually picking up and retail financial transactions are showing a healthy trend.

SEGMENT WISE PERFORMANCE

The Company is engaged in trading of agricultural products and accordingly there are no separate reportable segments.

OUTLOOK

The economic slowdown had a significant bearing on the functioning and profitability trading businesses in the medium term. But it has been estimated that in the long run there are vast opportunities for trading entities. Hence, the Company is expecting to improve its performance and profitability in years to come.

OPPORTUNITIES

Business opportunities for trading companies are enormous as the new areas and segments are being explored. Your Company on its part is also well poised to seize new opportunities as they come. The Company is considering to expand its product range may take the Company to new scales of success.

WEAKNESS

As our company is a Kolkata based Company it has little presence outside Kolkata. The Company does not have all India based network and establishments to reach out to large segment of people in the country in both semi-urban and rural areas.

THREATS

The major threats being faced by the company are reduction in agriculture production, high inflation etc. The Company is also facing stiff competition from competitors due to their ability to procure at a lower cost.

RISKS & CONCERNS

Your Company's growth and profitability are dependent on the functioning of economy and agricultural production of the region. The Company is exposed to several market risks like poor agricultural productions, inflation, rise in operating cost etc. The volatility of the market in which your Company operates is also a major cause of concern to the Company.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ADEQUACY

Internal control systems and procedures in the Company are commensurate with the size and the nature of Company's business and are regularly reviewed and updated by incorporating changes in regulatory provisions in order to safeguard the assets and to ensure reliability of financial reporting.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company continues to give priority to its human assets. The Company provides a fair and equitable work environment to all its employees. The Company is continuously working to create and nurture an atmosphere which is highly motivated and result oriented

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The financial performance of the Company for the year under review is discussed in detail in the Directors Report.

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Mayurbhanj Trades and Agencies Ltd.
CIN: L24117WB1979PLC032322
7 Waterloo Street, 2nd Floor,
Kolkata - 700069

I have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Mayurbhanj Trades and Agencies Ltd. (hereinafter referred as 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion hereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31 March 2020 ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31 March 2020, according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings - **Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018- **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 - **Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008- **Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 - **Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 - **Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;** and
- (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations 2015 (herewith referred as Listing Regulations).

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board and General meetings.

I have relied on the representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws and Regulations to the Company.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that:

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.
- Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out with requisite majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

I further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws such as direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts have not been reviewed in this audit since the same have been subject to review by the statutory financial auditors, tax auditors and other designated professionals.

I further report that as per the explanations given to me and the representation made by the Management and relied upon by me, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, there was no other event/action having a major bearing on Company's affairs.

For M Shahnawaz & Associates
Company Secretaries
Firm Regn. No.: S2015WB331500

CS Md. Shahnawaz
(Proprietor)
ACS No. 21427
C P No: 15076
UDIN: A021427B000460228

Kolkata, July 15, 2020

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

'Annexure A'

To,
The Members,
Mayurbhanj Trades and Agencies Ltd.
CIN: L24117WB1979PLC032322
7 Waterloo Street, 2nd Floor,
Kolkata - 700069

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For M Shahnawaz & Associates
Company Secretaries
Firm Regn. No.: S2015WB331500

CS Md. Shahnawaz
(Proprietor)
ACS No. 21427
C P No: 15076
UDIN: A021427B000460228

Kolkata, July 15, 2020

e) Venture Capital Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SUB TOTAL (B)(1):	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2) Non Institutions										
a) Bodies Corporates										
i) Indian	-	90,750	90,750	45.38%	-	90,750	90,750	45.38%	-	-
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals										
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs.1 lakhs	-	56,420	56,420	28.21%	-	56,420	56,420	28.21%	-	-
ii) Individuals shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakhs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Others (specify)										
SUB TOTAL (B)(2):	-	1,47,170	1,47,170	73.59%	-	1,47,170	1,47,170	73.59%	-	-
Total Public Shareholding (B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)	-	1,47,170	1,47,170	73.59%	-	1,47,170	1,47,170	73.59%	-	-
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	52,830	1,47,170	2,00,000	100.00%	52,830	1,47,170	2,00,000	100.00%	-	-

(ii) SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTERS

Sl No.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in share holding during the year
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged encumbered to total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged encumbered to total shares	
1	SatyaNarayanAshopa	4580	2.29%	Nil	4580	2.29%	Nil	0.00%
2	BasantiDeviAshopa	5,700	2.85%	Nil	5,700	2.85%	Nil	0.00%
3	KanchanAshopa	11,600	5.80%	Nil	11,600	5.80%	Nil	0.00%
4	PradipAshopa	5,600	2.80%	Nil	5,600	2.80%	Nil	0.00%
5	Krishna Kr. Ashopa	3,150	1.58%	Nil	3,150	1.58%	Nil	0.00%
6	GirirajDhadeech	6,900	3.45%	Nil	6,900	3.45%	Nil	0.00%
7	Atmaram Sharma	15,300	7.65%	Nil	15,300	7.65%	Nil	0.00%
	Total	52,830	26.42%	Nil	52,830	26.42%	Nil	0.00%

(iii) CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING (SPECIFY IF THERE IS NOCHANGE)

Sl. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Share holding at the beginning of the Year		Date	Reason	Increase/Decrease in Shareholding		Cumulative Share holding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company			No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No of shares	% of total shares of the Company
Part of Promoter Group									

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters & Holders of GDRs & ADRs)

Sl. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Share holding at the beginning of the Year		Date	Reason	Reason Increase/Decrease in Shareholding		Cumulative Share holding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company			No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Kalyan Stores (Dhatigram) P Ltd.	41,200	20.60	-	-	-	-	41,200	20.60
2	SkM Mercantile Private Limited	15,200	7.60	-	-	-	-	15,200	7.60
3	Likewish Vinimay Private Limited	12,000	6.00	-	-	-	-	12,000	6.00
4	Simant Export Ltd.	12,000	6.00	-	-	-	-	12,000	6.00

5	Sushmita Sharma	8,300	4.15	-	-	-	-	8,300	4.15
6	Sanjay Kumar Dangi	7,850	3.93	-	-	-	-	7,850	3.93
7	Sarvamangle Com. (P) Ltd.	7,600	3.80	-	-	-	-	7,600	3.80
8	MeeraMisra	7,100	3.55	-	-	-	-	7,100	3.55
9	Sakuntala Gupta	3,200	1.60	-	-	-	-	3,200	1.60
10	Sabar Kumar Dangi	3,100	1.55	-	-	-	-	3,100	1.55

(v) Shareholding of Directors &KMP

Sl. No.	Name of the Shareholder	Shareholding at the beginning of the Year		Date	Reason	Reason Increase/Decrease in Shareholding		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company			No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No of shares	% of total shares of the company
Directors and KMPs									
1	Satya Narayan Ashopa	4,580	2.29	-	-	-	-	4580	2.29
2	AtanuMukherjee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Sushmita Sharma	8,300	4.15	-	-	-	-	8,300	4.15
4	Satrajit Paul	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIALPERSONNEL

A. RemuneratontoManagingDirector, Whole-timeDirectorsand/orManager:

(Rs. in Lakh)

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Mr. SatyaNarayanAshopa (WTD &CFO)*	Total Amount
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income taxAct, 1961	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...	-	-
5.	Others, please specify	-	-
	Total (A)	-	-
	Ceiling as per the Act	-	-

* No remuneration was paid to him during the financial year under review.

B. Remuneration to otherdirectors:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors		Total Amount
		Mr. Atanu Mukherjee	Mr. Satrajit Paul	
1.	Independent Directors <input type="checkbox"/> Fee for attending board / committee meetings <input type="checkbox"/> Commission <input type="checkbox"/> Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total (1)	-	-	-
2.	Other Non-Executive Directors <input type="checkbox"/> Fee for attending board /committee meetings <input type="checkbox"/> Commission <input type="checkbox"/> Others, please specify	Sushmita Sharma		-
	Total (2)	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	-	-	-

Note: No remuneration either by way of salary, commission or sitting fees has been paid to any of the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors of the Company during the year under review.

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD:

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel		
		Mr. Satya Narayan Ashopa (WTD & CFO)	Ms. Megha Agarwal Company Secretary	Total Amount
1	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	0.96	0.96
2	Stock Option	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
4	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify.	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-
	Total	-	0.96	0.96

VI. Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

(In Rs.)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	-	10,96,071	-	10,96,071
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	10,96,071	-	10,96,071
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Additions	-	-	-	-
Reduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change	-	-	-	-
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year	-			
i) Principal Amount	-	10,96,071	-	10,96,071
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	84,731	-	84,731
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	11,80,802	-	11,80,802

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT / COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY:					
Penalty			NIL		
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS:					
Penalty			NIL		

Regd. Office
7, Waterloo Street,
2nd Floor
Kolkata-700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Whole-Time Director & CFO
(DIN-06870959)

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
(DIN-00596256)

Particulars of Managerial remuneration as stated in section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules, 2014

Sr. No.	Requirements of Rule 5(1)	Details
i.)	the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year;	<p><u>Directors</u> No remuneration has been paid to any of the Directors of the Company during the year under review. Accordingly, ratio is not ascertainable.</p> <p><u>KMP:</u> Mrs. Megha Agarwal, CS: 1 :0.88</p>
ii.)	the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year	<p><u>Directors & KMP:</u> Mr. Satya Narayan Ashopa, WTD & CFO: No remuneration paid / increased during the year under review.</p> <p>Ms. Megha Agarwal, CS: No increase in remuneration during the year under review.</p>
iii.)	the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year;	No increase in remuneration during the year under review.
iv.)	the number of permanent employees on the rolls of company	4 employees (including KMPs) as on 31.03.2020
v.)	average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;	<p>No increase in the remuneration of non-managerial employees during the year 2019-20.</p> <p>There are no exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.</p>
vi.)	affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.	At present, no remuneration is paid to any of the Directors of the Company and that the Board of Directors hereby affirms that the remuneration paid to KMP during the financial ended March, 31, 2020, is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

Regd. Office
7, Waterloo Street,
2nd Floor
Kolkata-700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Whole-Time Director & CFO
(DIN-06870959)

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
(DIN-00596256)

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

I.Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31st, 2020, the Profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

II.Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions Act and the Rules made there-under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

III. Emphasis of Matter

Attention is invited to Note No 28 to the financial statements which states that the Company had suspended operations across various locations w.e.f. 23/03/2020, due to the lockdown imposed in the wake of COVID-19 pandemic , adversely impacting the business during the quarter. It however expects to recover the carrying amount of all its assets including inventories, receivables and loans in the ordinary course of business based on information available on current economic conditions. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

IV. Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

V. Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

VI. Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view in accordance with Ind AS and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

VII. Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

VIII. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of audit, we furnish in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

(c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;

(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

(f) As required by section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we furnish a separate report in Annexure 'B' with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the same.

(g) The other matters to be included in the Auditors Report in accordance with section 197(16) of the Act, on compliance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act, is not applicable to the company for the year, as the company has paid no remuneration to its directors during the year.

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigation which could impact its financial position,

ii. The Company did not have any long term contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses,

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

Place of Signature : Kolkata,

Dated : 15th July 2020

Annexure "A" referred to in paragraph VIII (1) under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date on the Ind As financial statements of MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED for the year ended 31st March 2020

i. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.

- (a) During the year, the management has physically verified the fixed assets of the Company and no material discrepancies were reported.
 - (b) The title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii) The management has conducted physical verification of Inventory during the year at reasonable intervals. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of accounts.
- iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any secured or unsecured loans to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships and other parties mentioned in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, para 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans and advances, making investments and providing guarantees and securities as applicable.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits during the year and does not have any unclaimed deposits as at 31st March 2020. No order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any Tribunal against the company.
- vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section of 148 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence para 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- vii) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the records of company examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities . According to the information and explanations provided to us, no undisputed amounts were payable in respect of statutory dues as at 31st March, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable .

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, there are no cases of non-deposit with appropriate authorities of dues of Income Tax , Sales Tax , Service Tax , Goods & Service Tax, Duty of Customs , Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and Cess , as applicable, on account of any disputes .
- viii) The Company has not availed any loans or borrowings from any bank, financial institution and government and has not issued any debentures. Hence para 3(viii) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- ix) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Hence para 3(ix) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried in accordance with the auditing standards, generally accepted in India, we have neither come across nor reported any instance of fraud by the company or any fraud on the company by its officers or employees.
- xi) The company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration during the year. Hence para 3(xi) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- xii) The company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence para 3(xii) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- xiii) All transactions with the related parties entered in to by the company were in the ordinary course of the business and in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act. The details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv) The company has not made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Hence para 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- xv) The company has not entered in to any non-cash transaction with directors or persons connected with them. Hence para 3(xv) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.
- xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence para 3(xvi) of the order is not applicable to the company for the year.

Place of Signature: Kolkata,

Dated: 15th July 2020

Annexure 'B' referred to in paragraph VIII (2) f to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on Ind AS financial statements of MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED for the year ended 31st March 2020

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that :

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Place of Signature :Kolkata,

Dated : 15th July 2020

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

(All amounts in Rs Lacs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
I) ASSETS			
1) NON CURRENT ASSETS			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	30.18	30.18
b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	3	30.95	26.46
		61.13	56.64
2) CURRENT ASSETS			
a) Inventories	4	-	-
b) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	2.66	1.93
c) Current Tax Assets	6	1.40	0.95
d) Other Current Assets	7	58.25	55.05
		62.31	57.93
TOTAL ASSETS		123.44	114.57
II) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1) EQUITY			
a) Equity Share Capital	8	20.00	20.00
b) Other Equity	9	73.30	67.88
		93.30	87.88
2) LIABILITIES			
i) NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	10	8.26	7.23
		8.26	7.23
ii) CURRENT LIABILITIES			
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	11	11.80	10.96
(ii) Trade Payables	12	-	-
b) Other current liabilities	13	10.08	8.50
		21.88	19.46
		30.14	26.69
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		123.44	114.57

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies 1
Notes on Financial Statement 2-35

As per our Report attached of even date
For G Basu & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN No:301174E

Sd/-
Satya Priya Bandyopadhyay
Partner
M.No 058108

UDIN: 20058108AAAADB9222
Kolkata, the 15th day of July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Wholetime Director & CFO
DIN: 06870959

Sd/-
Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
DIN: 00596256

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in Rs Lacs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
I) Income			
Revenue from Operations	14	68.17	96.66
Other Income	15	0.31	0.02
Total Income (I)		68.48	96.68
II) Expenses			
Changes in Inventory	16	-	-
Purchase of Traded Goods	17	56.15	84.60
Employee benefits expenses	18	4.08	2.76
Finance Costs	19	0.94	0.90
Other expenses	20	4.94	4.71
Total Expenses (II)		66.11	92.97
III) Profit before exceptional items and tax (I-II)		2.37	3.71
IV) Exceptional items		-	-
V) Profit before tax (III-IV)		2.37	3.71
VI) Tax Expenses	21		
Current Tax		0.55	1.10
Deferred Tax		-	-
Total Tax Expenses (VI)		0.55	1.10
VII) Profit for the year (V-VI)		1.82	2.61
/III) Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
Items that will not be re-classified to profit or loss in subsequent periods			
Fair Value changes of non-current investments (net of taxes)		3.47	0.26
Total Other Comprehensive Income (VIII)		3.47	0.26
IX) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII+VIII)		5.29	2.87
Earnings per share - Basic (in INR)	22	0.91	1.31
Earnings per share -Diluted (in INR)		0.91	1.31

As per our Report attached of even date

For G Basu & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN No:301174E

Sd/-
Satya Priya Bandyopadhyay
Partner
M.No 058108

UDIN: 20058108AAAADB9222
Kolkata, the 15th day of July , 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Wholetime Director & CFO
DIN: 06870959

Sd/-
Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
DIN: 00596256

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

(All amounts in Rs Lacs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	2019 - 2020		2018 - 2019	
A Cash Flow from Operating Activities				
Net Profit before Tax and extra-ordinary items		2.37		3.71
Dividend	-		-	
Interest Paid	0.94		0.90	
		0.94		0.90
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		3.31		4.61
Short Term Loans & Advances & Current Assets	-3.20		-3.91	
Inventories	-		-	
Trade Payables	-		-	
Other Financial Liabilities	1.58	-1.62	0.81	-3.10
Cash Generated from Operation		1.69		1.51
Direct Taxes Paid		-0.85		-0.61
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)		0.84		0.90
B Cash Flow from Investing Activities :				
Purchase of Fixed Assets	-		-	
Sale of Fixed Assets	-		-	
Purchase of Non Current Investments	-		-	
Interest Received	-		-	
Net Cash from Investing Activities (B)		-		-
C Cash Flow from Financing Activities:				
Long Term Borrowings	-		-	
Short Term Borrowings	0.83		0.78	
Interest Paid	-0.94		-0.90	
Net Cash from Financing Activities (C)		-0.11		-0.12
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		0.73		0.78
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1.93		1.15	
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year	2.66		1.93	
		0.73		0.78

As per our Report attached of even date
For G Basu & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN No:301174E

Sd/-
Satya Priya Bandyopadhyay
Partner
M.No 058108

UDIN: 20058108AAAADB9222
Kolkata, the 15th day of July , 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Wholetime Director & CFO
DIN: 06870959

Sd/-
Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
DIN: 00596256

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2020

A Equity Share Capital

INR lacs

Particulars	As at April 1, 2018	Changes during the year	As at March 31, 2019	Changes during the year	As at March 31, 2020
2,00,000 (March 31,2019: 2,00,000) Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	20.00	-	20.00	-	20.00
Total	20.00	-	20.00	-	20.00

B) Other Equity

INR lacs

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus	Item of other Comprehensive Income that will not be re-classified to Statement of Profit & Loss	Total
	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of Investments	
Balance as at April 1, 2018	48.87	15.97	64.84
Profit for the year	2.61	-	2.61
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	-	0.26	0.26
Expenses not considered in earlier years	-	-	-
Short/(Excess) Provision of Tax for earlier years	0.17	-	0.17
Balance as at March 31, 2019	51.65	16.23	67.88
Profit for the year	1.82	-	1.82
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, net of tax	-	3.47	3.47
Expenses not considered in earlier years	-	-	-
Short/(Excess) Provision of Tax for earlier years	0.13	-	0.13
Balance as at March 31, 2020	53.60	19.70	73.30

Significant accounting policies

1

As per our Report attached of even date
For G Basu & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN No:301174E

Sd/-
Satya Priya Bandyopadhyay
Partner
M.No 058108

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Wholtime Director & CFO
DIN: 06870959
Sd/-
Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
DIN: 00596256

Kolkata, the 15th day of July , 2020

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

I The Company Overview: Corporate & General Information

Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited is a Kolkata based Company mainly engaged in the trading of potato. They are mainly into the business of procuring and marketing of agricultural products, and mainly deals in potato. They have attained over 12 years of experience in this business and are proceeding further.

Mayurbhanj has an extensive marketing network with loyal and committed distributors and dealers in West Bengal & other neighbours state. We have recently entered in other states such as Odisha and Bihar, where the response received has prompted to enter in these states in a big way.

These Financial Statements were approved and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company in their

II Basis of Preparation

(i) Statement of Compliance :

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with measurement and recognition principles of Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(ii) Basis of Preparation of Financial Statement

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared accrued basis on historical cost convention, except as stated otherwise. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

(iii) Basis of Measurement.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for the items that have been measured at fair value as required by relevant IND AS.

(iv) Fair Value Measurement.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non- financial asset takes in to account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy in which they fall.

(v) Current & Non-Current Classifications.

All Assets and Liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of product & activities of the Company and their realisation in cash and cash equivalent, the Company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

(vi) Significant Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions.

The preparation of these Financial Statements requires management judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of Accounting Policies, the Accounting disclosures made and the reports amounts of Assets, Liabilities, Income and Expenses. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to Accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and any future periods effected pursuant to such revision.

III SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) Property, plant and equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation, if any. Cost includes expenses directly attributable to bringing the Asset to their location and conditions necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management.

Subsequent cost are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that is future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Assets in the course of construction are capitalized in capital work in progress account. At the point when an asset is capable of operating in the manner intended by the management, the cost of erection/ construction is transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment cost (net of income and including pre-operative cost / expenses) associated with the commissioning of an asset are capitalized until the period of commissioning has been completed and the asset is ready of its intended use. Property, Plant and Equipment are eliminated from financial statement, either on disposal or when retired from active use. Losses arising in the case of retirement of Property, plant and equipment and gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the year of occurrence.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value.

Depreciation is calculated using the Written Down Value Method (WDV) to allocate their cost, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as specified in Schedule II to Companies Act, 2013.

The assets residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of profit and loss within other gains / (losses).

Depreciation on impaired assets is provided on the basis of their residual useful life.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(2) Investment Properties.

Property that is held for long-term rentals yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. Investment properties are depreciated using the Written Down Value Method (WDV) over their estimated useful lives. The useful life has been determined based on technical evaluation performed by the management's expert. The Residual Life, useful lives and depreciation method of investment properties are reviewed, and adjusted on Prospective basis as appropriate, at each financial year end. The effects of any revision are included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the changes arise.

(3) Intangible Assets

i) Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

ii) Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

iii) Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(4) Inventories.

Inventories are carried in the balance sheet as follows :

a) Raw materials, packing materials, and stores and spares: at cost as FIFO basis

b) Work-in Progress : Manufacturing At lower of cost of material, plus appropriate production overheads and net realizable value.

c) Finished goods : Manufacturing At lower of cost of materials plus appropriate production overheads and net realizable value.

d) Trading goods : At lower of cost, on FIFO basis and net realizable value.

The cost of inventories have been computed to include all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other related costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Slow and non-moving material, obsolesces, defective inventories are duly provided for and valued at net realizable value. Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred upto the date of balance sheet.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(5) Leases

Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease At inception of an arrangement, it is determined whether the arrangement is or contains a lease.

The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. At inception or on reassessment of the arrangement that contains a lease, the payments and other consideration required by such an arrangement are separated into those for the lease and those for other elements on the basis of their relative fair values. If it is concluded for a finance lease that it is impracticable to separate the payments reliably, then an asset and a liability are recognised at an amount equal to the fair value of the underlying asset. The liability is reduced as payments are made and an imputed finance cost on the liability is recognised using the incremental borrowing rate.

Assets held under leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment that transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The leased assets are measured initially at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the assets are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to similar owned assets. Assets held under leases that do not transfer to the Company substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (i.e. operating leases) are not recognised in the Company's Balance Sheet. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless the payments to the lessor are structured to increase in line with general inflation.

Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are generally recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless such payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expenses over the term of the lease.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

(6) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement/ balance sheet comprise of cash in hand , deposits held at call with banks or financial institution, other short term, highly liquid investments which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(7) Impairment of financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant & Equipment, Intangible Assets and Investment Properties are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to assess impairment, if any, based on internal / external factors. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the Statement of Profit & Loss, wherever the carrying amount of the Asset or Cash Generation Unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed, if there has been an improvement in recoverable amount in subsequent years. Recoverable amount is determined :-

- In the case of an Individual Asset, at the higher of the Fair Value less cost to sell and the value in use; and
- In the case of cash generating unit (a group of assets that generates identified, independent cash flows) at the higher of cash generating unit's fair value less cost to sell and the value in use.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

(8) Financial Instruments.

A Financial Instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

1. Financial Assets.

1.1 Definition :

Financial Assets include Cash and Cash Equivalents, Trade and Other Receivables, Investments in Securities and other eligible Current and Non-Current Assets. At initial recognition, all financial assets are measured at fair value. The classification is reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(i) Financial Assets at Amortised Cost:

At the date of initial recognition, are held to collect contractual cash flows of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding on specified dates. These financial assets are intended to be held until maturity. Therefore, they are subsequently measured at amortized cost by applying the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR amortization is included as interest income in the statement of profit and loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss.

1.2 Trade Receivables.

A Receivable is classified as a 'trade receivable' if it is in respect to the amount due from customers on account of goods sold or services rendered in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

1.3 Investment in Equity Shares.

Investment in Equity Securities are initially measured at cost. Any subsequent fair value gain or loss is recognized through Profit or Loss if such investments in Equity Securities are held for trading purposes. The fair value gains or losses of all other Equity Securities are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income.

1.4 Investment in Associates, Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries.

The Company has accounted for its investment in subsidiaries and associates, joint venture at cost.

1.5 Derecognition of Financial Assets.

A Financial Asset is primarily derecognized when:

- The right to receive cash flows from asset has expired, or
- The Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement and either:

- a) The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- b) The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

2. Financial Liabilities.

2.1 Definition :Financial liabilities include Long-term and Short-term Loans and Borrowings, Trade and Other payables and Other eligible Current and Non-current Liabilities.

(a) Initial Recognition and Measurement.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

(b) Subsequent Measurement.

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below :

i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss include financial liabilities held for trading. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are at each reporting date at fair value with all the changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

ii) Financial Liabilities measured at Amortized Cost.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR) except for those designated in an effective hedging relationship. The carrying value of borrowings that are designated as hedged items in fair value hedges that would otherwise be carried at amortized cost are adjusted to record changes in fair values attributable to the risks that are hedged in effective hedging relationship.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fee or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.2 Loans and Borrowings.

After initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognized in the statement of profit and loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

2.3 Financial Guarantee Contracts.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount initially recognized less cumulative amortization.

2.4 Trade and Other Payables.

A payable is classified as trade payable if it is in respect of the amount due on account of goods purchased or services received in the normal course of business. These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognized initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

2.5 De-recognition of Financial Liability.

A Financial Liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit and loss as other income or finance costs.

3. Offsetting of Financial Instruments.

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4. Derivative Financial Instruments.

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts and interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks. Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at the end of each period. The method of recognizing the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, on the nature of the item being hedged. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit and loss.

(9) Equity Share Capital.

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs net of taxes directly attributable to the issue of new equity shares are reduced from retained earnings, net of taxes

(10) Provisions, Contingent liabilities, Contingent Assets and Commitments.

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of:

- A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.
- A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible:
- A possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

Commitments include the amount of Purchase Order (net of Advances) issued to parties for Completion of Assets.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

(11) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being received. The specific recognition criteria described below are met before revenue is recognised. The Company maintains its accounts on accrual basis, except otherwise stated.

Rendering of Services

Revenue from sale of services is recognised as per the terms of the contract with customers based on stage of completion when the outcome of the transactions involving rendering of services can be estimated reliably. In case, the contract outcome cannot be measured reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent that the expenses incurred are eligible to be recovered and if it is probable that expenses were not recoverable, revenue is not recognised.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(12) Employees Benefits.

Employees benefit of short term nature are recognised as expense as and when it accrues. Employees benefit of long term nature are recognised as expense based on management estimate.

Though the company is listed but being too meagre in size with employees strength far below the benchmark, Provision for Gratuity has not been recognised.

Company's contribution in respect of Employees' Provident Fund is made to Government Provident Fund will be charged to Statement of Profit & Loss. Accrued leave for the year is paid to the employees during the year itself. Other retirement benefits to the employees of the Company are not applicable during the year under review. The same will be provided as and when became due.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

(13) Borrowing Costs.

(1) Borrowing costs that are specifically attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as a part of the cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time (generally over twelve months) to get ready for its intended use or sale.

The Borrowing Cost consists of Interest & Other Incidental costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of such funds.

(2) For general borrowing used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization is determined by applying a capitalization rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalization rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Company that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing costs capitalized during a period does not exceed the amount of borrowing cost incurred during that period.

(3) All other borrowing costs are recognized as expense in the period in which they are incurred.

(14) Taxes on Income.

a) Current Tax.

i) Tax on income for the current period is determined on the basis of estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals.

ii) Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in the statement of profit and loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

b) Deferred Tax.

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet approach on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized outside the statement of profit and loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities and where such assets and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(15) Exceptional Items.

On certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes on accounts accompanying to the financial statements.

(16) Earnings Per Share (EPS).

i) Basic earnings per share.

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing :

- The Profit or Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders of the Company.
- By the Weighted Average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year.

ii) Diluted earnings per share.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account :

- The after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The Weighted Average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(17) Segment Accounting.

Segment have identified as per accounting standards as per segment reporting (AS 17) taking into account the organisations structure as well as differential risks and returns of these segments. The Company operates in one reportable business segment i.e. Trading in agro products. Fixed assets used in company's business or liabilities contracted have been identified to reportable segments to the extent possible. The business segments are reviewed by the Directors (Chief Operational Decision Maker). The Chief Operational Decision Maker monitors the operating results of its business Segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements.

(18) Foreign Currency Translations & Transitions.

(i) Functional and Presentation Currency.

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR lacs, which is also the Company's Functional and Presentation Currency.

(ii) Transaction and Balance.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary Assets and liabilities related to foreign currency transactions are stated at exchange rate prevailing at the end of the year and exchange difference in respect thereof is charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(19) Changes in accounting policies and disclosures New and amended standards

The Company applied Ind AS 116 Leases for the first time. The nature and effect of the changes as a result of adoption of this new accounting standard is described below. Several other amendments apply for the first time for the year ending March 31, 2020, but do not have an impact on the standalone financial statements of the Company.

Ind AS 116 Leases supersedes Ind AS 17 Leases including its appendices (Appendix C of Ind AS 17 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, Appendix A of Ind AS 17 Operating Leases-Incentives and Appendix B of Ind AS 17 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease). The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to recognise most leases on the balance sheet. Lessor accounting under Ind As 116 is substantially unchanged from Ind AS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases using similar principles as in Ind AS 17. Therefore, Ind AS 116 using the modified retrospective method of adoption, with the date of initial application being April 01, 2018.

The Company elected to use the transition practical expedient to not reassess whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at April 01, 2019. Instead, the Company applied the standard only to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying Ind AS 17 and Appendix C of Ind AS 17 at the date of initial application. The Company also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option (Short term leases, and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value (low-value assets)).

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in INR Lacs)

Particulars	Land	Furniture & Fixture	Refrigerator	Total
GROSS BLOCK				
As at 1st April 2018	30.18	-	-	30.18
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2019	30.18	-	-	30.18
Additions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-
Disposals/Adjustments	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2020	30.18	-	-	30.18
Accumulated Depreciation				
As at 1st April 2018				
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2019	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March 2020	-	-	-	-
<u>Net Carrying Amount</u>				
As at 31st March 2019	30.18	-	-	30.18
As at 31st March 2020	30.18	-	-	30.18

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lacs)

3 Non Current Investments	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Investment measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		
a) Investment in unquoted Shares		
30,000 (March 31 2019 30,000 Equiry Shares of Misra Brick Fields Private Limited of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up	30.95	26.46
Total	30.95	26.46
4 Inventories	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Work-in-Progress	0.00	0.00
Raw Materials	0.00	0.00
Stores and Spares	0.00	0.00
Finished Goods	0.00	0.00
Stock in Trade	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00
5 Cash & Cash Equivalents	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Cash in hand	2.02	1.05
Balance with Banks:		
- In Current Accounts	0.64	0.88
- Deposits with less than 3 months initial maturity	0.00	0.00
	2.66	1.93
6 Current Tax Assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Advance Tax (Net of Provisions)	1.40	0.95
	1.40	0.95

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lacs)

7 Other Current Assets	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured & Considered Good	58.25	55.05
Advances to Others	0.00	0.00
Prepaid Expenses	0.00	0.00
	58.25	55.05
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
8 Equity Share Capital		
Authorized:		
2,00,000 (March 31,2019 : 2,00,000) Equity shares of Rs 10	20.00	20.00
Issued ,Subscribed and Paid-up:		
2,00,000 (March 31,2019 : 2,00,000) Equity shares of Rs 10 fully paid up	20.00	20.00

	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a. Reconciliation of number of Shares		
Opening Balance	20.00	20.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	<u>20.00</u>	<u>20.00</u>

b. Details of Shares held by Shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate Shares in the Company	Number of shares	% held	Number of shares		% held	
Shareholder Name						
Kalyan Stores(Dhatrigram) Private Limited	41,200	20.60%	41,200	20.60%		
Kanchan Ashopa	11,600	5.80%	11,600	5.80%		
Atma Ram Sharma	15,300	7.65%	15,300	7.65%		
Simant Exports Limited	12,000	6.00%	12,000	6.00%		
Likewish Vinimay Private Limited	12,000	6.00%	12,000	6.00%		
SKM Merchatile Private Limited	15,200	7.60%	15,200	7.60%		

c. Terms/rights attached to Equity Shares

(i) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

(ii) During the year ended 31st March, 2020, the board of directors have not proposed any dividend.

(iii) In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

9 Other Equity	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(b). Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
As per last Financial Statement	51.65	48.87
Add: Profit for the period	1.82	2.61
	<u>53.47</u>	<u>51.48</u>
Less: Short/(Excess) Provision of Tax for earlier years	0.13	0.17
Less: Expenses not considered in earlier years	0.00	0
	<u>53.60</u>	<u>51.65</u>
(c). Other Comprehensive Income		
As per last Financial Statement	16.23	15.97
Add: Movement in OCI (Net) during the year	3.47	0.26
	<u>19.70</u>	<u>16.23</u>
	<u>73.30</u>	<u>67.88</u>

Nature & Purpose of Resources

Retained Earning is the accumulated balance of statement of Profit & Loss . Retained earnings are credited with current year profit, reduced by losses,if any,dividend payouts,transfer to General reserve or any such other appropriations to specific reserves as and when declared.

Other Comprehensive Income

It is created out of revaluation of investments In term of fair value . It is to be utilised at the point of disposal of relevant assets

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lacs)

10 Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Revaluation of Investment as per IND AS	8.26	7.23
	<u>8.26</u>	<u>7.23</u>
11 Borrowings (Short Term)	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured - At amortised cost		
Unsecured Loans(Note*)		
Interest Bearing	11.30	10.46
Interest Free	0.50	0.50
	<u>11.80</u>	<u>10.96</u>
* Terms of payment has not yet been finalised		
12 Trade Payables	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Trade Payable		
Due to Micro & Small Enterprises	-	-
Due to others	-	-
	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
13 Other Financial Liabilities	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Statutory dues	0.16	0.15
Provision for Expenses	9.92	8.35
	<u>10.08</u>	<u>8.50</u>

14 Revenue From Operations	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Sales	68.17	96.66
-Potato		
Information pursuant to IND AS 115	68.17	96.66
Entire sales relate to agricultural produce		
15 Other Income	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Sundry Balances Written off	0.31	0.02
	0.31	0.02
16 Change in Inventory	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Opening Stock	-	-
Closing Stock	-	-
Change in Inventory	-	-
17 Purchases of Stock in Trade	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Potato	56.15	84.60
	56.15	84.60
18 Employee Benefit Expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Salaries, Wages, Bonus and Allowances	4.08	2.76
	4.08	2.76
19 Finance Cost	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Interest Expenses		
Borrowing Costs	0.94	0.90
	0.94	0.90

(Amount in INR lacs unless otherwise stated)

20 Other Expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
<u>ADMINISTRATIVE, SELLING AND OTHER EXPENSES</u>		
Filing fees	0.10	0.04
Miscellaneous Expenses	0.39	0.26
Listing Fee	0.86	0.86
Auditors' Remuneration :		
For Audit Fee	0.24	0.24
For Review Reports	0.16	0.07
For Certification Fee	0.04	0.03
Legal & Professional Charges	2.25	2.11
Travelling & Conveyance	0.14	0.18
Rates & Taxes	0.03	0.03
Bank charges	0.12	0.22
Postage & Telegram	0.03	0.05
Printing & Stationery	0.02	-
Advertisement	0.56	0.62
	<u>4.94</u>	<u>4.71</u>
21 Tax Expenses	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Income tax related to items charged or credited directly to profit or loss during the year:		
(i) Current Income Tax	0.55	1.10
Total	<u>0.55</u>	<u>1.10</u>
22 Earnings per Share	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit after Tax	1.82	2.61
Weighted average number of Equity shares of Face value of Rs 10 each	200,000	200,000
Basic Earnings per share (in Rupees)	0.91	1.31
Diluted Earnings per share (in Rupees)	0.91	1.31

(23) **Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies.**

The Company's Financial Risk Management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its Business Strategies. The Company's Financial Risk Management Policy is set by the Board. The Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks from its operations. The key financial risks include market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and commodity risk etc.), credit risk and liquidity risk.

23.1 Market Risk: Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of change in the interest rates, equity prices and other market changes may affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments and deposits, payables and loans and borrowings. Market risk comprises mainly three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. The Company has an elaborate risk management system to inform Board Members about risk management and minimization procedures.

a) Foreign Currency Risk :

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

b) Interest Rate Risk :-

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Any changes in the interest rates environment may impact future rates of borrowing. The Company mitigates this risk by maintaining a proper blend of Fixed & Floating Rate Borrowings.

(c) Commodity Price Risk and Sensitivity:

The Company is exposed to the movement in price of trading items in domestic market. The Company manages fluctuations in price through advance procurement when the prices are perceived to be low and also enters into advance buying contracts as strategic sourcing initiative in order to keep trading items and prices under check

23.2 Credit Risk:

Credit Risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables). Trade Receivable:- Customer Credit Risk is managed based on Company's established policy, procedures and controls. The Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and aging of trade receivables. Individual credit risk limit are set accordingly.

The credit risk from the organized and bigger buyers is reduced by securing part advance payments/post dated cheques. The Outstandings of different parties are reviewed periodically at different level of organization. The outstanding from the trade segment is secured by two tier security – security deposit from the dealer himself, and our business associates who manage the dealers are also responsible for the outstanding from any of the dealers in their respective region. Impairment analysis is performed based on historical data at each reporting period on an individual basis. The Aging of Trade Receivables are as below:-

Particulars	Neither Due nor Impaired	Past Due			Total
		Upto 6 months	6 to 12 months	Above 12 months	
As at 31st March'2020					
Secured	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-
Provision for Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-
Net Total	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31st March'2019					
Secured	-	-	-	-	-
Unsecured	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-
Provision for Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-
Net Total	-	-	-	-	-

Financial Instruments and Deposits with Banks:

The Company considers factors such as track record, market reputation and service standards to select the bank with which balances and deposits are maintained. The Company does not maintain significant cash and deposit balances other than those required for its day to day operation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

23.3 Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company relies on a mix of borrowings, and excess operating cash flows to meet its needs for funds. The current committed lines of credit are sufficient to meet its short to medium term expansion needs. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowings facilities at all times so that the Company does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

(24) Capital Risk Management:

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to ensure that it maintains an efficient capital structure and healthy capital ratios and safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support its business and provide maximum returns for shareholders. The Company also proposes to maintain an optimal structure to reduce the cost of capital. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, securities premium and all other equity reserves. Net debt includes, interest bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and short term deposits

Particulars	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Borrowings	11.80	10.96
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents (including Current Investments)	2.66	1.93
Net Debt	9.14	9.03
Equity Share Capital	20.00	20.00
Other Equity	73.30	67.88
Total Capital	93.30	87.88
Capital and net debt	102.44	96.91
Gearing ratio	8.92%	9.32%

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is Net Debt divided by Total Capital plus Net Debt. Net Debt is calculated as total borrowings including short term and current maturities of long term debt.

(25) Segment Information:

The Company operates in one reportable business segment i.e. Trading in agro products.

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements

(26) Auditors Remuneration

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
For Audit Fee	0.24	0.24
For Review Reports	0.16	0.07
For Certification	0.04	0.03
Total	0.44	0.34

(27) in the opinion of Board of Directors and the best of their Knowledge and belief , the valuation of financial assets and other assets in the ordinary course of business would not be less than the amount at which they are selected in the financial statements

(28) As per the directives of both the Central and State Governments in the wake of COVID-19 pandemic, the Company had suspended operations w.e.f. 23/03/2020, adversely impacting the business during the quarter. The Company has been taking various precautionary measures to protect employees and their families from COVID-19.

The Company expects to recover the carrying amount of all its assets including inventories, receivables and loans in the ordinary course of business based on information available on current economic conditions. The Company is continuously monitoring any material changes in future economic conditions.

Nevertheless, the final impact on compan's assets in future may differ from that estimated at the date of closing of financial statement of the company.

(29) During the year ended March 31, 2020, the Company has after evaluation, decided to adopt the option (under Section 115BAA of Income Tax Act) of the lower effective corporate tax rate of 22.88% (including cess) instead of the earlier rate of 26% (including cess) for the Financial Year 2019-20). The current tax for the financial year 2019-20 has, therefore, been calculated @ 22.88%.

(30) Related party disclosure (in terms of AS-24)

Associate Companies Kalyan Stores(Dhatrigram) Private Limited

Key Management Personnel	Sri S.N. Ashopa upto	Director (up to 16/06/2020)
	Smt. Sushmita Sharma	Director
	Sri. Atanu Mukherjee	Independent Director
	Sri Harendra Singh	Director (w.e.f. 14/07/2020)
	Ms. Megha Agarwal	Company Secretary

Transactions that have taken place during the period from April 1, 2019 to March, 31, 2020 with related parties by the Company.

Particulars	Associate Companies	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
-----NIL-----				

(31) As at March 31, 2020, the company has no outstanding dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises /small-scale industrial undertaking to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the company. (previous year Rs. Nil). The same has been taken by the auditors as certified by the management.

The disclosure pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows

Mayurbhanj Trade & Agencies Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements**

	Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
(a)	Principal amount and interest thereon due to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end	-	-
(b)	Interest paid, under Section 16 of MSMED Act, to suppliers along with the amount paid beyond the appointed day	-	-
(c)	Amount of interest due & payable for the period of delay in making payment (beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding interest specified under MSMED Act	-	-
(d)	Interest accrued to suppliers registered under the MSMED Act and remaining unpaid as at year end		
(e)	Further interest remaining due and payable disallowance of deductible expenditure under section 23 of MSMED Act	-	-

The above information regarding Micro and Small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

(32) The company is in process of collecting confirmations from parties to debtors , advances, creditors and loan accounts

(33) Contingent liabilities and Commitments

(To the extent not provided for)

(a) Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are not recognised but disclosed in the notes. Contingent liabilities are neither recognised or disclosed in the financial statements.

(b) Capital Commitments	All amounts in Rs Lacs	
	2019-2020	2018-2019
a) Estimated amount of contract remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	34.87	34.87
b) Advance paid there against	16.00	16.00

(34) Earnings & Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Earnings in Foreign Currency	-	-
Expenditure in Foreign Currency	-	-

(35) Previous year's figures have been rearranged, regrouped, recast and restated to the classification to current period wherever considered necessary

As per our Report attached of even date

For G Basu & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN No:301174E

Sd/-
Satya Priya Bandyopadhyay
Partner
M.No 058108

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-
Harendra Singh
Wholtime Director & CFO
DIN: 06870959

Sd/-
Sushmita Sharma
Director
DIN: 00596256

Sd/-
Megha Agarwal
Company Secretary

Kolkata, the 15th day of July , 2020

MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED

CIN: L24117WB1979PLC032322

REGISTERED OFFICE: 7, WATERLOO STREET, 2ND FLOOR, KOLKATA - 700069

PHONE:+91-33-2248 0602; E-MAIL: info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com

WEBSITE: WWW.MAYURBHANJTRADES.IN

NOTICE OF 41ST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 41st Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Members of Mayurbhanj Trades & Agencies Limited will be on Monday, September 28, 2020, at 3.00 p.m. through Video Conferencing (VC)/Other Audio Video Means (OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2020, and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To re-appoint Mrs. Sushmita Sharma (DIN: 00596256) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

3. Appointment of Mr. Harendra Singh (DIN- 068709592) as a Director of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 160 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Mr. Harendra Singh (DIN- 068709592) who was appointed as an Additional Director of the Company by the Board of Directors with effect from July 14, 2020 in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, and who is entitled to hold office up to the date of ensuing Annual General Meeting, and in respect of whom the Company has received notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company.

4. Appointment of Mr. Harendra Singh as Whole-Time Director and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) read with Schedule V to the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) thereof for the time being in force), the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the appointment of Mr. Harendra Singh (holding DIN 068709592) as Whole-Time Director & CFO of the Company for a period of 3 years with effect from July 14, 2020 up to July 13, 2020, liable to retire by rotation, on the following terms and conditions:

- 1) Remuneration – No remuneration shall be payable to Mr. Harendra Singh during his tenure/term as Whole-time Director & CFO of the Company.
- 2) Notice Period - Before the expiry of the current term of three years, the appointment may be terminated by either party giving to the other 3 months’ notice in writing, or such shorter period as may be agreed upon or upon Mr. Harendra Singh cease to be a Director of the Company.
- 3) Mr. Harendra Singh shall perform his duty and exercise powers as Whole-time Director & CFO of the Company under control and supervision of the Board of Directors and subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, such other duties and exercise such other powers as are additionally entrusted to him by the Board of Directors.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the terms and conditions, including remuneration, as aforesaid, may be modified, varied or altered in such manner as may be agreed to between the Board of Directors (which expression shall also include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board) and Mr. Harendra Singh.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be necessary, proper, expedient or desirable to give effect to this resolution.”

5. Reappointment of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee (DIN - 05103888) as an Independent Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Special Resolution:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Section 149, 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, read with Schedule IV of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including any Statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force, Mr. Atanu Mukherjee (DIN - 05103888), who has submitted a declaration that he meets the criteria for Independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in respect of whom the Company has received notice under Section 160 of the Companies Act, 2013, from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby reappointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, for a Second Term of 5 (Five) years from March 31, 2020 till March 30, 2025.”

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorized to take all actions and steps as necessary or desirable to give effect to this resolution in conformity with the Provisions of the Act”.

Notes:

1. The Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out details relating to special business is annexed hereto.
2. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide Circular number SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, (hereinafter collectively referred to as “the Circulars”), physical attendance of the Members to the EGM/AGM venue is not required and annual general meeting (AGM) be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, the 41st AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC.
3. As per the Companies Act, 2013, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Since the 41st AGM is being held through VC as per the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be made available for the 41st AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. The Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC and participate thereat and cast their votes through e-voting. Corporate Members are required to mail a certified copy of the Board resolution authorizing their representative to attend the AGM through VC and vote on their behalf at rta@cbmsl.com.
4. The Members can join the AGM in the VC mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC will be made available on first come first served basis.
5. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
6. The Company has provided the facility to Members to exercise their right to vote by electronic means both through remote e-voting and e-voting during the AGM. The process of remote e-voting with necessary user id and password is given in the subsequent paragraphs. Such remote e-voting facility is in addition to voting that will take place at the 41st AGM being held through VC.
7. The Company is offering voting facility through electronic means (remote e-voting) to the members to cast their votes electronically on the Resolutions proposed at this AGM and for which purpose the Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL). Members joining the meeting through VC, who have not already cast their vote by means of remote e-voting, shall be able to exercise their right to vote through e-voting at the AGM. The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also join the AGM through VC but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
8. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
9. The Register of Members of the Company will remain closed from **Tuesday, September 22, 2020 to Monday, September 28, 2020 (both days inclusive)** for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.
10. Voting rights will be reckoned on the paid-up value of shares registered in the name of the Members as on **September 21, 2020 (cut-off date)**. Only those Members whose names are recorded in the Register of Members of the Company or in the Register of Beneficial Owners maintained by the Depositories as on the cut-off date will be entitled to cast their votes by remote e-voting.

11. Additional Information pursuant to Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations), on Director seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM is furnished herewith annexure to the Notice. The director has furnished consent for his/her appointment/re-appointment as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder.
12. The Annual Report 2019-20, the Notice of the 41st AGM and instructions for e-voting, are being sent by electronic mode to all members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / Depository Participant(s). Members may please note that this Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website at www.mayurbhanjtrades.in and websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. MESI at www.mesi.com.
13. Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, members are entitled to make a nomination in respect of shares held by them. Members desirous of making a nomination are requested to send their requests in Form No. SH-13, to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company. Further, members desirous of cancelling/varying nomination are requested to send their requests in Form No. SH- 14, to the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Company. These forms will be made available on request by the Registrar and Transfer Agent /Company.
14. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their depository participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, M/s. C. B. Management Services Private Limited.
15. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and the relevant documents referred to in the Notice will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM.

All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com.

Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be placed at the AGM, are requested to write to the Company on or before Monday, September 28, 2020 through email on info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com. The same will be replied by the Company suitably.

16. Members whose shareholding is in electronic mode are requested to direct change of address notifications and updates of savings bank account details to their respective Depository Participant(s).
17. In case any member is desirous to receive communication from the Company in electronic form, they may register their email address with Company or with their depository participant or send their consent at the Registered Office of the Company along with their folio no. and valid email address for registration. As a measure to save our natural resources, we request shareholders to update their email address with their Depository Participants / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent to enable the Company to send communications electronically.
18. As the 41st AGM is being held through VC, the route map is not annexed to this Notice.

Regd.Office
7,WaterlooStreet,
2nd Floor
Kolkata- 700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board
Sd/-

(Harendra Singh)
Whole-time Director & CFO
(DIN- 06870959)

Statement Annexed to the Notice in respect of the Special Business pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”)

Item No. 3 and 4

Mr. Harendra Singh (holding DIN 068709592) based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was appointed as a Additional Director on July 14, 2020 entitled to hold office upto the date of AGM and subsequently, as a Wholtime Director & CFO of the Company w.e.f. July 14, 2020 for a term of 3 years, subject to approval of Shareholders. Mr. Harendra Singh shall not be entitled to any remuneration during his tenure as WTD & CFO.

Mr. Harendra Singh, aged 39 years is a Commerce Graduate. He is having more than 8 years of experience in field of management, taxation and finance.

The Board of Directors of your Company is of the opinion that it is in the interest of the Company to appoint Mr. Harendra Singh as the Whole-time Director & CFO as of the Company to manage the day to day affairs of the Company and provide strategic direction to the future growth. The terms & conditions and remuneration of his appointment are set out in the resolution.

Mr. Harendra Singh also holds directorship in the following companies:

1. Misra Brick Fields Private Limited
2. Likewise Vinimay Private Limited
3. S.K. Mishra Realty Private Limited
4. Megacity Estate Management Private Limited
5. SKM Mercantile Private Limited

Further, Mr. Harendra Singh does not have any shareholding of the Company.

Copy of the resolutions passed by the Board of Directors on July 14, 2020 with regard to Mr. Harendra Singh's appointment and the terms and conditions of his appointment as Whole-time Director & CFO as stated in the resolution in form of a memorandum will be available for inspection by the members of the Company by the members on request. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com.

Information as required under Section II of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 is given hereinafter.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives, is in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in resolution set out respectively at Item No. 3 and 4 of the Notice.

The Board of Directors, accordingly, recommends the resolution set out at item No. 3 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members as s Ordinary Resolution.

Item No. 5

Mr. Atanu Mukherjee (DIN No. 05103888) was re-appointed by the Board on March 2, 2020 as Independent Director of the Company in term of Section 149 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for a period of 5 year to hold office as such w.e.f. March 30, 2020 subject to the Shareholder's approval. The first term of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee came to an end on March 30, 2020.

As per Section 149(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, an Independent Director shall hold office for a term of five consecutive years on the Board of a Company, but shall be eligible for re-appointment as an Independent Director on passing of a special resolution by the Company for another term of five years.

Considering his expertise, experience and his contribution in the Boards process, it is considered that Mr. Atanu Mukherjee shall be reappointed as an Independent Director for a second term of five years. Mr. Atanu Mukherjee aged 49 years, is a Commerce Graduated. He is having experience of more than 10 years in the field of administration.

Accordingly, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in terms of the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152, Schedule IV and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company recommend the reappointment of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee, being eligible for reappointment as an Independent Director and has offered himself for re-appointment, as an Independent Director for a Second Term of 5 (Five) years from March 31, 2020 till March 30, 2025 for approval by the shareholders. He shall not be liable to retire.

The Company has received (i) Intimation in form DIR8 pursuant to rule 14 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, from Mr. Atanu Mukherjee to the effect that he is not disqualified in accordance with Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013; (ii) declaration that he meets the criteria of

independence as provided in section 149 of the Companies Act 2013; and (iii) a notice in writing from a member under section 160 of the Act proposing the candidature of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee as director of the Company.

A copy of the draft letter of reappointment, setting out the terms and conditions of appointment of Mr. Atanu Mukherjee, is available for inspection, without any fee, by the members on request. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com.

Except Mr. Atanu Mukherjee, none of the other directors or key managerial personnel of the Company are concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in item no. 4 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the resolutions set forth in the Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval of the members.

Regd. Office
7, Waterloo Street,
2nd Floor
Kolkata- 700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board
Sd/-
(Harendra Singh)
Whole-time Director & CFO
(DIN- 06870959)

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

[Pursuant to Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Clause 1.2.5 of Secretarial Standard -2 on General Meetings]

Name of the Director	Mrs. Sushmita Sharma	Mr. Harendra Singh	Mr. Atanu Mukherjee
DIN	00596256	06870959	05103888
Date of Birth	28/12/1977	09/02/1982	19/01/1971
Age	42 years	39 Years	49 years
Date of Appointment	31/03/2015	14/07/2020	31/03/2015
Qualification	Post Graduate	Commerce Graduate	Commerce Graduate
Experience and Expertise	Mrs. Sharma is having more than 13 years of experience in the field of marketing and management	Mr. Singh is responsible for the management of the Company. He is having more than 8 years of experience in the field of marketing, accounting, management and administration	He is having more than 10 years of experience in the field of administration.
Number of Meetings of the Board attended during the financial year (2019-20)	Attended 5 out of 5	Not Applicable	Attended 5 out of 5
List of Directorship/ Membership /Chairmanship of Committees of other Board (Excluding Mayurbhanj Trades and Agencies Ltd)	1. S R Movers Private Limited 2. Charnock Nursing Solutions Private Limited	1. LikewishVinimay Private Limited 2. Misra Brick Fields Private Limited 3. S.K. Mishra Realty Private Limited 4. Megacity Estate Management Private Limited 5. SKM Mercantile Private Limited	1. Megacity Estate Management Private Limited 2. Goodwill Commercial Co Pvt Ltd 3. Spica Hotels & Tours Private Limited
Shareholding in the Company	8,300 shares	Nil	Nil
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	None	None	None
Terms and Conditions of appointment or re-appointment along with details of remuneration, if any to be paid and the remuneration last drawn	She will be a Non-executive non-independent director on the Board. She will not be entitled to any remuneration.	As stated in the resolution no. 3 of the AGM Notice	As stated in the resolution no. 4 of the AGM Notice
Justification for choosing the appointees for appointment as Independent Directors	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Having more than 10 years of experience in the field of administration.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC through the Zoom Video Communications. Members may access the same at <https://us04web.zoom.us/j/3495644929?pwd=d1NNUUtXdW0yZmRtNkJKQMC9UaG5zZz09>. The link for VC will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker may send their request mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com latest by 5 p.m. (IST) on Sunday, 27th day of September, 2020.
6. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
7. When a pre-registered speaker is invited to speak at the meeting but he / she does not respond, the next speaker will be invited to speak. Accordingly, all speakers are requested to get connected to a device with a video/ camera along with good internet speed.
8. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, as appropriate, for smooth conduct of the AGM.
9. Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can contact the Company on info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING

Dear Member,

In compliance with Regulation 44, SEBI Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements, 2015 and Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the applicable rules, the Company is pleased to provide e-voting facility to all its Members, to enable to cast their vote electronically instead of dispatching the physical postal ballot form by post. The Company has engaged the services of CDSL for the purpose of providing e-voting facility to all its members.

1. The procedure with respect to **remote e-voting** is provided below:
 - (i) The voting period begins on **September 25, 2020 (9.00 A.M.)** and ends on **September 27, 2020 (5.00 P.M.)**. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of **September 21, 2020**, may cast their vote electronically. The e- voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
 - (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
 - (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
 - (iv) Click on Shareholders.
 - (v) Now Enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
 - (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
 - (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
 - (viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	<p>Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the first two letters of their name and the 8 digits of the sequence number in the PAN field. In case the sequence number is less than 8 digits enter the applicable number of 0's before the number after the first two characters of the name in CAPITAL letters. Eg. If yournameisRameshKumarwithsequencenumber1thenenterRA00000001inthePAN field.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<p>Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction(v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on “SUBMIT” tab.
- (x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach ‘Password Creation’ menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for **MAYURBHANJ TRADES & AGENCIES LIMITED** on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see “RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION” and against the same the option “YES/NO” for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the “RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK” if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on “SUBMIT”. A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on “OK”, else to change your vote, click on “CANCEL” and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you “CONFIRM” your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on “Click here to print” option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL’s mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobile. The m-voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. Apple and Windows phone users can download the app from the App Store and the Windows Phone Store respectively on or after June 30, 2016. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.
- (xx) **Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians**
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.
 - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
 - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
 - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
 - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- (xxi) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQs”) and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
2. Voting at the Annual General Meeting: Those Members who are present in the Meeting through VC and have not cast their vote on resolutions through remote e-voting, can vote through e-voting at the Meeting. Members who have already cast their votes by remote e-voting are eligible to attend the Meeting. However, those Members are not entitled to cast their vote again at the Meeting.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- a) The e-voting period begins from **September 25, 2020 from 9.00 A.M. and ends on September 27, 2020 at 5.00 P.M.** During this period, shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off/entitlement date of **September 21, 2020** may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the shareholder by electronic means, the shareholder shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast his vote by any other means.
- b) Members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form as on the cut-off/entitlement date of **September 21, 2020** may cast their vote electronically.
- c) Md Shahnawaz, a Practising Company Secretary (C.P. No. 15076 and Membership No. 21427) of M Shahnawaz & Associates, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- d) The Scrutinizer shall within a period not exceeding three (3) working days from the conclusion of the e-voting period unblock the votes in the presence of at least two (2) witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make a Scrutinizer's Report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, forthwith to the Chairman of the Company.
- e) Results shall be declared on or after the 41st Annual General Meeting of the Company. This Notice as well as the Results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website and on the website of CDSL within two (2) days of passing of the resolutions at the 41st Annual General Meeting of the Company and shall be communicated to the Stock Exchange(s).

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

Regd.Office
7,WaterlooStreet,
2nd Floor
Kolkata- 700069
July 15, 2020

By order of the Board
Sd/-

(Harendra Singh)
Whole-time Director & CFO
(DIN- 06870959)

