







29th
ANNUAL REPORT
2019-2020

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)



Company Contribution of Rs.50 Lakhs Cash towards Tamil Nadu Chief Minister's Public Relief Fund & 25 Lakhs as Food Products to Dindigul District Collector

Mrs.Vijaylakhsmi IAS towards Covid-19



Company Contribution of Rs.1.25 Crores as Food Products to Madurai District Collector Dr.D.G Vinay IAS towards Covid-19 Relief Fund



CORPORATE INFORMATION



Board of Directors:

Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman & Managing Director

Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Joint Managing Director

Sri. Sounder Kannan, Whole-Time Director

Sri. D. Vijay Anand, Technical Director

Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj, Independent Director

Dr. K. Venkatachalam, Independent Director

Sri. S. Ramesh, Independent Director

Sri. S. Neelakantan, Independent Director

Chief Financial Officer Sri. T.R. Sivaraman

Company Secretary Sri. V. Marikannan

Statutory Auditors

M/s. D. Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants, Chennai.

Internal Auditor

Sri. R. Balakrishnan, Chartered Accountant, Dindigul.

GST Auditor

Sri. D. Vivekanandan, Chartered Accountants Chennai.

Secretarial Auditors

M/s. GSR & Co.,

Practising Company Secretaries, Chennai.

Registrar and Share Transfer Agent:

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Ltd., "Subramanian Building", No.1, Club House Road, Chennai - 600 002.

Registered Office:

No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600 001.

CIN : L24246TN1991PLC020409

Telephone : 044-25363535 Website : www.nagamills.com

Email : marikannanv@nagamills.com

Factories:

- Naga Limited Foods (Unit I),
 No.1, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- Naga Limited Foods (Unit II),
 No.133, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- Naga Limited Foods Aruppukottai,
 3/315, Melakandamanagalam Village,
 Aruppukottai, Virudhunagar 626 101.
- 4) Naga Limited Minerals, No.9, Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624 005.
- Naga Limited Detergents,
 No.1, Oddanchatram Road, Vedasandur-624710.
- Naga Limited Consumer Division Unit-I, No.131, Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624 005.
- Naga Limited Consumer Division Unit-II,
 No.1, Padiyur Road, Pudhupatti, Padiyur Post,
 Vedasandur Taluk, Dindigul 624 005.
- Naga Limited Consumer Division Unit-III, No.4/213, Padiyur, Dindigul - 624 005.
- Naga Limited R & D Centre, No.1, Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624 005.

Bankers:

Axis Bank Ltd, Dindigul
HDFC Bank Ltd, Dindigul
State Bank of India, Dindigul
Standard Chartered Bank, Mumbai
ICICI Bank Ltd, Dindigul
Indusind Bank, Chennai
IDBI Bank, Dindigul
Citi Bank NA, Chennai
Karur Vysya Bank, Dindigul

Contents		_
Chairman's Speech	01	
29 th AGM Notice to Shareholders	06	
Directors' Report, Corporate Governance & Annexures	17	
Standalone Financial Statements with Auditors' Report	81	
Consolidated Financial Statements with Auditors' Report	135	

COMPOSITION OF COMMITTEE

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chairman of the Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj

Committee

Dr. K. Venkatachalam Member

Sri. S. Ramesh Member

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Member

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION

COMMITTEE

Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj Chairman of the

Committee

Dr. K. Venkatachalam Member

Sri. S. Ramesh Member

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Sri. S. Ramesh Chairman of the

Committee

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Member

Sri. Sounder Kannan

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

M/s. GSR & Co.,

Practicing Company Secretaries Flat A-2, 2nd Floor, Sai Niranthara, No.14/23, Nagarjuna Nagar 1st Street,

Rangarajapuram, Kodambakkam, Chennai - 600024

Tel: 044-24846890 / Fax: 044-42047845

Mobile: 98404-26264

E-Mail: gsrandco2020@gmail.com

Member

CSR COMMITTEE

Dr. K. Venkatachalam Chairman of the

Committee

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Member

Sri. Sounder Kannan Member

FINANCE COMMITTEE

Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan Chairman of the

Committee

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Member Sri. Sounder Kannan Member

AUDITORS

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. D. Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants,

New No.5, Old No.3, South Boag Road, T. Nagar,

Chennai - 600 017.

Telephone: 044 - 2434 1189/ 4264 1189

Email ID: sdandco@hotmail.com

INTERNAL AUDITOR

Sri. R. Balakrishnan, B.Com., F.C.A.,

Chartered Accountants,

No.6, Old No. 78, Kulandai Velan Street,

Dindigul - 624 001.

Phone Number: 9442100689

Email ID: balkrishnanfca@gmail.com

COST AUDITOR

Dr. I. Ashok, M.Com, FCMA, FICWA., PGDFM

Cost and Management Accountant

471/4, Madurai Road, Near Periyar Statute,

Thirumangalam - 625 706. Telephone: 04549 280216

Email ID: ashokficwai@yahoo.co.in





CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

I along with my colleagues on the Board extend a hearty welcome to all of you for the 29th Annual General Meeting of your Company. The Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2020 have been with you for some time and I take them as read. Despite various vagaries faced, we could complete the year with a reasonable performance.

The Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organisation (WHO) in March 2020. Following which, the Government of India then announced a nationwide lockdown for six weeks and thereafter a partial lock down in certain parts of the country, based on their risk profile. The initial lockdown meant a complete slowdown of the economy. The Company has made efforts to support its business stakeholders, employees, service providers and communities through its CSR initiatives in this difficult time. Your Company has geared itself to serve markets in different locations and in the existing markets during COVID - 19 pandemic very actively.

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) slashed its FY 2020-2021 growth projection for India to 1.90% from 5.80% projected earlier, holding that the Great Lockdown to combat the COVID - 19 outbreak will throw the world economy into the worst recession since the Great Depression in 1930s. The coronavirus pandemic came at a time when India's economy was already slowing, due to persistent financial sector weaknesses. The severe disruption of economic activities caused by COVID - 19, both through demand and supply shocks, has overtaken the incipient recovery in the Indian economy.

Assuming a baseline scenario, in which the pandemic fades in the second half of 2020 and containment efforts are gradually unwound, the IMF in its biennial World Economic Outlook projected the global economy to contract sharply by 3% in 2020, much worse than during the 2008-09 financial crisis.

Strategy is about making choices, trade-offs; it's about deliberately choosing to be different. One of the most important measures of performance is growth, particularly in sales. Your Company has put strategy for growth as its foremost objective and has been building capacities in the past few years.

During this year, your Company has completed the acquisition of two units of Noodles and Pasta under the famous Savorit brand (36 years old brand), aligning to our goal, to strengthen the present growth with immediately saleable products with a good market potential. This acquisition has accelerated your company's growth by adding additional capacity of 30,000 tons per year, in the very same Dindigul location. This acquisition has provided a ready opportunity to access the markets in the Southern Indian States. Further, with the additional brands namely, "Savorit", "Ying yang" and "Seval", the market perception of your company has expanded. Our Consumer Division, which was started a decade ago, is now in a position to cover the customers integrated needs and offer comprehensive products. We were able to complete the acquisition in a reasonable period and start the activities well before the end of the year under review.

Further, in order to consolidate the activities of the Consumer Division and group the efforts of all sections of the employees to achieve optimised results thereby enabling cost savings and maximum returns, your Company decided to shift the Plant and Machineries from Chennai and Bangalore Bakeries to Dindigul. The Process is under way and will be completed shortly during the current year. This will enable your Company to concentrate collectively about the various operations and products to achieve better results.





I am glad to inform you that your Company has achieved a Turnover of Rs. 1003.30 Cr during the year as compared to Rs. 837.19 Cr achieved during the corresponding previous year. The major increase in turnover is attributable to the change in the operating parameters of Hindustan Unilever in which as against conversion model the operation got changed to full production and sales. The combined production of all units of your Company reached to Rs. 5.55 Lakhs MT during the year under review.

Despite the increase in turnover, the Cash Profit, Profit before Tax got reduced due to various factors. Non-availability of imported wheat at lower prices, increased expenses and slow progress in Bangalore and Chennai bakeries resulted in reduced profitability. As informed by me in the earlier year's report, the creation of exclusive R&D division which started working in the last year will enable your Company to consolidate the turnover and profitability in the years to come.

I now present the performance of the various Divisions of the Company as detailed below:

FOODS:

Consolidating the performance of this Division for the past 5 years indicating the growth attained by the Division over the years.

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Production (MT)	228692	240501	227979	156275	139139
Growth %	(5)	6	46	12	(5)

CONSUMER:

The overall performance of the Consumer Division for the past five years is tabulated below:

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Production (MT)	34583	33875	29302	23141	17060
Growth %	2	16	27	36	8

DETERGENTS:

As mentioned earlier, HUL has changed the method of operation from job work to full production from the month of December, 2019. While the volume of work remained the same the turnover will be reflecting full value including raw material as against the conversion charges reflected earlier up to November 2019. It is a pleasure to record that this Division has completed 30 fruitful years of operation during the year under review. We are the third largest manufacturers of detergents to M/s. Hindustan Unilever Limited. Comparative figures of production for the past 5 years are furnished below:

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Production (MT)	156145	151864	120735	106220	112024
Growth %	3	26	14	(5)	-





MINERALS:

Government restrictions coupled with steep increase in raw materials made the operations difficult for this Division which completed 23 years of operation during the year under review.

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Production (MT)	103385	102524	102740	97950	104750
Growth %	-	-	5	(6)	(8)

ENERGY:

This Division operates with 12 Windmills with a capacity of 11.125 MW including Solar power of 0.60 MW. Happy to inform you that this Division caters to a significant quantum of consumption of electricity of your Company. This has helped your Company to reduce the cost of production thereby helping to profitability.

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Units Generated*	154	163	178	159	96
Units Consumed*	302	304	190	196	199
Purchased*	148	141	12	37	103

^{* (}Units in Lakhs)

FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

The book value of your company's share stood at Rs. 95.62 indicating the growth achieved in all these years.

Year	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Per Share Value (in Rs.)	95.62	88.82	77.13	62.62	44.89

DIVIDEND POLICY:

Considering the present critical situation in which the country is passing through and to safeguard the interest of all stakeholders, your Board of Directors felt that the interim dividend of Rs. 0.80 per Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each (PY- Rs. 0.80 per Equity Shares - final dividend) declared in Feb 2020 will be considered as the final dividend for the financial year 2019-20. Accordingly, the Board of Directors did not recommend any further dividends for the year under review.





ACKNOWLEDGMENT:

I thank all the Shareholders of the Company for their continued support to the Company at all points of time.

I extend my heartfelt thanks to all my colleagues on the Board both executive and independent directors for their excellent guidance, support and encouragement to run the Company at critical times.

I am very much thankful to employees at all levels of the Company whose contribution helped the Company to achieve best results.

I convey my thanks to Customers, Suppliers and Service Providers for their best support and cooperation.

My thanks are equally due to various departments of Central and State Governments and Banks.

WITH BLESSINGS OF THE ALMIGHTY.

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589





LAST 10 YEARS FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees unless otherwise stated)

	PARTICULARS		CAGR	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15	2013-14	2012-13	2011-12	2010-11
	Operating Income / Turnover	(A)		1003.30	837.19	893.92	652.47	432.74	463.53	423.30	366.69	297.81	267.83
	Total Income	(B)	14%	1009.69	851.32	902.87	655.17	435.65	465.75	424.67	370.27	302.18	271.79
S	Operating Expenses	(C)	14%	934.23	769.21	19.808	572.56	389.69	418.02	371.81	322.97	269.93	246.00
so ⁻	EBDITA	(D=B-C)	11%	75.46	82.11	94.26	82.61	45.96	47.73	52.86	47.30	32.25	25.79
1 B	Depreciation	(E)	18%	33.06	27.42	25.29	21.41	18.88	17.46	16.44	13.78	9.26	6.31
FIT	Interest	(F)	13%	33.63	29.07	31.98	22.98	18.23	19.95	22.74	15.34	14.44	9.76
ВО	Profit Before Tax (PBT)	(G=(D-E-F)	(1%)	8.77	25.62	36.99	38.22	98'8	10.32	13.68	18.17	8.55	9.72
d	Profit After Tax (PAT)	(H)	%9	12.92	18.12	22.15	25.76	5.12	7.62	10.13	14.04	6.05	7.32
	Cash Generation (Post Tax)	(I=E+H)	13%	45.98	45.54	47.44	47.17	23.99	75.09	26.58	27.82	15.31	13.63
	Equity Dividend (%)	(J)	3%	%8	%8	%8	8%	%8	%9	%9	%9	%9	%9
	Dividend Payout	(K=N*J)		1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	1.14	0.85	0.85	0.85	0.79
	Dividend Payout Ratio (%)	(L=K/H)	(5%)	%6	%9	2%	4%	%77	15%	%8	%9	14%	11%
	No of Equity Shares	(M)		1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.42	1.32
T33	Face Value of Equity Shares (Rs)			10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
IHS	Equity Share Capital	(N)		14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	13.20
ICE	Reserves and Surplus	(0)	22%	121.99	112.30	95.63	75.00	20.00	53.75	47.61	38.47	23.69	17.27
NA_	Shareholders Funds/Networth	(P=N+O)	16%	136.24	126.55	109.88	89.25	64.25	66'29	61.86	52.72	37.93	30.47
IAB	Long Term Debt	(Q)	14%	213.58	146.02	141.44	92.30	02.66	102.05	105.77	104.80	72.14	58.61
	Gross Fixed Assets	(R)	12%	376.97	281.02	222.99	309.00	262.00	249.00	229.00	211.00	149.00	123.00
	Net Fixed Assets	(S)	13%	269.80	206.90	176.00	165.66	139.76	145.52	142.88	141.10	96.40	79.80
	Earning Per Share (Rs.)	(T=H/N)	2%	9.07	12.72	15.55	18.08	3.59	5.35	7.11	9.85	4.25	5.54
	Book Value Per Share (Rs.)	(U=P/N)	15%	95.62	88.82	77.13	62.62	44.89	47.70	43.41	37.00	26.62	23.08
	Debt (Longterm) Equity Ratio	(V=Q/P)		1.57	1.15	1.29	1.03	1.55	1.50	1.71	1.99	1.90	1.92
SO	Leverage: TOL/TNW	(W)		3.00	1.92	3.04	3.76	2.62	2.44	3.03	3.45	3.09	3.61
ІТД	EBDITA/Turnover (%)	(X=D/A)	(2%)	7.52	9.81%	10.54%	12.66%	10.62%	10.30%	12.49%	12.90%	10.83%	9.63%
В	Interest Coverage Ratio	(Y=D/F)		2.24	2.82	2.95	3.67	2.52	2.39	2.32	3.08	2.23	2.64
	RONW (%)	(Z=H/P)	(%6)	9.49%	14.32%	20.16%	28.86%	%96''	11.21%	16.38%	26.63%	15.95%	24.02%





NAGA LIMITED

Registered Office: No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600 001. Ph : 044-25363535 website: www.nagamills.com, Corporate Identity Number (CIN):L24246TN1991PLC020409 Investors Relations email Id: marikannanv@nagamills.com.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the Twenty Nineth (29th) Annual General Meeting of the Members of NAGA LIMITED will be held on Friday, August 14, 2020 at 12.10 p.m. IST through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt:
- a) the Audited Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors' and the Auditors' thereon; and
- b) the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, together with the Report of Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To confirm the payment of interim dividend for the financial year 2019-20.
- 3. To appoint a Director in place of Sri. D. Vijay Anand (DIN 07400565), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
- "RESOLVED THAT Sri. D. Vijay Anand (DIN 07400565), who retires by rotation in terms of Section 152 of Companies Act, 2013 and being eligible be and is hereby re-appointed as Director of the Company whose office shall be liable to retire by rotation."

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

- 4. To approve the remuneration of the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2020-21 and in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution.
- "RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the remuneration payable for the financial year 2020-21 to Dr. I. Ashok, CMA (M. No. 011929), Cost Accountant appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company on 29th June 2020 to conduct the audit for products covered under Detergents & Minerals Divisions of the Company for the financial year 2020-21, on a remuneration of Rs. 50,000/-(Rupees Fifty Thousand Only) plus GST as applicable and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses at actual be and is hereby approved and confirmed."
- "RESOLVED FURTHER THAT any one of the Executive Directors or Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all necessary acts, deeds and things, which may be usual, expedient or proper to give effect to the above resolution."





5. Amendment to the Resolution for Appointment of Statutory Auditors passed in the 25th AGM and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution.

"RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the resolution passed in the 25th AGM held on 19.08.2017, the holding of office by the Statutory Auditors' are determined till the conclusion of 30th AGM instead of 29th AGM."

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and 141 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, (the Rules), including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force, M/s. D. Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants, Chennai having ICAI Firm Registration No. 003556S has been appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the second consecutive term from the conclusion of 25th AGM held on 12th September, 2016 till the conclusion of 30th AGM or 30th September, 2021 whichever is earlier, subject to ratification by the Shareholders on such remuneration as may be agreed upon by the Board of Directors and the Auditors, in addition to GST and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with the audit of Accounts of the Company."

Place : Dindigul BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date : 29th June, 2020 For NAGA LIMITED

V. MARIKANNAN
COMPANY SECRETARY
M. No.A30767





Notes:

In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its circular dated May 5, 2020 read with circulars dated April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020 (collectively referred to as "MCA Circulars") permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM" or "Meeting") through VC / OAVM, without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM.

An explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Act, relating to special business to be transacted at the AGM, is annexed hereto.

Corporate Members intending to authorize their representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send a scanned certified copy of the board resolution (pdf/jpeg format) authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting. The said Resolution/Authorization shall be sent to the Scrutinizer by email through its registered email address to gsrandco2020@gmail.com with a copy marked to marikannanv@nagamills.com.

In case of joint holder attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.

The Meeting shall be deemed to be held at the Registered office of the Company at No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai-600 001.

Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the route map to the venue is not annexed to this Notice.

ELECTRONIC DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT AND PROCESS FOR REGISTRATION OF EMAIL ID FOR OBTAINING COPY OF ANNUAL REPORT

In accordance with, the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020 issued by MCA and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020 issued by SEBI, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the financial statements (including Report of Board of Directors, Auditors' report or other documents required to be attached therewith), such statements including the Notice of AGM are being sent in electronic mode to Members whose e-mail address is registered with the Company or the Depository Participant(s).

Members holding shares in physical mode and dematerialised mode who have not updated their email addresses with the Company are requested to update their email addresses by using this link https://investors.cameoindia.com.

The Notice of AGM along with Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20, is available on the website of the Company at www.nagamills.com, on the website of Stock Exchanges i.e., www.msei.in and CSDL website i.e., www.evotingindia.com

1) Proxy:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA Circular through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.





2) Particulars of Directors:

Particulars of Director seeking re-appointment, pursuant to Clause 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is given in Appendix - A.

3) Book Closure:

The Register of Members and the Share Transfer Books will be closed from Saturday, the August 8, 2020 to Friday, the August 14, 2020 (both days inclusive).

4) Dividend:

The interim dividend declared in February, 2020 has been considered as final dividend for the year 2019-20 and hence the Board of Directors did not recommend any final dividend.

5) Unclaimed Dividend:

Unclaimed dividend for over 7 years and the underlying shares thereof will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. Members may refer to Page 50 of the Annual Report and lodge their claim, if any, immediately either with the Company Secretary or Investor Education and Protection Fund.

6) E-Communication:

Members are requested to opt for electronic mode of communication and support the Green initiatives of the Government.

7) Voting facilities:

a) Remote e-Voting

Pursuant to Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014, the Company provides facility for its Members to exercise their voting right by electronic means.

b) Voting instructions

Process and manner of voting containing detailed instructions is given in Appendix - B.

8) Gifts:

No gifts, gift coupons, or cash in lieu of gifts shall be distributed to Members at or in connection with the Annual General Meeting in term of Clause 14 of the Secretarial Standards (SS-2) pertaining to distribution of Gifts at Annual General Meeting.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT AS REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013.

Item No.4:

The Board of Directors of the Company, at their meeting held on 29th June, 2020 on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, approved the appointment and remuneration of Dr. I. Ashok, CMA (M.No.011929), Cost Accountant, to conduct the cost audit for Detergents & Minerals Divisions of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 on a remuneration of Rs. 50,000/- plus GST and reimbursement of out of pocket expenses, subject to approval by Shareholders.





In terms of the provisions of Section 148(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14(a)(ii) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor is to be approved by the Shareholders of the Company. Accordingly, the Shareholders are requested to approve the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor for the year 2020-21 as set out in the Resolution.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their respective relatives is concerned or interested in the resolution.

Item No.5

Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, came into force w.e.f. 01.04.2014 which deals with rotation of Statutory Auditors. Accordingly, a Listed Company can appoint a firm of Chartered Accountants only for a two-consecutive term of five years each.

During the time of appointing M/s. D.Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants, while calculating the number of years during which they were Auditors in the previous years, number of years were wrongly accounted. This led to a decision that the two consequent terms for the Auditors will end on the conclusion of the 29th AGM (AY 2019-20). However, the first appointment of the Auditors for the year 31.03.2012 was approved at the 20th AGM of the Company held on 25.07.2011 and accordingly the term gets completed only on 31.03.2021 at the conclusion of 30th AGM. Thus, the period of 10 years starts from 31.03.2012 (AY 2011-12) and ends on 31.03.2021 (AY 2020-21). Accordingly, this resolution is initiated to correct the factual position.

Place: Dindigul BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date : 29th June, 2020 For NAGA LIMITED

V. Marikannan Company Secretary M.No. A30767





APPENDIX-A

Reappointment of Director:

Information required to be furnished under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards-2 on General Meetings.

The particulars of Director to be re-appointed at this meeting is given below:

1	Name of Director	Sri. D. VIJAY ANAND
2	Director Identification Number (DIN)	DIN 07400565
3	Date of Birth	30 th August, 1976
4	Nationality	Indian
5	Date of Appointment	21.08.2017
6	Relationship with other Directors	Son-in-law of Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan and Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Brother-in-law of Sri. Sounder Kannan
7	Qualification	B.E. (Mech)., M.B.A.,
8	Expertise in specific functional areas	More than a decade of experience in Flour Milling and Minerals Industries.
9	Number of shares held in the Company	NIL
10	List of Directorship held in other public Companies	NIL
11	Membership/ Chairmanship of Committees of the Public Companies (includes only Audit, Nomination and Remuneration, Stakeholders Relationship and CSR Committees)	NIL
12	No. of Board meetings attended during the financial year 2019-20	Held - 4 Attended - 4





Appendix-B

Voting Process and Instructions

Remote e-voting (Voting through electronic means)

- 1. The instructions for shareholders for remote e-voting are as underlying:
- i. The remote e-voting period begins on 11th August 2020 at 10.00 A.M. and ends on 13th August 2020 at 5.00 P.M. During this period, shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the "cut-off date" i.e. 7th August 2020 may cast their vote electronically. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii. Shareholders who have already voted prior to the Meeting would not be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
- iii. Shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- iv. Click on "Shareholders" module.
- v. Enter their User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in physical form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- vi. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and click on "Login".
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in dematerialised form and having used www.evotingindia.com earlier having voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, may use their existing password.
- viii. First time users may follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Dematerialised Form or Physical Form
	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department.
PAN	Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number indicated in the PAN field.
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the Company records in order to login.
or Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or Company please enter the member id /folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction(v).

- ix. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- x. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that





this password is also to be used by the demat shareholders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

- xi. For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- xii. Click on the EVSN for NAGA LIMITED.
- xiii. On the voting page, shareholders will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Shareholders can select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that they assent to a Resolution and option NO implies that they dissent from a Resolution.
- xiv. Shareholders should click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if they wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xv. After selecting the Resolution they have decided to vote on, they should click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If they wish to confirm their vote, click on "OK", else to change their vote, click on "CANCEL" and they can accordingly modify their vote.
- xvi. Once they "CONFIRM" their vote on a Resolution, they will not be allowed to modify their vote.
- ix. They can also print details of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- x. If a demat account shareholder has forgotten the login password then enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on "Forgot Password" and enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xi. Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from the internet. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while remote e-voting from your mobile.
- 2. Process for those Shareholders whose mail addresses are not registered with the Depositories for obtaining login credentials for remote e-voting for the resolutions proposed in this Notice.
- i. For Shareholders holding shares in physical form please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of the Shareholders, Scanned copy of the Share Certificate (Front and Back), PAN (Self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) by mail to Company / RTA's email ID at marikannanv@nagamills.com or kandhimathi@cameoindia.com respectively.
- ii. For Shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form please provide Demat account details (CDSL 16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL 16 digit DPID + CLID), Name of the Shareholder, Client Master or Copy of Consolidated Accounts Statement, PAN (Self Attested Scanned Copy of PAN Card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) by mail to Company / RTA's email ID at marikannanv@nagamills.com or kandhimathi@cameoindia.com respectively.





iii. The Company/ RTA shall co-ordinate with CDSL and provide the login credentials to the aforesaid shareholders.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR ATTENDING AGM THROUGH VC / OAVM

- 1. Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 15 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for members on first come first served basis.
- 2. Shareholders will be provided with a facility to attend AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/ members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder / members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- 3. Shareholders are encouraged to join meeting through laptops/ iPads for better experience.
- 4. Further shareholders will be required to switch on the video facility and use Internet connection with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the Meeting.
- 5. Please note that participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio / Video loss due to fluctuations in their respective networks. It is therefore recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to minimise / mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 6. Shareholders would like to express their views / ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance between August 3, 2020 and August 8, 2020 mentioning their name, demat account number/Folio No., email-ID, mobile number at marikannany@nagamills.com.
- 7. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views / ask questions during the meeting.
- 8. Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, or have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may prefer Frequently Asked Questions (''FAQs'') and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800 225533.
- 9. All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Flow, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai 400 013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call 1800 225533.





INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE MEETING:

- 1. Procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM is same as the remote e-voting as mentioned above.
- 2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their votes on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are not otherwise barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system available during the AGM.
- 3. If any votes are cast by shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholder have not participated in the meeting through VC / OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- 4. Shareholders who have voted through remote e-voting facility will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

INSTRUCTIONS FROM NON - INDIVIDUALS SHAREHOLDERS AND CUSTODIANS

- 1. Non-Individual Shareholders (i.e., other than individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.) and custodians are required to log-on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- 2. A scanned copy of the registration form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com
- 3. After receiving the log-in details "Compliance User" should be created using the Admin Login and Password. The compliance user would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- 4. The list of accounts linked in the log-in should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- 5. A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the custodian, if any should be uploaded in the pdf format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- 6. Alternatively, non-individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution / Authority Letter, etc., to the scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz., marikannanv@nagamills.com if they have voted from Individual tab and not uploaded same in the CDSL evoting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.





OTHER INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Shareholders can update their mobile numbers and Email ID's (which may be used for sending future communication(s)) by writing to investor@cameoindia.com
- 2. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes the member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e.,7th August, 2020 may obtain the login ID and password by sending an email to marikannanv@nagamills.com or investor@cameoindia.com or helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com by mentioning their Folio No/DP ID and Client ID No.
- A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of Members or in the Register of Beneficial Owners
 maintained by the Depositories as on cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote
 e-voting or voting at the meeting.
- 4. Sri. G. Sreenivasa Rao, Proprietor of M/s. G.S. R. & Co., Company Secretaries (C.P. No. 4966) has been appointed as the scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and e-voting during the meeting in a fair and a transparent manner.
- 5. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of the e-voting at the AGM, first download the votes cast at the AGM and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting and shall make a Consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, invalid votes, if any, and whether the resolutions have been carried or not and such report shall then be sent to the Chairman or a person authorised by him within 48 (forty-eight) hours from the conclusion of the AGM who shall then couter sign and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- 6. The results declared along with the Report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company at www.nagamills.com and on the website of the CDSL at www.evoting.india.com immediately after the declaration of results by the Chairman or a person authorised by him. The results shall also be immediately forwaded to the Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited, Mumbai.

Place: Dindigul BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Date: 29th June, 2020 For NAGA LIMITED

V. Marikannan Company Secretary M.No. A30767



29TH DIRECTORS' REPORT



TO THE MEMBERS OF NAGA LIMITED

Your Directors hereby present the 29th Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020.

WORKING RESULTS

The standalone and consolidated audited financial results of your Company for the year under review along with the figures for the previous year are as follows:

(Rs. in Cr)

Working Results	Sta	ndalone	Conso	lidated
	March 31,2020	March 31,2019	March 31,2020	March 31,2019
Sales and other operating Income	1003.30	837.19	1003.30	837.20
Other Income	6.39	14.13	6.37	14.14
Total Income	1009.69	851.32	1009.67	851.34
Profit before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	75.46	82.11	74.94	81.79
Finance Cost	33.63	29.07	33.63	29.07
Depreciation	33.06	27.42	33.06	27.42
Profit before Tax	8.77	25.62	8.25	25.30
Provision for Current Tax	1.35	6.10	1.35	6.10
Provision for deferred Tax	(5.50)	1.40	(5.50)	1.40
Net Profit	12.92	18.12	12.40	17.80
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)				
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (Net of Taxes)	(0.48)	(0.09)	(0.48)	(0.09)
Total OCI for the year (Net of tax)	12.44	18.03	11.92	17.71
Add: Surplus from Previous Year	107.91	91.46	107.52	91.38
Total	120.35	109.49	119.44	109.09
Appropriations				
Dividend paid during the year	2.28	1.14	2.28	1.14
Tax on Dividend Distribution	0.47	0.23	0.47	0.23
Transfer to General Reserve	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21
Balance carried forward	117.40	107.91	116.49	107.51

DIVIDEND

Taking into consideration the interim dividend of Rs. 0.80 per equity share (8% on paid-up equity share capital) declared in February 2020 and the present situation prevailing in the country due to COVID - 19, your Directors did not recommend any final dividend for the year.





TRANSFER TO RESERVE

Your Board propose to transfer Rs. 0.21 Cr to the General Reserve. An amount of Rs. 3.13 Cr is proposed to be retained in the General Reserve Account.

ACQUISITION OF UNITS

The Board of Directors are glad to inform the shareholders that during the year under review your Company took a strategic decision to acquire two running business units of manufacturing noodles (Ying Yang & Seval) and pasta (Savorit & Savorinii) by way of direct purchase and Slump sale respectively. The Management of your Company was continuously in search of expansion of its activities in order to sustain competition and to augment to the growth of the Company. Accordingly when two running units were available in the immediate vicinity of the existing factories at Dindigul, it gave added advantage. These two units manufacturing Noodles and Pasta Products use the finished products produced by your existing Foods Division thereby increasing the turnover of this Division.

Accordingly, the proposals were placed before the Board of Directors and after approval given effect in the year under review. The Noodles manufacturing unit was acquired through Direct Purchase and all the formalities including registration of the land and other assets were completed. The pasta manufacturing unit was acquired through means of Business Transfer Agreement (BTA). However, due to the corona pandemic the registration of the land and buildings got delayed and could be completed during the current year.

COMPANY PERFORMANCE

Your Company could achieve reasonable results in terms of production and sales during the year inspite of various issues faced. The outbreak of corona virus at the fag end of the year also posed challenges and had an impact on the performance of the Company. Increased prices of raw materials, expenditure on new project, increased interest costs on account of increased usage of limits and added capital expenditure and increase in other expenses resulted in reduced profitability.

FOODS AND CONSUMER

This division has achieved a turnover of Rs. 772.52 Cr for the year under review as against Rs. 757.22 Cr achieved during the corresponding previous year. However, due to increased price of raw materials and reduction in trading activities coupled with increased expenditure, the profitability has come down.

DETERGENTS

This Division has achieved a Turnover of Rs. 193.28 Cr as against Rs. 45.15 Cr achieved during the last year. However, due to changes in the method of operation stipulated by HUL (the customer), the turnover now includes complete Value of Sales including raw material cost as against only conversion changes which was reflected as turnover till November 2019, and last year. Hence the turnover is not comparable with the earlier year. The change in method will result in huge jump in the Value of Turnover without any change in the profitability margins. The profitability got improved during the year under review due to efficient operations.

MINERALS

This division has achieved a turnover of Rs. 34.75 Cr as against Rs. 34.02 Cr achieved during the corresponding period of last year. However, the profitability has slightly come down on account of the increased prices of raw materials.





WIND & SOLAR POWER

This Division has maintained the production and sale of units as well as profitability for the year under review.

BAKERY BUSINESS

Members may recall that your Company started the production in a small way during last year in both the units at Bangalore and Chennai. Taking into account the vast area available in one of the new Unit purchased during the year under review and to consolidate the entire consumer vertical operations, your Company decided to shift the entire machinery at Bangalore and Chennai to Dindigul. Accordingly, the process has started and the combined operations would start from the later part of the current year. This will certainly save cost as well as pave the way for efficient management of the operations resulting in improved performance.

FINANCE

Installments of Term Loans and interest dues on Term Loans and working capital borrowings were paid on or before the respective due dates. Your Company did not avail any of the Moratorium or Emergency credits provided by the Banks as part of COVID-19 stimulus package till date.

ACCREDITATION

The Company continues to be certified under FSSC 22000:2005 including ISO 22000:2005, ISO/TS 22000-1:2009. The Company also continues to get certified as Grade A under BRC Global Standard for food safety.

SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Your Company has 2 Wholly Owned Subsidiaries and 2 Associates as at March 31, 2020. The consolidated financial statements of the Company & its wholly owned subsidiaries & associates which form part of Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013. Further, a statement containing the salient features of the Financial Statement of Subsidiary Companies & Associate Companies in the prescribed format AOC-1 is annexed with Consolidated Financial Statements. The statement also provides the details of performance and financial position of the Wholly Owned Subsidiary Companies & Associate Companies.

In accordance with Section 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Audited Financial Statements, including the consolidated financial statements & related information of the Company & Audited Accounts of its Subsidiary Companies are available on the website www.nagamills.com. These documents will also be available for inspection during business hours at the registered office of the Company. Any Member desirous of obtaining a copy of the said financial statement may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company.

The Consolidated net profit of the Company and its Subsidiaries amounted to Rs. 12.40 Cr for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 as compared to Rs. 17.80 Cr for the previous financial year ended 31st March, 2019. Additional details regarding performance of the Associate Companies & Subsidiary Companies have been mentioned in the succeeding paragraphs.





ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Annai Power Private Limited

The Company is engaged in the business of leasing of Assets and wind mill power generation.

This Company recorded a loss of Rs. 0.12 Cr for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Previous year: Loss of Rs. 0.90 Cr).

Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited

The Company is engaged in the business of wind mill power generation and logistics.

This Company recorded a loss of Rs. 0.72 Cr for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Previous year: Loss of Rs. 0.89 Cr).

OVERSEAS SUBSIDIARIES

Naga Far East Private Limited (Singapore)

The Company has been formed to carry on the business of international trading in commodities, supply chain management in food products, investing and holding assets and trading in mines & quarries worldwide.

This Company recorded a loss of US\$ 11032 /- (equivalent to Rs. 0.08 Cr) for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Previous year: Loss of US\$ 4,607/- (Rs.0.03 Cr)).

Naga Mills Private Limited (Bangladesh)

The Company operates in the business of manufacturing and job works related to Detergents.

This Company recorded a loss of Taka 43,03,362/- (equivalent to Rs.0.38 Cr) for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Previous year: Loss of Taka 5,32,054/- (Rs. 0.04 Cr)).

MATERIAL SUBSIDIARY

The Board of Directors of the Company had adopted a Policy for determining material Subsidiary Company in line with the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Policy is uploaded on the Company's website at http://www.nagamills.com/Investors.html. Presently there is no material Subsidiary Company.

CURRENT YEAR PERFORMANCE 2020-21

The Company started the year with the unprecedented COVID - 19 pandemic. Despite the initial problems of mobility of employees and dispatches, the Company could pick up later and continues with the regular operations. The production and turnover in the first two months of the year are normal. However, the effect of spread of the pandemic and consequent restrictions and lockdown cannot be estimated at this juncture. The Company is working at various options to ensure that it effectively navigates through the crisis and emerges stronger.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. The Company's policy requires conduct of operations in such a manner so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliance of environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources. The Company continues to provide





utmost attention to the conservation and improvement of the environment. Various provisions and precautions are taken to enable the Company to comply with the Pollution Control norms on a sustainable basis.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Members kind attention is invited about the recognition obtained for your R&D Centre by DSIR, New Delhi which was reported in the last year. Your Directors are glad to inform you that subsequent to the recognition, your R&D Centre also got specific approval to claim weighted deduction under the Income Tax Act, 1961. This will enable your Company to claim weighted deduction which will help your Company to get tax benefits. The savings on this account will be used to strengthen the R&D Centre to achieve many milestones. It is glad to inform you that your R&D Centre is progressing well in developing new products and processes to help your Company to achieve better results in the years to come.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

The Report on Management's Discussion and Analysis as required by the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 covering the industry structure and developments, threats, discussion financial performance, etc, is contained in the Management's Discussion and Analysis which forms an integral part of this report and annexed in "Annexure - A".

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Pursuant to Regulations 34 and Schedule V to the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Corporate Governance Report, together with the Certificate from Company's Auditors confirming the compliance of conditions on Corporate Governance is given in "Annexure - B".

DISCLOSURE U/S 134(3) OF THE ACT

Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 requires the Board's Report to include several additional contents and disclosures compared to the earlier law. Most of them have accordingly been made in Corporate Governance Report at appropriate places that forms an integral part of this report.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

The extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 as on March 31, 2020 pursuant to the provisions of Section 92 read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is available on the website of the Company at www.nagamills.com and is annexed in "Annexure-C" to this report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

While preparing the annual accounts, the Company has adhered to the following:

- a) In the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards referred to in Section 129 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Act, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- b) The Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;





- c) The Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) The Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a "going concern" basis;
- e) The Directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- f) The Directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

During the year, the Company had made investments as detailed below:-

S.No	Company Name	No. of Shares	Value(Rs. in Cr)				
Investr	ment in Associate Company :		•				
1	Annai Power Private Limited	26000	0.26				
2	Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited	17000	0.02				
Investr	Investment in Other Company:						
1	Mojro Technologies Private Limited, Bengaluru	21710	1.00				

During the year, the Company had provided Guarantee towards sanction of credit limits as detailed below:-

S.No	Company Name	Value(Rs. in Cr)
1	M.M. Detergents Company Private Limited	20.00

LOAN FROM DIRECTORS

During the year, Company has obtained loan from the Executive Directors as detailed below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Amount (Rs. in Cr)
1.	Sri.K.S.Kamalakannan	Chairman & Managing Director	0.25
2.	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Joint Managing Director	1.80
3.	Sri. Sounder Kannan	Whole-Time Director	0.35

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTY

The Corporate Governance Report contains relevant details on the nature of Related Party Transactions (RPTs) and the policy formulated by the Board on Material RPTs. Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with Related Parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 are furnished in accordance with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form AOC-2 in "Annexure - D".

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 forms part of this Report and is annexed in "Annexure - E".





CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 mandates every Company having minimum threshold limit of net worth, turnover or net profit as prescribed to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Board, formulation of a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy that shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 and duly approved by the Board, fix the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities and monitor the CSR Policy from time to time.

Since your Company exceeds the minimum threshold limits, constituted a CSR Committee of the Board and formulated a CSR Policy. The CSR Report forming part of this Report, is furnished in "Annexure - F". Regarding the CSR contribution, an amount of Rs. 0.20 Cr was unspent out of the total CSR to be spent of Rs. 0.81 Cr due to delayed take off of the identified projects. The reason for short spend is disclosed in CSR Report.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company complies with Secretarial Standards to the extent applicable.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

During the year under review, there was no change in the nature of business of the Company. There are no material changes and commitments in the business operations of the Company since the close of the financial year as on 31st March, 2020 to the date of this report.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information on conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo stipulated under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, is annexed in "Annexure - G".

CASH FLOW STATEMENT AND CONSOLIDATED ACCOUNTS

As required under Regulation 34(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, a Cash Flow Statement is attached to the Balance Sheet. The consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the relevant Accounting Standards and as per Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 forms an integral part of the Annual Report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

Internal Financial Controls are an integrated part of the risk management process, addressing financial and financial reporting risks. The internal financial controls have been documented and embedded in the business process. The details of the same are provided in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report attached in "Annexure - A" to this Report.

Assurance on the effectiveness of internal financial controls is obtained through management reviews, control self-assessment, continuous monitoring by functional experts as well as testing of the internal financial control systems by the internal auditor during the course of his audits. We believe that these systems provide reasonable assurance that our internal financial controls are designed effectively and are operating as intended.





INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Relation between Management and Employees were cordial throughout the year under review. The commitment, competence and dedication shown by employees of all divisions of the Company to achieve the targets is fully appreciated by the Company. The Company's HR Policy contains the structured induction process along with KRA based appraisal system for the better growth of the employees and the Company. The commitment of the Company in enhancing, nurturing and retaining the talents through superior learning and organisational development will enable the Company to achieve growth and sustainability in the long run.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A) Retirement by rotation and reappointment:

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, Sri. D. Vijay Anand (DIN 07400565), Technical Director, retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

B) Reappointment of Executive Directors:

During the year, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 12th February, 2020 reappointed Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director, Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Joint Managing Director, Sri. Sounder Kannan, Whole-Time Director and Sri. D. Vijay Anand, Technical Director for a further period of 3 years. The same has been approved by the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 24th March, 2020.

The details of the Committees along with their composition, number of meetings held and attendance at the meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report vide 'Annexure-B'.

AUDITORS

a) Statutory Auditors

M/s. D. Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants, Chennai Firm Registration No. 003556S were appointed as Statutory Auditors of your Company at the Annual General Meeting held on 12th September, 2016, for a term of five years.

In accordance with the Companies Amendment Act, 2017, notified on 7th May, 2018 by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the appointment of Statutory Auditors is not required to be ratified at every Annual General Meeting.

The Auditors Report to the Shareholders on the Standalone and Consolidated Financials for the year ended March 31, 2020 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse comment.

During the time of appointing M/s. D.Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants, while calculating the number of years during which they were Auditors in the previous years, number of years were wrongly accounted. This led to a decision that the two consequent terms for the Auditors will end on the conclusion of the 29th AGM (AY 2019-20). However, the first appointment of the Auditors for the year 31.03.2012 was approved at the 20th AGM of the Company held on 25.07.2011 and accordingly the term gets completed only on 31.03.2021 at the conclusion of 30th AGM. Thus, the period of 10 years starts from 31.03.2012 (AY 2011-12) and ends on 31.03.2021 (AY 2020-21). The subject needs the approval of the shareholders and accordingly included in the agenda for the 29th AGM.





b) Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s. G.S.R. & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, Chennai to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report for FY 2019-2020 in Form MR-3 is annexed in "Annexure - H". The report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

Further, in terms of the provisions of the Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/27/2019 dated February 8, 2019 issued by SEBI, the Company has obtained the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report, thereby confirming compliance of the applicable SEBI Regulations and circulars /guidelines issued thereunder, on behalf of the Company. The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

c) Cost Auditor

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) of the Act, the Board of Directors had appointed Dr. I. Ashok, Cost Accountant, Thirumangalam, having Registration No. 011929 as Cost Auditor of the Company, for conducting the audit of cost records of Detergents Division for the financial year 2019-20. The audit is in progress and report will be filed with the Ministry of Corporate affairs with in the prescribed period.

The Company is required to maintain cost records for certain products as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act and accordingly such accounts and records are made and maintained in the prescribed manner. The Board of Directors of the Company, has appointed Dr. I. Ashok, Cost Accountant, Thirumangalam, having Registration No. 011929 as the Cost Auditor of the Company to conduct the cost audit of Detergents & Minerals Divisions for the financial year 2020-21.

The remuneration proposed to be paid to the Cost Auditor, subject to the approval by the members of the Company at the ensuing 29th AGM, would be Rs. 50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand only) excluding taxes and out of pocket expenses, if any. The Company has received consent from Dr. I. Ashok, Cost Accountant, to act as the Cost Auditor for conducting audit of the cost records for the financial year 2019-20 along with a certificate confirming their independence and arm's length relationship.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Your Directors place on record their great appreciation of the tireless efforts of all the Executives and Employees of the Company for achieving the results despite various vagaries of business. The Directors also express their sincere thanks to the Government of India, Government of Tamil Nadu and Commercial Banks for their understanding, guidance and assistance and Dealers, Customers, Suppliers and Shareholders for their excellent support at all times.

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date: 29thJune, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589





ANNEXURE - A TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Strategic Location:

Naga Limited's Foods Division is located at Dindigul & in a leased premises at Aruppukottai. The total installed capacity is 1100 tons per day. The state of the art setup includes an entire Buhler plant with PLC control. The facility also consists of Silos for storage of wheat up to 64,000 tonnes. The Consumer Division of the Company has a productive capacity of 140 tons per day.

Detergents division is located at Vedasandur and has a production capacity of 3,00,000 tonnes per annum. Minerals Division, located at Dindigul has a production capacity of 2,00,000 tonnes per annum. The Energy division has 12 windmills of a capacity of 11.125 MW including solar power of 0.60 MW at various locations in Coimbatore, Dharapuram, Theni & Tirunelveli.

Industry Structure and Development:

The growth of already suffering Indian Economy took a serious turn of further deterioration due to the pandemic COVID-19. The growth rate was slashed to less than 1.9% by the World Bank. At this juncture, it is also to be noted that the wheat production in India touched an all time high figure of 105 MT for the year 2019-20.

Opportunities:

The Food Processing industry is of enormous significance as it provides vital linkages and synergies that it promotes between the two pillars of the economy viz. agriculture and industry. Food processing is considered as one of the six superstar sectors under the Government of India's "Make in India" initiative. Despite huge domestic market of 1.3 billion customers, the processing levels in India remain low at 7.7% behind several economies such as China, Malaysia and US. Your Company is well poised to take the opportunities. The products manufactured out of the finished goods of the Company are varied in nature. The per capita consumption of those products are very low in India thereby offering significant opportunities for growth for those manufacturers. This in turn offers excellent growth for your Company.

Threat:

As a branded goods business, your Company's success depends on the value and relevance of our brands and products to consumers and our ability to innovate and remain competitive. Our R&D Centre actively looks for ways in which to translate the trends in consumer preference and taste into new technologies for incorporation in future products.

Standalone Financial Performance:

Your Company recorded total revenue in FY 2019-20 of Rs. 1009.69 Cr as against Rs.851.32 Cr in the previous year. EBITDA for the year stood at Rs. 75.46 Cr as against Rs. 82.11 Cr achieved in the previous year.





(Rupees in Cr)

Particulars	Current year	Previous year
	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
Sales From Operations	1003.30	837.19
Other Income	6.39	14.13
Total Income	1009.69	851.32
Profit before Interest, Depreciation, Tax & Amortisation (EBIDTA)	75.46	82.11
Finance Cost	33.63	29.07
Depreciation	33.06	27.42
Taxation	(4.15)	7.50
Profit after Tax	12.92	18.12
EBITDA Margin %	7.52%	9.81%
Return on Average Capital Employed %(Before Interest and Tax)	12.58%	20.29%
Current Ratio	1.17	1.42
Debt Equity Ratio	1.57	1.15

Increased prices of raw materials and other component of expenses resulted in reduced profitability.

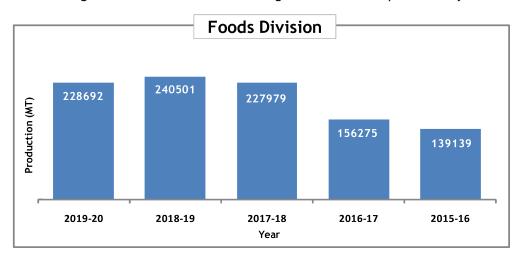
India Rating and Research (formerly known as FITCH India Ratings) enhanced the rating to BBB+(Stable) for the year 2019-20. The Company service all its debt obligations on time. Increased capital expenditure towards new projects in acquisition of new business units resulted in increased borrowings and payment of interest. Change in method of operation of the customer in Detergents Division resulted in increased stockholding. All the above resulted in reduced current ratio and increased debt equity ratio.

Segment-wise and Division-wise performance:

The Company reports the operation in two reporting segments viz. Foods & Windmill and Minerals & Detergents. The details of the segment revenue, results and capital employed are enclosed in Note 40 under 'Operating Segment' which forms part of the Consolidated Accounts.

Foods Division:

Despite a slight decrease in volume of production, there was a marginal increase in turnover due to better product mix and margins. This has resulted in marginal increase in profitability in this division.

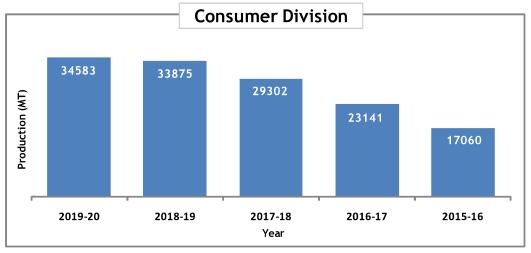


Consumer Division:

The perfomance has increased marginally this year. With the acquistion of Noodles and Pasta Units, the growth will be significant in the coming years.

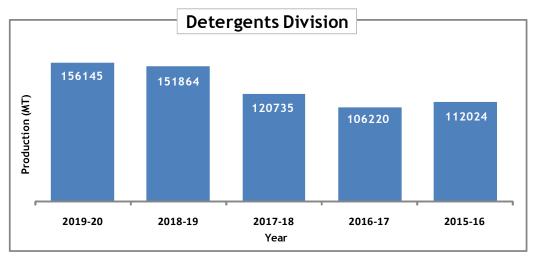






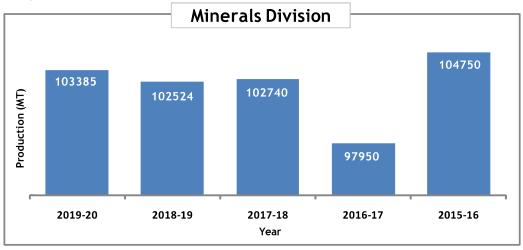
Detergents Division:

The Company is the third largest manufacturer of detergents for M/s. Hindustan Unilever Limited. The Production during the FY 2019-20 increased by 2.81% over previous year.



Minerals Division:

This division recorded a marginal increase in volume of product during the year under review as compared to the earlier year.

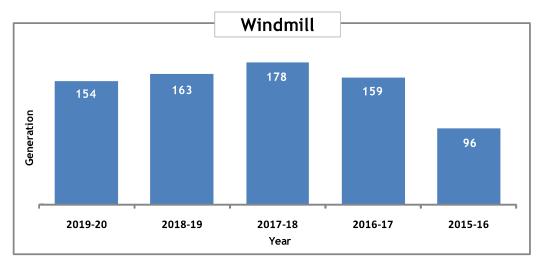




MAGA

Energy Division:

Presently, the Energy division has 12 windmills. This division has generated 154 Lakhs units in the year 2019-20 as compared to 163 Lakhs units in the earlier year.



Risk Management:

The focus of risk management is to assess risks and deploy mitigation process. The Audit Committee and the Board periodically reviews the risks and suggest steps to be taken to manage/mitigate the same through a properly defined framework. Your Company has identified the following risks.

Key Risk	Impact to Naga Limited	Mitigation Plan
Voltality in Input Costs	The prices of raw materials used in the Food division depends upon various factors like weather, market fluctuations, effects of government policies on agricultural programs etc.	While many factors are responsible for raw material prices, it is significant to note that materials are available in plenty from different sources to enable the Company source it without much difficulties.
Competition Price risk	Intense competition is faced for selling our products in the major markets. Competition is severe with well-advertised, well known, branded including private branded and customized products.	The products of your Company are well known brands of the customers with better quality, best prices and with an efficient customer service. Hence your Company is able to perform better despite the competition and threat.
Product Quality and Integrity	The products have to meet the stringent quality parameters to enable the Company stay in the market.	The vision of the Company for quality "Right Quality first time every time" is a key enabler to help provide a premium customer experience.
Socio economic risk	Customers shifting to more generic, low priced and publicity oriented products. This may lead to reduction in sales and shifting of production and sales to lower margin products there by affecting the results.	Our primary production and sales largely comprises of catering to specific customers based on their preferences and matching our supplies to the specific demands of those customers.
Interest Rate risk	Your Company's level of debt poses vulnerability to economic and industry conditions thereby becoming uncompetitive.	We ensure budgeted targets of production, sales and profits to mitigate the vulnerability of this particular risk.
Health, Safety, Security and Enviornment (HSSE)	These are critical areas involving humans and various stringent statutory procedures to be followed.	From the very beginning we scrupulously follow all rules, regulations, laws and stipulations to remain safe on all the statutory norms. Our continuous compliance with all laws helps us risk free enabling us concentrate on business.





Internal Control System and their adequacy:

The Company maintains all the records in ERP System developed exclusively for your Company and the work flow and majority approvals are routed through this system. The Company has laid down adequate systems and well-drawn procedures for ensuring internal financial controls. It has appointed an external Chartered Accountant as Internal Auditor for periodically checking and monitoring the internal control measures. Internal Auditor is present at the Audit committee meetings where internal audit reports are discussed alongside of Managements comments and final observation of the Internal Auditor. The Board of Directors have adopted various policies like Related Party Transaction Policy and Whistle Blower Policy and put in place budgetary control and monitoring measures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the business of the Company, the safeguarding of its Assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information. The Statutory Auditors have also expressed satisfaction with the existing system in their audit report to Shareholders.

Material developments in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front, including number of people employed:

Relations between the Management and the labour were cordial throughout the year under review. Currently, the Company employs 1134 persons of all ranks in its all Units.

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date: 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589





ANNEXURE - B TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Principles of Corporate Governance as required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are complied with in all respects by the Company. The policies, procedures and processes of the Company are at all times directed in furtherance of following the best practices and institutionalizing the Code of Corporate Governance.

This Report is furnished in terms of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Auditors' certificate on Corporate Governance, as prescribed is also attached. Further this Report also discloses relevant information in terms Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and forms an integral part of the Board's Report to Shareholders.

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance has several claimants, viz., Shareholders and other Stakeholders which include Suppliers, Customers, Creditors, Bankers, Employees of the Company, the Government and the Society at large. The three key aspects of Corporate Governance are accountability, transparency and equality of treatment for all Stakeholders. The fundamental objective of Corporate Governance is the "enhancement of Shareholder value, keeping in view the interest of other Stakeholders". In the above context, the Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is

- · To have systems in place which will allow sufficient freedom to the Board of Directors and Management to take decision towards the progress of the Company and to innovate while remaining within a framework of effective accountability.
- · To provide transparent corporate disclosures and adopt high quality accounting practices.
- Timely and proper determination of material price sensitive information and ensure insiders do not transact in securities of the Company till such information is made public.
- To adopt good Corporate Governance Policies that will constitute to the efficiency of the enterprise, creation of wealth for the Shareholders and Country's economy.

A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

i) Board Composition:

- a) The composition of the Board is devised in a manner to have optimal blend of expertise drawn from Industry, Management and Finance.
- b) As on 31st March, 2020, the Board consists of 8 Directors. All except, the Chairman and Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Whole Time Director and Technical Director are Non-Executive Independent Directors and thus constitute one half of the total number of Directors. The Board also consists of a Woman Director who is the Executive Director.
- c) The Chairman and Managing Director is not liable to retire by rotation. All the other Non-Independent Directors retire by rotation and in the normal course seek reappointment at the Annual General Meeting. Brief resume of the Directors seeking appointment/ reappointment is given in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting (AGM).





d) No Director holds membership of more than 10 Committees of the Board nor is Chairman of more than 5 such Committees, as stipulated in SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. In terms of Schedule V(C)(2)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby declared that Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan, Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Sri. Sounder Kannan and Sri. D. Vijay Anand are related to each other. The age of every Director including Independent Director is above 21 Years.

The Composition of the Board of Directors, shareholding and other details are furnished hereunder:

S.No.	Name of the Directors	Number of Shares held	Executive/ Non-Executive	Promoter/Independent
1.	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	6070570	Executive Director	Promoter
2.	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	1855220	Executive Director	Promoter
3.	Sri. Sounder Kannan	817855	Executive Director	Promoter
4.	Sri. D. Vijay Anand	Nil	Executive Director	Promoter
5.	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	400	Non Executive Director	Independent Director
6.	Sri. S. Ramesh	Nil	Non Executive Director	Independent Director
7.	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Nil	Non Executive Director	Independent Director
8.	Sri. S. Neelakantan	Nil	Non Executive Director	Independent Director

ii) Independent Directors:

- a) The Chairman and Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Whole-Time Director and Technical Director are Executives and fall under Promoter category. The number of Independent Directors constitutes one half of the total strength. Any reduction in the strength of Independent Directors will be filled within 3 months for ensuring minimum stipulated strength of Independent Directors in the Board.
- b) Independent Directors are appointed for a tenure of 5 years taking into account the transitory provision under Section 149(11) of the Act. They would be eligible for one more term on passing a Special Resolution by Members. No Independent Director of the Company serves in more than seven Listed Companies as Independent Director.
- c) Independent Directors have been issued Letter of Appointment and terms thereof have been posted on the Company's website: www.nagamills.com.
- d) The Company has formulated a familiarisation programme for Independent Directors with the objective of making them familiar with their role, responsibilities, rights, nature of the industry, business model and compliance management. The details of the programme have been uploaded on the Company's website: www.nagamills.com.
- e) All the Independent Directors have given the declaration pursuant to Section 149(7) of the Act, affirming that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in sub-section (6).
- f) In the opinion of the Board all the Independent Directors fulfill the conditions for being appointed as Independent Director as specified in the Companies Act, 2013 & SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.





g) Registration in INED Databank:

All Independent Directors have registered under the "Independent Directors' Databank" as maintained by Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs and the details are furnished hereunder:

S.No.	Name of the Independent Directors'	Registrtion No in the Independent Directors' Databank	Valid From	Valid To
1.	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	IDDB-DI-202006-019165	08.06.2020	07.06.2021
2.	Sri. S. Ramesh	IDDB-DI-202002-012463	28.02.2020	27.02.2025
3.	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	IDDB-DI-202002-008427	07.02.2020	06.02.2021
4.	Sri. S. Neelakantan	IDDB-DI-202004-024253	20.04.2020	19.04.2021

h) Attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings held during the financial year 2019-20 and the last Annual General Meeting is furnished hereunder:

S.No.	Name of the Directors	Board M	eeting	Last AGM held on September 26, 2019	
3.110.	S.No. Name of the birectors		Attended	Attended	Not Attended
1.	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	4	4	Yes	-
2.	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	4	4	Yes	-
3.	Sri. Sounder Kannan	4	4	Yes	-
4.	Sri. D. Vijay Anand	4	4	Yes	-
5.	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	4	4	Yes	-
6.	Sri. S. Ramesh	4	4	Yes	-
7.	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	4	4	Yes	-
8.	Sri. S. Neelakantan	4	2	Yes	-

(i)The Details of Directorships, Relationship inter-se, Number of Directorships and Committee Chairmanships/Memberships held by them in other Public Companies as on 31st March, 2020 are detailed below:

Name of the	Relationship with	Category	Numbe		Numb	er of	Directorship
Director	each other		Directors	ship in	Committee		in other
			Other F	Public	position	s held	listed entity
			Compa	nies	in other	Public	(Category of
					Compa	anies	Directors hip)
			Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member	
Sri. K.S.	Husband of Smt.	Promoter -	NIL	2	NIL	NIL	-
Kamalakannan	Mageswari Kannan,	Executive					
DIN 01601589	Father of Sri. Sounder						
	Kannan, Father-in-law						
	of Sri. D. Vijay Anand						
Smt. Mageswari	Wife of Sri. K.S.	Promoter -	NIL	2	NIL	NIL	-
Kannan	Kamalakannan, Mother	Executive					
DIN 02107556	of Sri. Sounder Kannan,						
	Mother-in-Law of						
	Sri. D. Vijay Anand						





Sri. Sounder Kannan DIN 01603823	Son of Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan & Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Brother-in-law of Sri. D. Vijay Anand	Promoter - Executive	NIL	1	NIL	NIL	-
Sri. D. Vijay Anand DIN 07400565	Son-in-law of Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan & Smt. Mageswari Kannan, Brother-in-law of Sri. Sounder Kannan	Promoter - Executive	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	-
Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj DIN 01973946	-	Independent - Non-Executive	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	-
Sri. S. Ramesh DIN 01620265	-	Independent - Non-Executive	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	-
Dr. K. Venkatachalam Director in DIN 01062171	-	Independent - Non-Executive	NIL	1	1	4	Independent Director in Ambika Cotton Mills Limited
Sri. S. Neelakantan DIN 01474064	-	Independent - Non-Executive	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	-

(a) Core skills/expertise/competence of Directors:

Given below are the key skills/expertise/competence identified the Board of Directors which are required by them in the context of business and sector of the Company to function effectively and available with them:

Name of the Director	Skills/Expertise/Competence
Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	Technology, Financial, Leadership, Sustainability, Diversity, Global Business, Board Service & Governance, Merger and Acquistion and ESG.
Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Financial, Sustainability, Diversity, Board Service & Governance and ESG.
Sri. Sounder Kannan	Leadership, Sustainability, Diversity and Global Business.
Sri. D. Vijay Anand	Technology, Leadership, Sustainability and Diversity.
Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	Financial, Leadership, Sustainability, Board Service & Governance and ESG.
Sri. S. Ramesh	Financial, Leadership, Diversity and Sustainability.
Sri. S. Neelakantan	Financial, Leadership, Sustainability, Diversity, Global Business and Merger and Acquistion.
Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Financial, Leadership, Sustainability, Diversity, Board Service & Governance and ESG.

^{*} ESG - Environment, Social and Governance

The Board is satisfied that its Directors possess requisite skills for the effective functioning of the Company.





(b) Orientation of newly elected Directors and updation strategy:

The Company makes a presentation on the functioning of the Company to the newly elected Directors. Quarterly reports of the various Divisions of the Company are circulated to the Directors to familiarize the functioning and for updating the latest situation. Any new change or extraordinary happenings are intimated to the Directors then and there. Division Heads present at the Audit Committee meetings and makes a presentation of the quarterly performance along with explanations.

B. BOARD PROCESS

i) Board Meetings:

The Board Meeting dates are tentatively fixed before the start of the year. Audit Committee and Board Meetings are convened on the same day to obviate avoidable travel and recognizing the time constraints of the Independent Directors.

Notice for Board Meetings is issued normally three weeks in advance. Detailed Agenda papers are circulated one week in advance.

During the financial year 2019-20, Four Board Meetings were held on May 23, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 11, 2019 and February 12, 2020. The Annual General Meeting was held on September 26, 2019. Interval between any two Board Meetings was not more than 120 days. No Board Meetings were conducted through video conferencing or other audio visual means.

ii) Board Proceedings:

Board Meetings are governed by structured Agenda containing comprehensive information and extensive details that are circulated well in advance. Urgent issues and procedural matters are at times tabled at the meeting with prior approval of Chairman and consent of all present. Power Point presentation is made to facilitate pointed attention and purposeful deliberations at the meetings.

The Board periodically reviews Compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company and takes proactive steps to guide against the slippages and take remedial measures as appropriate. The Board is appraised of risk assessment and minimization procedures that are periodically reviewed. The Board is committed to discharge all key functions and responsibilities as spell out in the Companies Act, 2013, extant SEBI Regulations and provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The governance process includes effective post meeting follow up and reporting process for pending decisions for approval of the Board.

iii) Board Minutes:

Draft Board Minutes prepared by the Company Secretary are placed at the Meeting and updated for changes based on discussions thereat. After approval by Chairman, these are placed at the succeeding meeting for confirmation and record.

C. BOARD COMMITTEES

i) Audit Committee:

The Board has constituted an Audit Committee comprising three Non-Executive Independent Directors and the Joint Managing Director of the Company, with more than two-third being independent. The Chairman of the Audit Committee is an Independent Director and was present at the Annual General Meeting of the





Company. It meets at regular intervals not exceeding 120 days between any two consecutive meetings and subject to a minimum of 4 meetings in a year. Division Heads are present as invitees while CFO, Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditor are also present in most meetings.

The Audit Committee conforms to Section 177 of the Act and extant SEBI guidelines in all respects concerning its constitution, meetings, functioning, role and powers, mandatory review of required information, approval of related party transactions and accounting treatment for major items. Appointments of Statutory Auditors, Cost Auditor, GST Auditors, Secretarial Auditors and Internal Auditor are done on recommendation of the Audit Committee.

All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board of Directors of the Company. During the year, the Audit Committee met Four times on May 23, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 11, 2019 and February 12, 2020.

Its composition and attendance during 2019-20 is given hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Attendance
1	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	Chairman	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4
2	Sri. S. Ramesh	Member	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4
3	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Member	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4
4	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Member	Promoter - Executive Director	4 out of 4

Members of the Audit Committee have requisite financial and management expertise. Sri. V. Marikannan, Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee.

ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

The Board of Directors has constituted a Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board comprising of three Independent Directors.

The powers, role and terms of reference of the Committee cover the areas as contemplated under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, besides other terms as may be referred by the Board of Directors.

The role includes:

- · Formulation of criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director;
- Recommending to the Board a remuneration policy for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior
 Management;
- · Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board;
- · Devising a policy on Board diversity;
- Identification of persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board their appointment and removal.





The Committee met Four times during the year on May 23, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 11, 2019 and February 12, 2020. Its composition and attendance during 2019-20 is given hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Attendance
1	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	Chairman	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4
2	Sri. S. Ramesh	Member	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4
3	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Member	Non Executive - Independent Director	4 out of 4

iii) Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

The Board has constituted a Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Its role and responsibility is to expeditiously process and approve transactions in securities, complying with SEBI Regulations and listing requirements and redressal of investor grievances. The Committee oversees and monitors the performance of the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents and devises measures for over all improvement in quality of investor services.

The Committee currently comprises of 3 Directors, out of which one is Non-Executive Independent Director who also heads the Committee. The Committee met Four times in the year 2019-20 on May 23, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 11, 2019 and February 12, 2020.

Its composition and attendance during 2019-20 is given hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Attendance
1	Sri. S. Ramesh	Chairman	Non Executive -	4 out of 4
			Independent Director	
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Member	Promoter -	4 out of 4
			Executive Director	
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan	Member	Promoter -	4 out of 4
			Executive Director	

Status of investor's complaints is shown in the Shareholder information section of this report. Pursuant to Regulation 13(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, quarterly reports on the compliance of investor grievances are filed with the Stock Exchanges. Half-yearly compliance certificate signed by both the Company and the Share Transfer Agent are filed within one month in reference to Regulation 7 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Name, designation and address of Compliance Officer: Sri. V. Marikannan, Company Secretary, Naga Limited, No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600001, Telephone: +91 44 25363535, Mobile: 07708111315 & email id: marikannany@nagamills.com.





A summary of various complaints received and cleared by the Company during the FY 2019-20 is given below:

Nature of Complaint	Received	Cleared
Request for Transmission	1	1
Non-receipt of Dividend Warrant	1	1
Non-receipt of Share Certificates	0	0
Miscellaneous	0	0

Normally all complaints /queries are disposed off expeditiously. The Company had no complaint pending at the close of the financial year.

iv) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee:

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as mandated by Section 135 of the Act. The policy on CSR formulated by the Company is uploaded on the website of the Company: www.nagamills.com. The Committee has met four times in the year 2019-20 on May 23, 2019, August 13, 2019, November 11, 2019 and February 12, 2020.

Its composition and attendance during 2019-20 is given hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Attendance
1	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Chairman	Non Executive -	4 out of 4
			Independent Director	
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Member	Promoter -	4 out of 4
			Executive Director	
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan	Member	Promoter -	4 out of 4
			Executive Director	

v) Other Committees:

The Board has constituted a Finance Committee to facilitate quick action in relation to borrowal of money (otherwise than by issue of derivatives) and investments to be made by the Company within limits approved by the Board and take necessary actions in this connection including refinancing for optimizing the borrowing costs. This Committee meets as and when need arises to consider any matter referred to it.

The Committee met 12 times during the year 2019-20 on April 03, 2019, May 02, 2019, June 10, 2019, June 20, 2019, July 18, 2019, August 14, 2019, October 10, 2019, October 24, 2019, December 05, 2019, January 20, 2020, February 21, 2020 and March 10, 2020.

Its composition and attendance during 2019-20 is given hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Directors	Position	Category	Attendance
1	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	Chairman	Promoter -	12 out of 12
			Executive Director	
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	Member	Promoter -	12 out of 12
			Executive Director	
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan	Member	Promoter -	12 out of 12
			Executive Director	





vi) Committee Minutes:

Minutes of all the Committees of the Board are prepared by the Company Secretary of the Company and approved by the Chairman of the Meeting. These are placed at the succeeding Committee Meetings for confirmation and then circulated to the Board in the Agenda for being recorded thereat.

vii) Circular Resolution:

Recourse to Circular Resolution is made in exceptional and emergent cases that are recorded at the succeeding Board/ Committee Meetings. Circular resolution passed during the year.

S. No.	Date of Circulation	ltem	Approval	Recording in the Board/ Committee Meeting
1	12-09-2019	To consider and Appointment of Nodal Officer - IEPF of the Company.	8 out of 8	Board Meeting dt. 11.11.2019

D. GOVERNANCE PROCESS AND POLICIES

i) Policy on Directors' Appointment and Remuneration:

The Board on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has approved a Nomination and Remuneration policy which is uploaded in the Company's website: www.nagamills.com. It, inter alia, deals with the manner of selection of Board of Directors and Managing Director and their remuneration. This policy is accordingly derived from the said Chapter.

1. Criteria for selection of Non-Executive Directors:

- a) The Committee will identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director.
- b) Directors would be chosen from diverse fields of expertise drawn from industry, management, finance and other disciplines.
- c) In case of appointment of Independent Directors, the Committee will satisfy itself with regard to the independent nature of the Directors vis-a-vis the Company, confirming in entirety to the conditions specified under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Schedule IV thereto and the Rules made thereunder and the Listing Agreement.
- d) The Committee will ensure that the candidate identified for appointment as a Director is not disqualified in any manner under Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- e) In the case of re-appointment of Non-Independent Director, the Board will take into consideration the performance evaluation of the Director and his/her engagement level.

2. Remuneration policy:

The Remuneration policy aims at attracting and retaining suitable talent and devising a remuneration package commensurate with competition, size of the Company, its nature of business and considered appropriate to the respective role and responsibilities of the employee concerned.

The Remuneration policy seeks to ensure that performance is recognized and achievements rewarded. Remuneration package is transparent, fair and simple to administer, besides being legal and tax compliant.





The policy recognizes the inherent constraint in relating remuneration to individual performance and fixing a meaningful benchmark for variable pay due to the nature of the industry. Employee compensation is not allowed to get significantly impacted by external adversities that are admittedly beyond their realm of control.

3. Remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs):

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee recommends the remuneration of Directors and KMPs which is approved by the Board of Directors and where necessary, further approved by the Shareholders through ordinary or special resolution, as applicable. Remuneration comprises of both fixed and variable pay. However, the share of variable pay is so devised as to factor in the volatile changes in profit levels inherent to the nature of industry in which the Company operates.

The Chairman and Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Whole-Time Director and Technical Director are the only Executive Directors entitled for managerial remuneration. Their remuneration for the financial year 2019-20 is disclosed under Note No. 45 of the Standalone Financial Statements.

Certain relatives of the Executive Directors are working as employees in the Company. This has been specifically disclosed in the Financial Statements pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Other than sitting fees and direct equity holding, there is no pecuniary relationship or transaction between the Company and its Non-Executive Directors. No stock option has been issued by the Company to Executive Directors.

Non-Whole Time Directors are paid sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee Meetings in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company.

4. (i) Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors for 2019-20:

S. No.	Name of the Non-Executive Director	Sitting Fees Paid
1	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	Rs. 60,000/-
2	Sri. S. Ramesh	Rs. 60,000/-
3	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	Rs. 60,000/-
4	Sri. S. Neelakantan	Rs. 30,000/-

(ii) Performance Evaluation:

The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, approved the Board Evaluation Framework. It has laid down specific criteria for performance evaluation covering:

- Evaluation of Board Process
- · Evaluation of Committees
- · Individual evaluation of Board Members and the Chairperson
- · Individual evaluation of Independent Directors.

Pursuant to the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI in January 2017 to improve the evaluation process by listed entities, the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 12th February 2020 based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee approved the criteria for performance evaluation for Independent Directors and Board of Directors.





Evaluation of all Board Members is done on an annual basis. Templates incorporating specific attributes are used and commonly agreed comments and remarks are recorded against each attribute.

The Independent Directors in their exclusive meeting held on 12th February, 2020 did the evaluation on the performance of Chairperson, Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole. They have expressed overall satisfaction on such evaluation. All except one Independent Director were present at the meeting.

The Board, at its meeting held on 24th March, 2020, evaluated the performance and the functioning of each of the Independent Directors (excluding the Independent Directors being evaluated). The Board has recorded its overall satisfaction and decided in terms of Para VIII(2) of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 that Independent Directors be continued in their respective offices.

(iii) Insider Trading:

The Company had framed a Code of Conduct for prevention of Insider Trading based on SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992. This Code was applicable to all Directors and designated employees. It is hereby affirmed that all Directors and designated employees have complied with this Code during the financial year 2019-20 and a confirmation to this effect has been obtained from them.

SEBI, in January 2015, has notified a new set of Regulations, namely SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 that has come into force from 15th May, 2015. In terms of these Regulations, the Company in super session of the earlier Code formulated the:

- 1. Code of Practices and Procedures for fair disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information; and
- 2. Minimum Standard for Code of Conduct to regulate, monitor and report trading by Insiders.

These have been uploaded in the Company's website and Stock Exchange advised of the same.

The trading window shall remain closed during the period when designated persons in terms of the Regulations can reasonably be expected to have possession of unpublished price sensitive information. In any event, the trading window shall remain closed from the end of every quarter till 48 hours after declaration of financial results.

The Company Secretary is designated as the Compliance officer for this purpose. The Audit Committee monitors the adherence to various requirements as set out in the code.

(iv) Code of Conduct:

The Board has formulated a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management Personnel of the Company which is posted on its Website. It is hereby affirmed that all the Directors and Senior Management Personnel have complied with the Code and a confirmation to this effect has been obtained from them individually for the financial year 2019-20.

Further, the Senior Management Personnel have declared to the Board that no material financial or commercial transactions were entered into by them during the financial year 2019-20 where they have personal interest that may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

Declaration signed by CEO affirming the above is attached in Annexure-I.





(v) Related Party Transactions:

The Board has formulated a policy on Related Party Transactions (RPTs). It has also fixed the materiality threshold under this policy at 10% of its turnover as per the last audited financial statements. Transactions with a related party individually or taken together in a financial year crossing this 10% threshold would be considered material. The policy has been uploaded in the Company's website.

All RPTs during the financial year 2019-20 were on arm's length basis and were in ordinary course of business. They have been disclosed in reference to Accounting Standard 18 in Note No.45 in the Standalone Financial Statements. None of these transactions are likely to have a conflict with the Company's interest.

All RPTs have the approval of Audit Committee. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee & Shareholders approval are obtained for the transactions that are material and repetitive in nature.

None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationship or transactions other than the remuneration duly disclosed vis-a-vis the Company.

(vi) Risk Management:

The Company has a risk management frame work to identify and evaluate business risks and opportunities. It seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on the business objective and enhance the Company's competitive advantages. It aims at ensuring that the executive management controls the risk through means of a properly defined frame work.

The Company has laid down appropriate procedures to inform the Board about the risk assessment and minimisation procedures. The Board periodically revisits and reviews the overall risk management plan for making desired changes in response to the dynamics of the business.

Key areas of risks identified and mitigation plans are covered in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report. The Company is not currently required to constitute a Risk Management Committee.

(vii) Whistle Blower Policy:

In reference to Section 177 (a) of the Act, read with relevant Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has established a vigil mechanism overseen by the Audit Committee. This has been uploaded in the Company's website.

No Complaints under this facility was received in the financial year 2019-20 and no personnel had requested access to the Audit Committee under this policy during 2019-20.

(viii) Anti Sexual Harassment Policy:

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received on sexual harassment in due complaince with the provisions relating to the same under the said Act. All employee (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees, etc.) are covered under this policy.

No complaints on sexual harassment was received during the financial year 2019-20.





S. No.	Particulars	Status of the No. of complaints received and disposed off
1	Number of complaints on Sexual harassment received	Nil
2	Number of Complaints disposed off during the year	Not Applicable
3	Number of cases pending for more than ninety days	Not Applicable
4	Number of workshops or awareness programme against sexual harassment carried out	The Company regularly conducts necessary awareness programmes for its employees
5	Nature of action taken by the employer or district officer	Not Applicable

(ix) Document Preservation:

Pursuant to Regulation 9 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has formed a policy for preservation of records. This policy covers all corporate records of the Company whether in paper or digital form and applies to all departments and business functions of the Company. This policy has been uploaded on Company's website.

E. OTHER COMPLIANCE

(i) Management Discussion and Analysis:

Management Discussion and Analysis Report is made in conformity with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and is attached to the Board's Report forming part of the Annual Report of the Company.

(ii) Quarterly Financial Results:

Pursuant to SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, Quarterly Financial Results are approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. These are communicated to Stock Exchange by email after the conclusion of the Board Meeting and published in leading dailies, as required within the stipulated time. These are also immediately posted on the Company's website.

(iii) Quarterly Compliance Report:

The Company has submitted for each of the four quarters during the year 2019-20 the Compliance Report on Corporate Governance to Stock Exchange in the prescribed format within 15 days form the close of each quarter.

(iv) Online Filing - SCORES:

SEBI requires all Listed Companies to process investor complaints in a centralized web based complaint system called "SEBI Complaints Redress System (SCORES)". All complaints received from Shareholders of Listed Companies are posted in this system. Listed Companies are advised to view the complaint and submit Action Taken Report (ATR) with supporting documents in SCORES.

During the year, there were no complaints on your Company posted at SCORES site.





(v) Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit:

Quarterly Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Reports, on reconciliation of the total admitted capital with NSDL/CDSL and the total issued and listed capital, were furnished to the Stock Exchange on the following dates:

For the Quarter Ended	Furnished on
30.06.2019	15.07.2019
30.09.2019	11.10.2019
31.12.2019	20.01.2020
31.03.2020	24.04.2020

(vi) Accounting Treatment:

In the preparation of financial statements, no accounting treatment different from that prescribed in any Accounting Standard has been followed.

(vii) Cost Auditor:

Cost Audit was applicable to one of the Division of your Company for the financial year 2019-20.

(viii) Secretarial Auditor:

Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s. GSR & Co, Practicing Company Secretaries (CP No.4966), to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial year 2019-20. The Secretarial Audit Report was placed before the Board on 29th June, 2020 and the same is annexed.

There are no qualifications in the Secretarial Audit Report.

Secretarial Compliance Certificate:

SEBI vide Circular dated 8thFebruary, 2019 mandated all Listed Companies for filing of Compliance Certificate by Practicing Company Secretary with Stock Exchange within 60 days from the end of the Financial Year. The Company obtained the certificate from M/s. GSR & Co, Practicing Company Secretaries and the same is filed with Stock Exchange on 1st July, 2020.

Certificate from Practicing Company Secretaries confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Board /MCA or any such statutory authority is provided in Annexure -II.

(ix) Internal Auditor:

Pursuant to Section 138(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has appointed Sri. R. Balakrishnan, B.Com, FCA (M.No.23300), Dindigul, to conduct Internal Audit of the functions and activities of the Company for the financial year 2019-20. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Chairman and attends all Audit Committee Meetings to provide clarification, if any, that may be required by Directors.

(x) CEO/CFO Certificate:

CEO Certification by Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director and CFO Certification by Sri. T. R. Sivaraman, Chief Financial Officer as required under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 were placed before the Board at its meeting on 29th June, 2020.

(xi) Review of Directors' Responsibility Statement:

The Board in its Report has confirmed that the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020 have been prepared as per applicable Accounting Standard and policies and that sufficient care has been taken for maintaining adequate accounting records.





(xii) Auditors' Certificate on Corporate Governance:

Certificate of Statutory Auditors has been obtained on the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance in reference to Para E of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the same is annexed. Copy of the Certificate is furnished to the Stock Exchange as required.

(xiii) Subsidiary Companies:

M/s. Naga Far East Private Limited, Singapore and M/s. Naga Mills Private Limited, Bangladesh are the wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company. The Company has in accordance with the amendments to Listing Regulations revised the Policy for determining material subsidiaries. The said policy may be accessed on the website of the Company at www.nagamills.com. The Company has no material subsidiary Company.

(xiv) Deposits:

The Company has not accepted deposits from the public and there are no outstanding dues in respect thereof.

(xv) Peer Review of Auditors:

As per the Listing Agreement, the Limited Review Audit Reports shall be given only by an Auditor who has subjected himself to the Peer Review process and holds a valid Certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Statutory Auditors of the Company, M/s. D Sampathkumar & Co., have undergone the Peer Review Process and have been issued requisite certificate that was placed before the Audit Committee.

(xvi) Statutory Audit Fees for year 2019-20:

S.No	Particulars	Amount (Rs.in Crores)
1	Statutory Audit Fees	0.06
2	Taxation Matters	0.01

F. COMPLIANCE WITH NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

(i) Shareholders' Rights:

Quarterly Audited Financial Results on the Company's financial performance are posted on the Company's website and advertised in newspapers.

(ii) Abridged Accounts:

Section 136(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 permits circulation of abridged Accounts in lieu of full-fledged Annual Report. The Company, has however not exercised this option and continues to send Annual Report in full form to all Shareholders.

(iii) Green Initiative:

The Company has sought Shareholders' Cooperation to fall in line with the Green Initiatives of the Central Government by way of sending communications in electronic mode.

(iv) Audit Qualifications:

The Company since inception has ensured to remain in the regime of unqualified financial statements. In deference to SEBIs Circular dated 25th May, 2016, Annual Financial Results for the Year 2019-20 are being filed with the Stock Exchange along with the declaration by the Chief Financial Officer confirming that the Auditors' Report on Annual Financial Results containing unmodified opinion.





G. DISCLOSURES

- (i) No Strictures/ penalties have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authorities on any matters related to the capital market during the last 3 years.
- (ii) No significant and material orders were passed by the Regulators, Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's operations in future.
- (iii)No loan or advance in the nature of loan was made during or outstanding at the close of the year to Associate/Firms/Companies in which a Director of the Company is interested. Accordingly, no disclosure in terms of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 on this score is applicable.

H. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Board Meeting/ Financial Results:

The Company publishes Notice of Board Meeting to consider quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results in "News Today" in English and "Malai Sudar" in Tamil and the quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results in "Business Standard" in English and "Malai Sudar" in Tamil.

The results published also show as footnote relevant additional information/disclosures to the Investors.

Financial Results are:

- a) E-mailed to Stock Exchange immediately after the conclusion of the Board Meeting.
- b) Posted on the Company's website: www.nagamills.com.
- c) During the year, no presentation was made to institutional investors or analysts nor any official news release made by the Company. The Company has no agreement with any media company for public dissemination of its corporate information.

Chairman's Communique:

Chairman's speech is printed along with Annual Accounts and attached with Report forming part of the printed Annual Accounts.

Website:

The Company maintains a functional website www.nagamills.com that contains relevant information updated in time and complies with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

As per the directions of SEBI, the Company has created an exclusive email ID viz, marikannanv@nagamills.com for redressal of investor grievances.

I. GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS INFORMATION

i) Details of Twenty Nineth Annual General Meeting:

Date and Time	Friday, the 14 th August, 2020, 12.10 P.M.	
Financial Year	2019-20	
Book Closure dates	Saturday the 8 th August, 2020 to Friday the 14 th August, 2020 (both days inclusive)	





ii) Particulars of past three Annual General Meetings:

AGM/Year	Venue	Date & Time	Special Resolution Passed	% of Total valid votes cast in favour of the Resoultion
26th AGM 2016-17	Presidency Club, 51, Ethiraj Salai, Egmore, Chennai - 600 008	19.08.2017 & 01.00 P.M.	 Re-appointment of CMD. Re-appointment of CMD. Re-appointment of WTD. Revision of Remuneration of WTD 	100% 100% 100% 100%
EGM 2017-18	No. 1, Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624 005.	23.03.2018 & 10.00 A.M.	Approval of Material RPT for FY-2018-19 Revision of Remuneration to Smt. Lakshmi vijayanand, Business Head	100% 100%
			Revision of Remuneration to Smt. Monaa Kannan, Business Head	100%
			 Revision of Remuneration to Ms. M. Jayalalitha, Business Head 	100%
			5. Revision of Remuneration to Sri. Sukumar, Business Head	100%
27th AGM	Presidency Club, 51,	28.09.2018	1. Appointment of Sri. S. Neelakandan	100%
2017-18	Ethiraj Salai, Egmore,	& 12.10 P.M.	2. Appointment of Sri. D. Vijayaanand	100%
	Chennai - 600 008		3. Remuneration to Cost Auditor.	100%
			4. Revision of remuneration to JMD.	100%
			5. Revision of remuneration to WTD.	100%
			6. Revision of remuneration to TD.	100%
EGM 2018-19	No. 1, Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624 005.	26.03.2019 & 11.00 A.M.	 Approval for Material RPT for FY 2019-20. 	100%
			2. Approval for Material RPT with MMD	100%
			3. Approval for giving Gurantee to MMD	100%
28th	Presidency	26.09.2019	1. Remuneration to Cost Auditor	100%
AGM 2018-19	Club, 51, Ethiraj Salai, Egmore,	& 11.00 A.M.	Re-appointment of Sri. S. Ramesh as an Independent Director	100%
	Chennai-600 008		Re-appointment of Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj as an Independent Director	100%
			4. Revision of remuneration to CMD.	100%
			5. Revision of remuneration to JMD.	100%
			6. Revision of remuneration to WTD.	100%
			7. Revision of remuneration to TD.	100%
EGM 2019-20	No.1, Trichy Road, Dindigul	24.03.2020 & 11.00	1. Approval for material RPT for FY 2019-20	100%
	-624 005.	A.M.	2. Approval for material RPT with MMD	100%
			3. Re-appointment of WTD	100%
			4. Re-appointment of CMD	100%
			5. Re-appointment of JMD	100%
			6. Re-appointment of TD	100%





iii) Postal Ballot:

No Special Resolution was required to be passed by postal ballot at the last Annual General Meeting. The Company extended e-voting option to all the Shareholders for the 28th Annual General Meeting, pursuant to Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Resolutions were passed on that basis.

None of the businesses proposed to be transacted at the ensuring AGM requires passing of a special resolution through postal ballot.

iv) Financial Calendar for 2020-21 (tentative):

Audited results for the FY 2019-20 - June 2020

First Quarter Results for the FY 2020-21 - August 2020

Annual General Meeting - August 2020

Second Quarter Results for the FY 2020-21 - November 2020

Third Quarter Results for the FY 2020-21 - February 2021

Audited Results for the FY 2020-21 - May 2021

v) Listing in Stock Exchange:

The Company's Equity Shares are listed on the Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI), 4th Floor, Vibgyor Towers, Plot No. C - 62, Opp. Trident Hotel, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai - 400 098.

vi) Payment of Annual Listing Fees to the Stock Exchanges:

Listing Fee has been paid to the above Stock Exchange, in which the Company's Equity Shares are listed, up to March 31, 2020.

vii) Stock Code:

Under the demat system, the ISIN allotted to the Company's Equity Shares is INE327M01014. The Company's Stock Code: NAGA - Series: EQ.

viii) Dematerialisation of Shares:

As on March 31, 2020, 58 Shareholders are holding their shares in Demat form and 1,42,00,235 shares have been dematerialised, representing 99.66% of the total Equity Share Capital.

Shareholders are advised to convert their holdings from physical mode to demat mode considering overall merits of the depository system.

ix) Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity:

Nil.

x) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:

The Company does not deal in commodities and hence the disclosure pursuant to SEBI Circular dated November 15, 2018 is not required to be given. For a detailed discussion on foreign exchange risk and hedging activities, please refer to Management Discussion and Analysis Report.





x) Permanent Account Number (PAN) Requirement:

SEBI, vide its Circular dated 27th April 2007, made PAN as the sole identification number of all participants transacting in the securities market irrespective of the amount of such transaction.

SEBI, vide its Circular dated 20th May 2009, made it mandatory to furnish a copy of PAN Card of the transferee to the Company/ RTA for registration of transfer of shares of listed Companies in physical form and off market/ private transactions.

SEBI, by its SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 made it mandatory to furnish a copy of PAN Card of the transferor to the Company/ RTA for registration of transfer of shares of Listed Companies in physical form and off market/ private transactions.

SEBI, vide its Circular dated 27th January, 2010 has made it mandatory to furnish a copy of PAN Card for transmission and transposition of shares.

SEBI, vide its Circular dated 20th April, 2018 advised the Listed Companies through RTA to seek PAN/ Bank details of Shareholders holding shares in physical form. Necessary communication in this has already been sent to Shareholders and reminders have also been sent. Shareholders are advised to provide such details without delay.

Investors are advised to take note of the same.

xi) Registrar and Share Transfer Agents both for shares held in physical form and in electronic mode:

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Ltd.

Subramanian Buildings, No.1, Club House Road, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 002.

Tel. No.+91 044 2846 0390 (5 lines) Fax: +91 044 2846 0129, email: cameo@cameoindia.com For all investor queries & grievances: investor@cameoindia.com

For non-receipt of annual reports: agm@cameoindia.com

xii) Credit rating:

During the year 2019-20, the Company's facilities were upgraded to Stable from Positive. India Rating & Research Private Limited, vide their communication dated June 11, 2020 has assigned new Credit Ratings for Long Term Bank Facilities (IND BBB+ Stable) and Short Term Facilities (IND BBB+ Stable/IND A2).

xiii) Share Transfer System:

After due deliberations and consideration by Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Board and consideration by Share Transfer Agents (RTA), share transfers are registered and returned within the statutory time limit, if the documents are clear in all respects.

The Company obtains from a Company Secretary in Practice half yearly Certificate of Compliance with the Share Transfer formalities as required under Regulations 40(9) of the Listing Regulations and files a copy of the said Certificate with Stock Exchange.

There is no pending Share transfer as on 31.03.2020.





Compulsory Demat:

SEBI in June 2018 amended Regulation 40 of the Listing Regulations prohibiting transfer of shares held in physical form with effect from 01.04.2019. Transposition and transmission are exempted from this amendment. Accordingly, transfer of physical shares is not feasible from 01.04.2019.

xiv) Transfer of Unclaimed Dividend to IEPF:

Pursuant to Section 124(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 dividend remaining unpaid shall be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) of the Central Government. Reminders for unpaid dividend are sent to the Shareholders who have not claimed the dividend as per records every year.

Pursuant to the above, the unpaid/unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2011-12 was transferred on 09.10.2019. The unpaid and unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2012-13 will be transferred during September 2020. Shareholders are, therefore, advised to contact the Company immediately in case of non-receipt or non-encashment of dividend.

xv) Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF):

Upon Section 124(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 coming into force, Companies while transferring the dividend remaining unclaimed for a period of more than seven years will also have to transfer the underlying equity shares. Accordingly, the unclaimed dividend for the year 2008-09 to 2011-12 as well as the underlying shares have already been transferred to IEPF. The list of Shareholders whose unclaimed dividend/ underlying shares have been transferred to IEPF is put on the website of the Company. Shareholders may take specific note of the same and claim the said unclaimed dividend and the underlying shares from the IEPF Authority.

Particulars of unclaimed dividend as on 31st March, 2020

Year	Dividend (Rs. Per	Date of Declaration	Unclaimed		Due date for transferring to	
	share)	of Dividend	No. of warrants	Rs. in Lakh	IEPF	
2012-13	0.60	03.08.2013	397	0.36	08.09.2020	
2013-14	0.60	01.08.2014	247	0.26	06.09.2021	
2014-15	0.80	27.07.2015	389	0.42	02.09.2022	
2015-16 Interim	0.20	11.03.2016	385	0.29	17.04.2023	
2015-16 Final	0.60	12.09.2016	424	0.11	19.10.2023	
2016-17	0.80	19.08.2017	428	0.40	10.11.2024	
2017-18	0.80	28.09.2018	218	0.11	04.11.2025	
2018-19	0.80	26.09.2019	214	0.17	02.11.2026	





Disclosure with respect to demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account as required under Schedule V para F of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

	Particulars	No.of Shareholders	No.of Equity Shares
a)	Aggregate number of Shareholders and the	3	700 equity shares
	outstanding shares lying in the Unclaimed		
	Suspense Account as on 1st April, 2019.		
b)	Number of Shareholders who approached the	0	0 equity shares
	Company for transfer of shares from the Unclaimed		
	Suspense Account during the year.		
c)	Number of Shareholders to whom the shares were	0	0 equity shares
	transferred from the Unclaimed Suspense Account		
	during the year.		
d)	Number of Shareholders whose shares were	1	500 equity shares
	transferred from the Unclaimed Suspense Account		
	to Investor Education & Protection Fund Account		
	during the year.		
e)	Aggregate number of Shareholders and the	2	200 equity shares
	outstanding shares lying in the Unclaimed		
	Suspense Account as on 31st March, 2020.		

It is hereby confirmed that the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.

xvi) Market Price Data:

High/Low and volume during each month in the financial year 2019-20 (reported at the MSEI)

Month	High	Low
April 2019 to March 2020	55	55

xvii) Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2020:

Shares	Shares or Debentures holding			
	No. of Shareholders	% of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding
10 - 5000	447	95.72	77680	0.55
5001 - 10000	3	0.64	18240	0.13
10001 - 20000	3	0.64	47200	0.33
20001 - 30000	1	0.21	23150	0.16
30001 - 40000	3	0.64	102785	0.72
40001 - 50000	-		1	0
50001 - 100000	-		-	-
100001 - and above	10	2.15	13978945	98.11
Total	467	100.00	14248000	100.00





xviii) Shareholding Pattern:

S. No.	Category	No. of Shares	% Shares
A)	Promoters		
	Individuals & HUF	8816145	61.87
	Corporate Bodies	1468500	10.31
	Relatives of Directors	357690	2.51
	(A)	10642335	74.69
B)	Public		
	Central Government - IEPF	30285	0.21
	Corporate Bodies	2830892	19.87
	Clearing Member	10	-
	Resident Individuals	744478	5.22
	(B)	3605665	25.31
	Total (A+B)	14248000	100.00

xix) Top Ten Shareholders:

Please refer Page No. 63 IV(iv) of MGT-9 Extract of Annual Return.

xx) Units & Locations: -

- i. No.1, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- ii. No.133, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- iii. No. 3/315, Melakandamangalam Village, Aruppukottai, Virudhunagar 626 101.
- iv. No.9, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- v. No.1, Oddanchatram Road, Vedasandur 624 710.
- vi. No. 131, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624005.
- vii. No.4/213, Padiyur, Dindigul 624 005.
- viii.No.1, Padiyur Road, Pudhupatti, Padiyur Post, Vedasandur Taluk, Dindigul 624005.
- ix. Windmills: Coimbatore, Dharapuram, Theni & Tirunelveli.
- x. No.1, Chikka Tirupathi Road, Thindlu Village, Sarjapura Hobli, Anekal Taluk, Bengaluru, Karnataka 562 125.
- xi. No.48, Poonamalle Byepass Road, Senneerkuppam, Poonamalle, Chennai 600 056.

Address for correspondence

M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Ltd.

Subramanian Buildings, No.1, Club House Road, Anna Salai, Chennai - 600 002.

Tel. No.+91 044 2846 0390 (5 lines) Fax: +91 044 2846 0129, email: cameo@cameoindia.com

For all investor queries & grievances: investor@cameoindia.com

For non-receipt of annual reports: agm@cameoindia.com





Shareholders can also contact the Secretarial Department at the Registered Office of the Company at:

Naga Limited, No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600 001, Tel: 044-25363535, Mob: +91 7708111315 email: marikannanv@nagamills.com,

E-mail ID for Investor Grievances: marikannanv@nagamills.com.

Non-compliance of any requirement of Corporate Governance Report of sub-paras (2) to (10) of Para C to Schedule V of the Listing Regulations

The Company has complied with the requirements to the extent applicable in this regard.

Disclosure of complaints with Corporate Governance requirements specified in Regulations 17 to 27 and Regulations 46(2)(b) to (i) of the Listing Regulations.

The Company has complied with all the requirements in this regard, to the extent applicable.

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date: 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589

DECLARATION

(Pursuant to Para D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)

Regulations, 2015)

I, K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director of Naga Limited, hereby declare and confirm that all the members of the Board of Directors and the Senoir Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of Board of Directors and Senior Management for the financial year 2019-20.

Place: Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date : 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director DIN 01601589





AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the Members of Naga Limited

Independent Auditor's certificate on Compliance of Corporate Governance Report

The Corporate Governance Report prepared by Naga Limited ("the Company"), contains details as stipulated inregulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("the Listing Regulations") ('applicable criteria') withrespect to Corporate Governance for the year ended March 31, 2020. This report is required by the Company for annual submission to the Stock exchange and to be sent to the Shareholders of the Company

Management's Responsibility

The preparation of the Corporate Governance report is the responsibility of the Management of the Company along with the maintenance of all its relevant supporting records and documents. The Management is responsible for ensuring that the Company complies with the requirements as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27, Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the report and applying an appropriate basis of preparation.

Auditor's Responsibility

Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, our responsibility is to state whether the Company has complied with the above said compliances of the conditions of Corporate Governance for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020.

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 as per Regulations 17-27, Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion the financial statements of the Company.

We have conducted our examination in accordance with the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes, Guidance note on Certification of Corporate Governance, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate. The Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.

We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.





The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks associated in compliance of the Corporate Governance Report with the applicable criteria. The procedures includes but not limited to verification of secretarial records and financial information of the Company and obtained necessary representations and declarations from directors including independent directors of the Company.

The procedures also include examining evidence supporting the particulars in the Corporate Governance Report on a test basis.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of information and according to the explanations given to us and representations made by the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as specified in Regulations 17-27, Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, as applicable.

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor as to the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Restriction on use

This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of complying with Regulations 17-27, Clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 and may not be suitable for any other purpose. Accordingly, we do not accept or assume any liability or any duty of care for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this certificate is shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

Place : Chennai FOR D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Date: 29th June, 2020 Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 003556S)

M.K. Ravindran (Partner)

M.No:020887

UDIN: 20020887AAAAEG6960





ANNEXURE TO REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

CERTIFICATION BY CMD/CEO & CFO TO THE BOARD

We, K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer and T.R. Sivaraman, Chief Financial Officer of Naga Limited certify that:

We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statements for the year and that to the best of our knowledge and belief.

- i. these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contains statement that might be misleading.
- ii. these statements present a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the result of operations and cash flows. The financial statements have been prepared in conformity, in all material respects, with existing Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.

There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.

We accept overall responsibility for establishing and monitoring the Company's internal control system for financial reporting and evaluating its effectiveness. Internal Audit Function monitors the internal control system for financial reporting, which encompasses the examination and evaluation of adequacy and effectiveness. Internal Auditor works with all level of management and Statutory Auditors, and report significant issues to the Audit Committee of the Board. The Statutory Auditors and Audit Committee are appraised of any corrective action taken or proposed to be taken with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

We have indicated to the Auditors and Audit Committee:

- i. that there are no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
- ii. there are no significant changes in accounting policies during the year.
- iii. there are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware of and which involve management or other employees who have significant role in the Company's internal control system over the financial reporting.

Place: Dindigul K.S. KAMALAKANNAN T.R. SIVARAMAN

Date: 29th June, 2020 CEO/CMD CFO





CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

[Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C sub-clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

- i) We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of M/s. NAGA LIMITED having CIN: L24246TN1991PLC020409 and having registered office situated at No.1, ANNA PILLAI STREET, CHENNAI 600 001 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- ii) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, we hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below as on the date of Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by the Securities and Exchange Board of India and/or the Registrar of Companies or Ministry of Corporate Affairs, New Delhi or any such statutory authority.

S. No.	Name of the Director	Director Identification Number (DIN)	Date of Appointment in the Company	Designation and Remarks, if any
1	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	01601589	01.08.1998	Chairman and Managing Director
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan	02107556	01.08.1998	Joint Managing Director
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan	01603823	08.03.2006	Whole Time Director
4	Sri. D. Vijay Anand	07400565	21.08.2017	Technical Director
5	Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj	01973946	06.07.2007	Independent Director
6	Sri. S. Ramesh	01620265	08.03.2006	Independent Director
7	Dr. K. Venkatachalam	01062171	13.01.2012	Independent Director
8	Sri. S. Neelakantan	01474064	21.08.2017	Independent Director

It is the responsibility of the management of the Company to ensure the eligibility for the appointments of Directors and their continuance as Directors on the Board. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the matter and this certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For G.S.R. & Co., COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Chennai (G. SREENIVASA RAO)

Date: 29th June, 2020 (M.No. FCS-5691 & C.P. No. 4966)

UDIN: F005691B000392473





ANNEXURE - C TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FORM NO. MGT.9

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31.03.2020

(Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Adminstration) Rules, 2014

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

1) CIN : L24246TN1991PLC020409

2) Registration Date : 01.03.1991

: NAGA LIMITED 3) Name of the Company

4) Category / Sub Catagory of the Company : Company Limited by Shares / Indian

Non-Govt. Company

5) Address of the Register Office and Contact: No.1, Anna Pillai Street,

details

Chennai - 600 001. Ph: 044-25363535

6) Whether Listed Company

7) Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, if any : M/s. Cameo Corporate Services Ltd.,

"Subramanian Building"

No.1, Club House Road, Chennai - 600002.

Ph: 044 - 28460390 Fax: 044 - 28460129

E-mail: cameo@cameoindia.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product / Service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Manufacturing of Wheat Products	99611112	76.98 %
2	Manufacturing of high quality Detergents Powder and Bar, Personal wash products	99884260	19.51 %
3	Minerals: Grinding of calcite, dolomite, china clay, feldspar, limestone and other minerals	99611991	3.50 %
4	Wind & Solar Power	99833243	0.01 %





III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN / GLN	Holding / Subsidiary / Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	Annai Power Private Limited Address: No. 1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600 001.	U40103TN2003PTC051006	Associate	26.00 %	2(6)
2	Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited Address: No. 1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600 001.	U40105TN2015PTC099932	Associate	26.00 %	2(6)
3	Naga Far East Private Limited Address: 77, High Street, #03-10, High Street Plaza, Singapore - 179 433.	201726071D	Subsidiary	100.00 %	2(87)
4	Naga Mills Private Limited Address: Navana Obaid Eternia, 28-29 Kakrail, (Level #12-13), VIP Road, Dhaka-1000, Bangladesh	C-142979/2018	Subsidiary	99.72 %	2(87)

IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category - wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders		nares helo year [As		•		of Shares I year [As			% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
(a) Individual / HUF	8816145	-	8816145	61.87%	8816145	-	8816145	61.87%	-
(b) Central Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) State Govt(s).	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Bodies Corp.	1468500	-	1468500	10.31%	1468500	-	1468500	10.31%	-
(e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	i	-
(f) Any Other	357690	-	357690	2.51%	357690	-	357690	2.51%	-
Total shareholding of promoter (A)	10642335	-	10642335	74.69%	10642335	-	10642335	74.69%	-





Category of Shareholders		hares hele year [As		_		of Shares e year [As			% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
B. Public Share	eholding	•	•	•		•		•	
(1) Institution	S								
(a) Mutual Funds	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Central Govt.	28965	-	28965	0.20%	30285	-	30285	0.21%	0.01%
(d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e)Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(f)Insurance Companies	-	-	1	ı	-	1	-	1	•
(g)FIIs	-	-	,	-	-	-	-	-	-
(h)Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i)Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total (B)(1)	28965	-	28965	0.20%	30285	-	30285	0.21%	0.01%
2. Non - Institu	ıtions								
(a) Bodies Corp	a) Bodies Corporate								
(i) Indian	2829632	-	2829632	19.86%	2830382	-	2830382	19.87%	0.01%
(ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





Category of	gory of No.of Shares held at the beginning No.of Shares held at the end								
Shareholders	of the	year [As	on 01.04	.2019]	of the	year [As	on 31.03	.2020]	% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
(b) Individuals	S								
(i) Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh.	38770	51820	90590	0.64%	40775	47755	88530	0.62%	(0.02%)
(ii) Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh.	655958	-	655958	4.60%	655958	-	655958	4.60%	-
(c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Resident Indians	1	-	1	1	1	-	ı	1	-
Overseas Corporate Bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clearing Members	10	-	10	0.0001%	-	-	-	-	(0.0001)%
Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign Bodies - D R	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
HUF	500	10	510	0.004%	500	10	510	0.004%	-
Sub-Total (B)(2)	3524870	51830	3576700	25.11%	3527615	47765	3575380	25.09%	(0.02)%
Total Public Shareholding (B=B(1)+B(2))	3553835	51830	3605665	25.31%	3557900	47765	3605665	25.31%	-





Category of Shareholders	l	nares held year [As		•		f Shares I year [As			% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
C.Shares held by custodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-		-		-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	14196170	51830	14248000	100.00%	14200235	47765	14248000	100.00%	-

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters & Promoters' Group

			ding at the ar [As on 0			holding at tear [As on 3		% Change
S. No	Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	in share holding during the year
1.	K.S. Kamala kannan	6070570	42.61%	-	6070570	42.61%	-	-
2.	K.S. Kamala kannan (HUF)	34700	0.24%	-	34700	0.24%	-	-
3.	Mageswari Kannan	1855220	13.02%	-	1855220	13.02%	-	-
4.	Sounder Kannan	817855	5.74%	-	817855	5.74%	-	-
5.	Sounder Kannan (HUF)	37800	0.26%	-	37800	0.26%	-	-
6.	M.M. Detergents Company Pvt. Ltd.,	1024000	7.19%	-	1024000	7.19%	-	-
7.	Naga Marine Industries Ltd.,	444500	3.12%	-	444500	3.12%	-	-
8.	Lakshmi Vijay Anand	357680	2.51%	-	357680	2.51%	-	-
9.	M. Jayalalitha	10	0.00%	-	10	0.00%	-	-
	Total	10642335	74.69%	-	10642335	74.69%	-	-





(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

s.			lding at the g of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year			
No.	Particulars	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company		
1	At the beginning of the year	10642335	74.69%	10642335	74.69%		
2	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the Year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	No transaction during the year					
3	At the End of the year	10642335	74.69%				

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

S.	Name of the Shareholders	Sharehold beginning o as on 01.	of the year		Shareholding the year	Shareholding at the end of the year as on 31.03.2020	
No.		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Lakme Investment and Finance Limited	1412945	9.92%	-	-	1412945	9.92%
2	Pluris Global Holding (India) Limited	1410567	9.90%	-	-	1410567	9.90%
3	Manoharan. A	296068	2.08%	-	-	296068	2.08%
4	Sathiyamoorthy. L	289540	2.03%	-	-	289540	2.03%
5	Riaz Ahmed Khatri	23150	0.16%	-	-	23150	0.16%
6	Rabia Ahmed Khatri	18000	0.13%	-	-	18000	0.13%
7	Mariam Riaz Khatri	15200	0.11%	-	-	15200	0.11%
8	Santosh Gupta	14000	0.10%	-	-	14000	0.10%
9	Kamala Kumari Daga	7000	0.05%	-	-	7000	0.05%
10	M Kanchan Khatod	6000	0.04%	-	-	6000	0.04%





Note: The above details are as of 31st March, 2020. The Company is listed and 99.66% shareholding is in dematerialized form. The Company has not allotted/transferred or issued any bonus or sweat equity shares during the year.

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

S. No.	Name of the Shareholders	beginning o	Shareholding at the beginning of the year as on 01.04.2019		nareholding he year	Shareholding at the end of the year as on 31.03.2020	
NO.	Silarenolders	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	L.A. Irudayaraj (INED)	400	0.003%	-	-	400	0.003%
2	V. Marikannan (KMP)	10	-	-	-	10	-

Note: There was no change in the shareholding during the year 2019-20.

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment (Rs. in Cr)

				(- : - /
Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	UnSecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	196.78	-	-	196.78
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	_
Total (i+ii+iii)	196.78	-	-	196.78
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
. Addition	159.16	2.40	-	161.56
. Reduction	(42.61)	(0.82)	-	(43.43)
. Transfer (Secured to Unsecured)	1 '	·	-	-
Net Change	116.55	1.58	-	118.13
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	313.33	1.58	-	314.91
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	313.33	1.58	-	314.91





(Rs.in Cr)

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Director and / or Manager:

Name of MD / WTD / Manager S. Total Particulars of K.S. Kamala Mageswari Sounder D. Vijay Amount No. Remuneration kannan. Kannan, Kannan. Anand, CMD **JMD** WTD TD 1. **Gross Salary** 0.84 0.78 0.72 0.72 a) Salary 3.06 per as provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961. 0.06 0.06 b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of Income-tax Act, 1961. c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of Income-tax Act, 1961. **Stock Option** 2. 3. **Sweat Equity** 4. Commission -as % of profit 5. Others, specify: 0.49 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.13 Gratuity Fund* & PF Total (A) 0.97 0.96 0.84 0.84 3.61** Ceiling as per the Act 1.39

B. REMUNERATION TO OTHER DIRECTORS

(Rs. in Lakhs)

S.No.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of D	irectors		Total
1.	Independent Directors	S. Ramesh	L.A.Irudaya Raj	K. Venkata chalam	S. Neela kantan	Amount
	Fee for attending board committee meetings Commission	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.30	2.10
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (1)	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.30	2.10
2.	Other Non-Executive Directors	-	-	-	-	-
	Fee for attending board committee meetings	-	-	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-	-	-
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-	-
	Total (B) = (1 + 2)	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.30	2.10#
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-	3.61
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	-	-	-	-	1.53

^{*}Gratuity is provided as per Ind AS valuation.

^{**} Remuneration paid based on inadequacy of profits as per the approval of the shareholders. Due to inadequacy of profits no commission is payable.





C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

(Rs.in Cr)

SI.	Particulars of	Key	(13.111 C1)		
No.	Remuneration	C.E.O	Company Secretary	Chief Financial Officer	Total Amount
1.	Gross Salary a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961.	-	0.12	0.13	0.25
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of Income-tax Act, 1961.	-	-	-	-
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of Income-tax Act, 1961.	-	-	-	-
2.	Stock Option	-	-	-	-
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-
4.	Commission	-	-	-	-
	- as % of profit	-	-	-	-
5.	- Others, specify :	-	-	-	-
	Total		0.12	0.13	0.25

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

A. COMPANY, B. DIRECTORS	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)		
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT							
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-		
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-		

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date : 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director DIN 01601589



ANNEXURE - D TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FORM NO. AOC - 2



[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts / arrangements entered into by the Company with the related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto.

- 1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at Arm's length basis: Nil
- 2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at Arm's length basis:

S.No.	Particulars	Details				
a)	Name(s) of the	M.M.Detergents Company	Annai Power Private	Naga Marine		
	related party	Pvt. Ltd.,	Limited	Industries Limited		
b)	Nature of	Two of the Directors of the	Three of the Directors of the	Two of the Directors of the		
	relationship	Company are interested	Company are interested	Company are interested		
c)	Nature of contracts /	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement		
	arrangements / transactions					
d)	Duration of contracts /	1. 01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020		
	arrangements / transactions	2. 12.02.2020 to 31.03.2020				
e)	Salient terms of contracts or	1.Sale of Wheat to Naga Ltd	1.Sale of Windmill Energy	1.Lease of Godown to		
	arrangements or transactions	Rs.73.60 Cr.	Rs.2.94 Cr.	Naga Ltd., Rs.0.107 Cr.		
	Including the value, if any	2. Processing Charges Payable	2. Lease of Wheat Flour	2. Sale of Wheat to Naga		
		to Naga Ltd. Rs. 0.0426 Cr	Milling Unit to Naga Ltd.	Ltd. Rs. 152.22 Cr.		
		3. Lease of Office from Naga	Rs. 2.40 Cr.	3. Lease of Office from Naga		
		Ltd., Rs. 0.003 Cr	3. Lease of Office from Naga	Ltd., Rs. 0.003 Cr		
		4. Dividend paid - Rs.0.16 Cr	Ltd., Rs. 0.003 Cr	4. Dividend paid - Rs. 0.07 Cr		
f)	Justification for entering	In the ordinary course of	In the ordinary course of	In the ordinary course of		
	into such contracts or	business	business	business		
	arrangements or transactions					
g)	Date of approval by the	BM 13.02.2019 & 12.02.2020	BM 13.02.2019	BM 13.02.2019		
	Board and Shareholders	EGM 26.03.2019		EGM 26.03.2019		
h)	Amount paid as advances,	Nil	Nil	Nil		
	if any,					

S.No	Particulars	Details .				
a)	Name(s) of the related	Naga Mills Limited	Nagalakshmi	A.M.Gopinath (Prop.	Nagalakshmi	
	party		Energy Private Limited	Anugraha International)	Charitable Trust	
b)	Nature of relationship	Three of the Directors of the Company are interested	Three of the Directors of the Company are interested	One of the Director of the Company is interested	Two of the Directors of the Company are interested	
9	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement	
d)	Duration of contracts / arrangements / transactions	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	13.08.2019 to 31.03.2020	12.02.2020 to 31.03.2020	
e)	Salient terms of contracts or arrangements or transactions Including the value, if any	Lease of Office from Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.003 Cr.	1. Sale of Windmill Energy to Naga Ltd., Rs. 1.41 Cr.	Commission paid by Naga Ltd., towards procurement of materials Rs. 0.14 Cr.	1. Donation received from Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.25 Cr.	





S.No	Particulars	Details			
			2.Rent receivable from Naga Ltd for Lease of Motor Vehicle, Rs. 0.34 Cr 3. Lease of office from Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.003 Cr		1. CSR Expenses Rs. 0.30 Cr
f)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business
g)	Date of approval by the Board / Shareholders	BM 13.02.2019	BM 13.02.2019	BM13.08.2019	BM 12.02.2020
h)	Amount paid as advances, if any,	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

S.No	Particulars Name(s) of the related party	Details				
a)		K.S. Kamalakannan	Mageswari Kannan	Sounder Kannan	D. Vijay Anand	
b)	Nature of relationship	Director	Director	Director	Director	
c)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transaction	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement	By Agreement	
d)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transaction	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020	
e)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions	1. Remuneration paid by Naga Ltd., Rs.0.84 Cr. 2. Provision for Gratuity* Rs.0.133 Cr. 3. Lease of Godown to Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.79 Cr. 4. Unsecured Loan received by Naga Ltd., Rs.0.25 Cr. 5. Interest payment for unsecured loan given to Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.001 Cr. 6. Dividend Paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.98 Cr.	1. Remuneration paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.78 Cr. 2. Provision for Gratuity* Rs. 0.124 Cr. 3. Unsecured Loan received by Naga Ltd., Rs. 1.80 Cr. 4. Interest payment for unsecured loan given to Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.014 Cr. 5. Dividend Paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.30 Cr. 6. Rent Free accoma dation Rs. 0.06 Cr.	1. Remuneration paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.72 Cr. 2. Provision for Gratuity* Rs. 0.116 Cr. 3. Unsecured Loan received by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.35 Cr. 4. Interest payment for unsecured loan given to Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.002 Cr. 5. Dividend Paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.14 Cr.	1. Remuneration paid by Naga Ltd., Rs. 0.72 Cr. 2. Provision for Gratuity* Rs.0.116 Cr.	
f)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arran -gements or transactions	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business	In the ordinary course of business	
g)	Date of approval by the Board / Shareholders	BM 13.02.2019 / 23.05.2019 AGM 26.09.2019	BM 23.05.2019 / AGM 26.09.2019	BM 23.05.2019 / AGM 26.09.2019	BM 23.05.2019 / AGM 26.09.2019	
h)	Amount paid as advances, if any,		Nil	Nil	Nil Nil	





S.No	Particulars	Details				
a)	Name(s) of the related party	Smt. Lakshmi Vijay Anand	Smt. Monaa Kannan	Ms. M. Jayalalitha	Sri. M. Sukumar	
b)	Nature of relationship	Relative of KMP	Relative of KMP	Relative of KMP	Relative of KMP	
9	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions	Employment	Employment	Employment	Employment	
d)	Duration of contracts /	From the Date of	From the Date of	From the Date of	From the Date of	
	arrangements / transactions	Appointment	Appointment	Appointment	Appointment	
e)	Salient terms of contracts or	1. Appointment letter -	Appointment letter -	1. Appointment letter -	Appointment letter	
	arrangements or transactions	Salary paid by Naga	Salary paid by Naga	Salary paid by Naga	Salary paid by Naga	
	Including the value, if any	Ltd., Rs. 0.31 Cr.	Ltd., Rs. 0.25 Cr.	Ltd., Rs. 0.31 Cr.	Ltd., Rs. 0.20 Cr.	
		2. Dividend paid by Naga		2. Dividend paid by Naga		
		Ltd.,Rs. 0.06 Cr.		Ltd.,Rs. 0.00 Cr.		
f)	Justification for entering into	In the ordinary	In the ordinary	In the ordinary	In the ordinary	
	such contracts or arrangements	course of business	course of business	course of business	course of business	
	or transactions					
g)	Date of approval by the Board	BM 13.02.2019 /	BM 13.02.2019	BM 13.02.2019	BM 13.02.2019	
	/ Shareholders	EGM 23.03.2018	EGM 23.03.2018	EGM23.03.2018	EGM23.03.2018	
h)	Amount paid as advances,	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	if any,					

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date : 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589





ANNEXURE - E TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT DISCLOSURE UNDER THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

(A)Statement of Particulars of remuneration as per Rule 5(1):

S. No.	Descri	ption		Note No.
1.	The ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of employees of the Company for the financial year.	Chairman and Managing Director Joint Managing Director Whole-Time Director Technical Director	42:1 39:1 36:1 36:1	1
2.	The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year.	Chairman and Managing Director Joint Managing Director Whole-Time Director Technical Director Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary	27.63% 50.00% 47.37% 47.37% 20.00% 20.00%	2
3.	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year.		7%	
4.	The number of permanent employees on the roll of the Company.		1134	
5.	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile	Average increase of salary of employees other than managerial persons	10.00%	
	increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	Managerial Remuneration	42.13%	
6.	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.	Yes. Remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.	-	-

Notes:

- Chairman and Managing Director, Joint Managing Director, Whole-Time Director and Technical Director
 are the Executive Directors and others are Non-Executive Directors, who are paid only sitting fees for
 attending the meetings of the Board and Committees thereof. Hence ratios are provided only for
 Executive Directors.
- 2. The remuneration package of the four Executive Directors was approved by the Board of Directors, taking into consideration the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee which were also approved by the Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting.



Particulars of Employees as per Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules relating thereto for the year ended on 31st March, 2020 I)(a).Top 10 employees in terms of remuneration drawn paid for FY 2019-20:

								(5:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
s.	Name	Designation	Qualification	Age	Date of	Remuneration	Experience	Particulars of last Employment
Š Š		Nature of Duties			Joining	Received for	(in years)	held-Organisation &
						FY 2019-20		Designation
-	Godson Sathya James	s Cheif Operating Officer	B.E	22	13.02.2019	52.52	2	S.H. Kelkar and Company Ltd.,
		Detergents Division	(Mechanical)					
7	M. Jayalalitha	Business Head	M.Com	22	01.05.2004	30.97	16	M.M.Detergents Company Pvt Ltd.,
		Detergents Division						Managing Director
3	Lakshmi Vijayanand	Business Head	MBA	42	01.11.2011	30.97	6	Sakthi Hospital & Research Centre
		Foods Division						General Manager
4	Monaa Kannan	Business Head	WBBS	37	01.09.2007	25.27	13	
		Retail Divsion						
2	V. Sowmya Narayanan	n Vice President	B.Sc., CA, CMA	51	01.06.2019	24.59	1	Rockman Industries Chennai
		Accounts & Finance						Private Limited - CFO
9	Sanjay Kumar Deb S	Business Head	B.E	26	13.08.2019	21.45	1	Godrej Agrovet Limited (Aqua Region)
			(Mechanical)					- DGM Operations
7.	M. Sukumar	Business Head	B.Sc., BL	49	01.04.2005	20.02	15	M.M.Detergents Company Pvt Ltd.,
		Minerals Divsion						Manager
∞	A.S. Vijayaraghavan	Chief Operating Officer	B.E	28	01.06.2019	19.56	1	Karaikal Port (P) Limited
		Gain Logistics in Foods Division	(Mechanical)					General Manager - Railways
6	Karthikeyan Gandhi	General Manager	B.Com., MBA	41	09.06.2017	17.58	21	Danupe Home, Dubai
		Retail Division						Branch Head
10.	Kausik Datta	Manager Projects	B.E., (E.T.E)	28	10.09.2012	17.20	20	Pioneer Packaging
		Detergents Division						General Manager
7	d+ bouglamo socialiam	N EV Francisco de La Company de C	20 4-5		and them mattered	- + L - D - 4 00	1114	

l) b) Employees employed throughout the financial year and in receipt of remuneration not less than Rs. 1.02 crores p.a. - NIL.

II) Employees employed for part of financial year and in receipt of remuneration of not less than Rs.8.50 Lakhs per month - NIL.

III) Employees employed either throughout the financial year or part thereof, was in receipt of remuneration in that year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company - NIL.

Notes:

1. The appointment is as per the terms of contract/letter of appointment and other terms of conditions as per Company's rules.

Gross remuneration includes salary, perquisites and Company contribution to retirement benefits.

Except Ms. M. Jayalalitha, Smt. Monaa Kannan, Smt. Lakshmi Vijayanand & Sri. M. Sukumar who are relatives of Executive Directors, none of the other employees mentioned above are related to any Director of the Company. Chairman & Managing Director DIN 01601589

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Place

: Dindigul : 29th June, 2020 Date





ANNEXURE - F TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) ACTIVITIES

The Company is basically engaged in Food products and deals with scores of people in public and engages the services of skilled, semi-skilled and to some extent unskilled labour in its activities. It is deeply committed to promoting rural development, eradication of hunger and malnutrition, road safety, upliftment of down trodden, catering to education & health of underprivileged & intellectually disabled, flood relief and cleanliness activities.

(A) Brief outline of the Company's Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Programs:

- Contribution towards eradication of hunger and malnutrition through a registered Trust.
- · Contribution for providing comprehensive care and education for the intellectually disabled persons.
- · Contribution towards promoting health care including preventive health care.
- Contribution towards Road Safety Measures.
- · Contribution for environment sustainability and conservation of natural resources.
- · Contribution towards employment enhancing vocational skill development program.
- Contribution towards educational and medical needs of the underprivileged.

CSR Policy

As a responsible Corporate Citizen, the Company has evolved a CSR Policy and is pursuing the CSR activities in letter and spirit. The Company has formed a CSR Committee of the Board. It has formulated a CSR Policy that has been approved by the Board, laying stress on CSR activities to be undertaken in its neighbourhood. The Company's focused programs are in the field of community development, sanitation, water, education, health, rural infra-structure and technical training. Its ongoing CSR activities are truly aligned to the CSR policy.

The CSR policy of the Company has been posted in the website of the Company - www.nagamills.com.

(B) Composition of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee:

Dr. K. Venkatachalam Chairman of the Committee; Independent Director

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Member, Joint Managing Director
Sri. Sounder Kannan Member, Whole-Time Director

- (C) Average Net Profit (Profit before Tax excluding Dividend Income & Exceptional Income of the Company for the last three financial years: Rs. 23.73 Cr
- (D) Prescribed CSR Expenditure for FY 2020-21 (2% of the amount as in item (C) above): Rs. 0.48 Cr

(E) Details of CSR expenditure during the financial year 2019-20:

(a) CSR amount brought forward : Rs. 0.14 Cr (b) Total amount to be spent for the financial year 2019-20 : Rs. 0.81 Cr (c) Amount spent for the financial year 2019-20 : Rs. 0.61 Cr (d) Amount unspent , if any : Rs. 0.20 Cr





F) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year is detailed below:

S. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) Local or other (2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (Budget) project or programs wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs sub heads: (1) Direct expenditure on projects or programs (2) Overheads	Cumulative expenditure upto reporting period	Amount spent Directly or through implementing agency
1	Contribution to Akshaya Patra Foundation towards eradiction of Hunger and Malnutrition.	_	Bengaluru, Karnataka	0.06	(1) 0.06 (2) Nil	0.06	Akshaya Patra Foundation
2	Contribution to the Blooming Foundation Trust for providing comprehensive care and educational opportunities to intellectually disabled person.	Promoting education, including special education for differently abled children	Dindigul, Tamil Nadu	0.04	(1) 0.04 (2) Nil	0.04	The Blooming Foundation Trust
3	Contribution towards buying Force Traveller ambulance to serve the cancer affected patients Sanitation	Promoting Health Care including Preventive Health Care	Chennai, Tamil Nadu	0.01	(1) 0.01 (2) Nil	0.01	Uravugal Trust
4	Contribution towards construction of drainage protection wall and compound wall through Primary Health Centre	Promoting Health Care, Sanitation and Education	Seelapadi, Dindigul, Tamil Nadu	0.006	(1) 0.006 (2) Nil	0.006	Direct
5	Contribution towards Construction of Traffic Signal at Trichy Road Junction	Promotion of Road Safety	Dindigul, Tamil Nadu	0.06	(1) 0.05 (2) Nil	0.05	Direct
6	Contribution towards construction of Classrooms/ Toilet block for underprivileged schools.	Promoting education and health care	Chennai, Tamil Nadu	0.06	(1) 0.06 (2) Nil	0.06	Round Table India Trust
7	Contribution for providing 2 used plastic shredding machines	Ensuring Environmental sustainability and conservation of natural resources	Dindigul, Tamil Nadu	0.05	(1) 0.05 (2) Nil	0.05	Direct
8	Contribution towards infrastructure development of local school Grill Gate in St. Joseph's Middle School	Promoting Education and Safety	Dindigul, Tamil Nadu	0.002	(1) 0.002 (2) Nil	0.002	Direct





9	Contribution to	Promoting	Dindigul,	0.30	(1) 0.30	0.30	Nagalakshmi
	Nagalakshmi	Education,	Tamil Nadu		(2) Nil		Charitable
	Charitable trust	including			, , , ,		Trust
		special					
		education and					
		employment					
		enhancing					
		vocational skills					
		especially among					
		children, women					
		elderly and the					
		differently abled					
		and livelihood					
		enhancing					
		projects					
10	Contribution to Skill	Promoting	Madurai,	0.06	(1) 0.017	0.017	Direct
	Development Program	Education,	Tamil Nadu		(2) Nil		
		including special					
		education and					
		employment					
		enhancing					
		vocational skills					
		especially among					
		children, women					
		elderly and the					
		differently abled					
		and livelihood					
		enhancing 					
		projects					
	Total			0.648	0.605	0.605	

(G) In case the Company has failed to spend the two percent of the Average Net Profit for the last three financial years or any part thereof, the Company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board Report:

The balance amount will be fully spent during the current year 2020-21. Since there was a delay in completing, the identified project and it could not be spent within 2019-20.

(H) A Responsibility Statement of the CSR Committee:

Certified that the implementation and monitoring of the CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR Objectives and Policy of the Company.

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Place: Dindigul K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Dr. K. VENKATACHALAM
Date: 29th June, 2020 Chairman & Managing Director Chairman - CSR Committee
DIN 01601589 DIN 01062171





ANNEXURE - G TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

[Section 134(3)(m) of The Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of The Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

(A) Conservation of energy:

(i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

Continuous rationalisation of operations to reduce energy consumption

(ii) the steps taken by the company for utilising alternate sources of energy

: The Company has it's own windmills and solar plant to cater to the power demand.

(iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment

Continuous monitoring, improvement in maintenance and distribution systems and through improved operational techniques.

(B) 1. Research and Development (Totally in-house):

- Development of process to identify the Quality of Wheat for improved efficiency.
- · Development of process for analysing the various properties of wheat flour.
- · Identification and implementation of various processes for improvement of Quality of the products manufactured.
- · Research on various varieties of wheat and wheat flour.
- · Research on the manufacturing process for elimination of waste and improvement of Quality and cost effectiveness.
- New product development: Continuous efforts are being made for development of new products as per the market requirements.

2. Benefits derived as a result of above R & D:

The research done on the above improved the Quality thereby enabling increased volume of production and sales. Moreover, the above research also paved the way for new products to be added in the existing line of manufacture to suit the market requirements.

3. Future plan of Action:

To continue Research and Development in the areas mentioned in (B) 1 for further improvement in Quality and thereby increasing the volume and profitability.





4. Expenditure on R & D during the year:

(Rs. in Cr)

	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Capital	4.41	4.25
Capital Work-in-Progress	-	0.02
Recurring	1.68	0.82

5. Technology Absorption:

During the year under review, no technology was acquired.

(C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

(Rs. in Cr)

	As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019
Earnings	9.41	4.04
Outgo	16.62	21.23

Place : Dindigul FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE

Date : 29th June, 2020 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN 01601589





ANNEXURE - H TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the Financial Year Ended 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members M/s. Naga Limited No.1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai - 600001.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Naga Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- (iii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iv) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (v) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings as applicable to the Company;
- (vi) The Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company viz.:
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents)
 Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;





- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Acts, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

(vii) Other Laws like labour laws, taxation and other laws applicable to the Company was as per representation given by the Management.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI).
- (iii) The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company.

We further report that, having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test-check basis, the Company has complied with the following laws specifically applicable to it.

- (a) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and the rules made thereunder;
- (b) Food Safety and Standards (Licensing and Registration of Food Businesses) Regulations, 2011;
- (c) Food Safety and Standards (Packaging and Labelling) Regulations, 2011; and
- (d) Food Safety and Standards (Food Product Standards and Food Additives) Regulations, 2011.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all the directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance and less than seven days in applicable cases with the consent of all the directors in accordance with the provisions of the Act and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

The Directors have complied with the disclosure requirements in respect of their eligibility of appointment, reappointment, their being independent and compliance with the Code of Business Conduct & Ethics for Directors and Management Personnel.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in place in the Company commensurate with the size, nature of business and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines. The following are our observations:

(a) The Company was required to spend a cumulative sum of Rs.81.60 Lakhs during the financial year, being 2% of the average net profits of the Company made during the immediately preceding three financial years towards activities as per Corporate Social Responsibility Policy of the Company under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has spent a sum of Rs.60.78 Lakhs towards CSR activities during the financial year and the balance amount of Rs.20.82 Lakhs is yet to be spent by the Company.





We further report that during the audit period:

- (i) The Company has passed special resolutions at the Annual General Meeting held on 26.09.2019 under Section 149(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 approving the reappointment of Mr. S. Ramesh (DIN: 01620265) and Mr. L.A. Irudayaraj (DIN: 01973946) as Independent Directors of the Company for second consecutive term of 5 years.
- (ii) The Company has passed special resolutions at the Annual General Meeting held on 26.09.2019 under Section 197 read with Schedule V Part II Section II of the Companies Act, 2013 approving the increase in the remuneration of Mr. K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director, Mrs. Mageswari Kannan, Joint Managing Director, Mr. Sounder Kannan, Whole-time Director and Mr. D. Vijay Anand, Technical Director of the Company.
- (iii) The Company has passed ordinary resolutions at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 24.03.2020 under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 granting approval for entering into material related party transactions with various related parties for the Financial Year 2020-21 and for entering to related party transaction with M/s. M.M. Detergents Company Private Limited pertaining to processing charges for the Financial Year 2019-20.
- (iv) The Company has passed special resolutions at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 24.03.2020 under Sections 196, 197 read with Schedule V Part II Section II of the Companies Act, 2013 approving the reappointment of managerial personnel for a period of 3 years viz., Mr. Sounder Kannan, Whole-time Director with effect from 27.03.2020, Mr. K.S. Kamalakannan, Chairman and Managing Director and Mrs. Mageswari Kannan, Joint Managing Director, with effect from 01.08.2020 and Mr. D. Vijay Anand, Technical Director with effect from 21.08.2020.
- (v) During the financial year under review, the Company has declared final divided @8% (Rs.0.80 per equity share of Rs.10/- each) at the Annual General Meeting held on 26.09.2019 and interim dividend @8% (Rs.0.80 per equity share of Rs.10/- each) at the Board Meeting held on 12.02.2020 on its paid-up equity share capital of Rs.1424.80 Lakhs.
- (vi) During the financial year, the Company had received Order passed by the Regional Director, Southern Region, Chennai dated 03.04.2019 relating to compounding application filed by the Company and its Directors for the offences committed pertaining to non-compliance of the provisions of Section 211 of the Companies Act, 1956 and Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013 with reference to Inspection of Books and other records conducted under the provisions of Section 206(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 vide Letter No. ROC/CHN/20409/2016, dated 13th January, 2016 and the applicants of the Company paid the compounding fees imposed as specified in the said Order.

For G.S.R. & Co., COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Chennai

Date: 29th June, 2020

G. SREENIVASA RAO (M.No. FCS-5691 & C.P. No. 4966) UDIN: F005691B000392451

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Appendix-A and forms an integral part of this report.





APPENDIX - 'A'

To
The Members
M/s. Naga Limited
No.1, Anna Pillai Street,
Chennai - 600 001.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company.

 Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that corrected facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.,
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For G.S.R. & Co., COMPANY SECRETARIES

Place: Chennai

Date: 29th June, 2020

G. SREENIVASA RAO (M.No. FCS-5691 & C.P. No. 4966)

UDIN: F005691B000392451





D. Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants 5, South Boag Road, T.Nagar, Chennai 600017. Ph: 044-24341189

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NAGA LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Naga Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.





We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1.	Revenue is recognised when the control of the products being sold has been transferred to the customer. We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter because the Company and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance indicator. This could create an incentive for revenue to be overstated or recognised before control has been transferred.	 Our audit procedures included: Assessing the appropriateness of the revenue recognition accounting policies, by comparing with applicable accounting standards. Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's general IT controls and key IT/manual application controls over the Company's systems which govern recording of revenue in the general ledger accounting system. Performing substantive testing (including year-end cutoff testing) by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year (and before and after the financial year end) by verifying the underlying documents, which included sales invoices/contracts and shipping documents. Carrying out analytical procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify unusual variances. Performing confirmation procedures on selected customer balances at the balance sheet date.
2.		 6. Testing on a sample basis, revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date to determined whether the revenue had been recognized in the appropriate financial period. 7. We assessed manual journals posted to revenue to identify unusual items.
2.	The Company has entered into several transactions with related parties during the year 2019-20. We identified related party transactions as a key audit matter because of risks with respect to completeness of disclosures made in the financial statements; noncompliance with statutory regulations governing related party relationships such as the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations and the judgement involved in assessing whether transactions with related parties are undertaken at arms' length.	 In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence: Carrying out an assessment of the key controls to identify and disclose related party relationships and transactions in accordance with the relevant accounting standard. Carrying out an assessment of compliance with the listing regulations and the regulations under the Companies Act, 2013, including checking of approvals/ scrutiny as specified in Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the related party transactions. In cases where the matter was subject to interpretation, we exercised judgement to rely on opinions provided by legal practitioners. Considering the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures in the financial statements, relating to the related party transactions. Inspecting relevant ledgers, agreements and other information that may indicate existence of related party relationship or transactions. Also testing the completeness of related parties with reference to the various registers maintained by the Company statutorily. Testing on a sample basis, Management's assessment of related party transactions for arm's length pricing.





Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note No. 2.2 to the standalone financial statements, which describes the uncertainties and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations and results as assessed by the management. The Management has assessed that there is no material impact on the financial statements due to lockdown and related restrictions imposed towards controlling the COVID-19 pandemic. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Matter

Our attendance at the physical inventory verification done by the management was impracticable under the current lockdown restrictions imposed by the government. Consequently, we have performed alternative procedures to audit on the existence and condition of inventory at year end as per the guidance provided in SA-501 "Audit Evidence - Specific considerations for selected items" and have obtained sufficient audit evidence to issue our un-modified opinion on these standalone financial statement. Our opinion on the statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit/loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.





In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.





Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

mega



g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2020 has been paid/provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

 The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2020 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 39 to the standalone financial statements;

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 003556S)

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

M K Ravindran (Partner) M.No. 020887 UDIN:20020887AAAAEE6601





Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report (Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Naga Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2020)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Naga Limited (the "Company") as of 31st March ,2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the





design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assesse drisk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of the management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 003556S)

M K Ravindran (Partner)
M.No. 020887

UDIN:20020887AAAAEE6601





ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Naga Limited of even date)

- i. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties being land and building acquired under Business Transfer Agreement, the registration formalities with the concerned Registration authorities got completed during the current year Refer Note No.4 to the Financial Statements.
- ii. The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification at reasonable intervals.
- iii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, paragraph 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans given, investments made, guarantees and security given.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(v) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, related to the manufacturing activities, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the specified accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same.





- vii. (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Goods and Services tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and Other Statutory Dues applicable to it.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations provided to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Goods and Service tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value added tax, Cess and Other Statutory Dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) According to the records of the Company, the dues of Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value added tax and Cess which have not been deposited on March 31, 2020 on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Sl.No	Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs.in Crores)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1	The Tamil Nadu Tax on Consumption or Sale of Electricity Act, 2003	Electricity Tax	0.70	2012-13 to 2019-20	Hon'ble Supreme Court of India
2	The Electricity Act, 2003	Deemed demand for minimum charges	0.14	2016-17 to 2019-20	Hon'ble High Court of Chennai, Madurai Bench

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowing to a financial institutions and banks. The Company neither has any outstanding loan or borrowing from Government nor issued any debentures.
- (ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided by the management, the Company has utilised the monies raised by way of term loans for the purposes for which they were raised.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the Financial Statements and according to the information and explanations provided by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by the officers and employees of the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid/provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.





- (xiii) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, transactions with the related partie sare in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations provided to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review and hence, reporting requirements under clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and, not commented upon.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him as referred to in Section 192 of the Act.
- (xvi) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the provisions of Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company.

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 003556S)

> M K Ravindran (Partner) M.No. 020887 UDIN:20020887AAAAEE6601





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)



Particulars N		As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	268.37	205.48
Intangible Assets	4	1.42	1.42
Capital work in progress Financial assets	5	10.67	7.85
Investments	6	3.64	2.40
Other financial assets	7	8.28	4.67
Other non-current assets	8	7.01	5.03
Total non-current assets		299.39	226.85
Current assets	0	450.44	72.75
Inventories	9	158.14	73.65
Financial assets	40	F/ 4F	F0 33
Trade receivables	10	56.45	50.32
Cash and cash equivalents Bank balances other than above	11 12	18.10	4.55
_	12	4.70 0.57	4.96 0.41
Loans Current Tax Assests (Net)	13 14	2.49	0.41
Other current assets	15	19.69	9.27
	13		
Total current assets	Tatal Assats	<u>260.14</u>	143.16
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Total Assets	559.53	370.01
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity	4.4	4.4.25	4.4.05
Equity share capital	16	14.25	14.25
Other equity	17	121.99	112.30
Total equity LIABILITIES		136.24	126.55
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	18	180.85	120.02
Other financial liabilities	19	2.78	0.98
Provisions	20	2.84	1.88
Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	21	14.40	20.06
Total non-current liabilities		200.87	142.94
Current liabilities			,,
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	22	101.33	50.76
Trade payable	23		
a)Total Outstanding dues of m		2.84	1.37
enterprises and small enter			
b)Total Outstanding dues of c		75.72	13.27
than micro enterprises and small			
Other financial liabilites	24	33.23	27.39
Other current liabilities	25	9.16	7.59
Short Term Provisions	26	0.14	0.14
Total current liabilities		222.42_	100.52
T	otal Liabilities	423.29	243.46
Total Equity	and Liabilities	559.53	370.01

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 01601589

Place: Dindigul Date: 29th June, 2020 MAGESWARI KANNAN Joint Managing Director

DIN: 02107556

T.R. SIVARAMAN
Chief Financial Officer

M.No:023228

92

As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 003556S)

M.K. RAVINDRAN

Partner M.No: 020887

V. MARIKANNAN Company Secretary M.No. A30767





Standalone Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Со	ntinuing Operations			
Α	Income			
	Revenue from operations	27	1003.30	837.19
	Other income	28	6.39	14.13
	Total income		1009.69	851.32
В	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	29	827.57	553.39
	Purchases of stock in trade	30	0.36	87.25
	Changes in inventories	31	(29.46)	0.73
	Employee benefits expense	32	42.09	37.15
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	33	33.06	27.42
	Other expenses	34	93.67	90.69
	Finance costs	35	33.63	29.07
	Total expenses		1000.92	825.70
C	Profit before exceptional items and tax		8.77	25.62
	Exceptional items		8.77	25.62
D	Profit before tax from continuing operations		6.77	25.02
_	Income tax expense	36	-	
	Current tax		1.35	6.10
	Deferred tax charge /(credit)		(5.50)	1.40
	Profit for the year		12.92	18.12
Ε	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or le	oss		
	Remeasurement of post employment benefit ob	oligations	(0.64)	(0.13)
	Income tax relating to these items		0.16	0.04
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net	of taxes	(0.48)	(0.09)
	Total Comprehensive income for the year		12.44	18.03
	Earnings per share (Face value of Rs. 10 eac	h) 37		
	Basic earnings per share (in Rs.)		9.07	12.72
	Diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)		9.07	12.72

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 01601589

Place: Dindigul Date: 29th June, 2020 MAGESWARI KANNAN Joint Managing Director DIN: 02107556

T.R. SIVARAMAN Chief Financial Officer M.No:023228 As per our report of even date For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 003556S)

M.K. RAVINDRAN Partner M.No: 020887 V. MARIKANNAN Company Secretary M.No. A30767





Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity Share Capital

Balance at the begining of April 1, 2018 14.25

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance at the end of March 31, 2019 14.25

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance at the end of March 31, 2020 14.25

(B) Other Comprehensive Income

Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	OCI (Remeasurment	Total
		Reserve			of post employee benefit	
					obligations)	
Balance as at April 1,2018	0.11	1.36	2.71	91.73	(0.27)	95.64
Additions/(deductions) during the year	-	-	0.21	(0.21)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	18.12	(0.09)	18.03
Dividend and tax thereon paid	1	-	-	(1.37)	-	(1.37)
Balance as at Machl 31,2019	0.11	1.36	2.92	108.27	(0.36)	112.30
Additions/(deductions) during the year	-	-	0.21	(0.21)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	12.92	(0.48)	12.44
Dividend and tax thereon paid	1	-	-	(2.75)	-	(2.75)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	0.11	1.36	3.13	118.23	(0.84)	121.99

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN

MAGESWARI KANNAN

Joint Managing Director Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 02107556 DIN: 01601589

T.R. SIVARAMAN

Chief Financial Officer

M.No:023228

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 003556S)

M.K. RAVINDRAN

Partner

M.No: 020887

V. MARIKANNAN

Company Secretary

M.No. A30767





Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
Profit before income tax	8.77	25.62
Adjustments for		
Bad debts written off	1.29	0.38
Depreciation and amortisation expense	33.06	27.42
(Profit)/ Loss on sale of fixed assets	0.00	(0.09)
Interest income	(1.37)	(1.06)
Finance costs	33.63	29.07
	75.38	81.34
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in loans given	(0.16)	(0.08)
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets	(3.71)	(3.29)
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	(84.50)	73.62
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	(7.42)	0.19
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets	(10.26)	19.44
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	9.51	(21.43)
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	63.92	1.11
Cash generated from operations	42.76	150.90
Less: Income tax paid (net of refunds)	(2.66)	(8.79)
Net cash from operating activities (A)	40.10	142.11
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchase of PPE (including changes in CWIP)	(101.97)	(40.88)
Sale proceeds of PPE	0.00	0.40
(Purchase)/ disposal proceeds of investments	(1.24)	(0.27)
(Investments in)/ Maturity of fixed deposits with banks	0.26	16.29
Interest received	1.37	1.06
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(101.58)	(23.40)





Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings	60.83	(3.67)
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings	51.47	(84.39)
Finance costs paid	(33.63)	(29.07)
Dividend paid (Including dividend distribution tax)	(2.75)	(1.37)
Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	75.92	(118.50)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	14.44	0.21
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	3.16	2.95
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	17.60	3.16

Notes:

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 "Cash Flow Statements".
- 2. Components of cash and cash equivalents

	17.60	3.16
Book Overdraft with Banks	(0.50)	(1.39)
Cash on hand	0.16	0.17
- in Current Accounts	17.94	4.38
Balances with banks		

For and on behalf of the Board	d	As per our report of even date
		For D Sampathkumar & Co.,
K.S. KAMALAKANNAN	MAGESWARI KANNAN	Chartered Accountants
Chairman & Managing Director	Joint Managing Director	(Firm Registration No: 003556S)
DIN: 01601589	DIN: 02107556	
	T.D. CIVADAMAN	M.K. RAVINDRAN
	T.R. SIVARAMAN	Partner
	Chief Financial Officer	M.No: 020887
	M.No:023228	M.110. 020007
		V. MARIKANNAN
Place: Dindigul		Company Secretary
Date : 29 th June, 2020		M.No. A30767





NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Notes to the Financial statements

Company Background

Naga Limited is a company incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 1956 and is domiciled in India. Its Registered Office is located at No 1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai-600001 and the Corporate Office at No 1, Trichy Road, Dindigul-624005. The Company's Shares are listed in Metropoliton Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI), Mumbai. The Company is engaged in the manufacture of Wheat Products, Minerals, Detergents and in Power Generation.

The Plants of the Company are located in various places in and around Dindigul and its Power Generating Plants are located in Coimbatore, Dharapuram, Theni and Tirunelveli.

2. Significant Accounting Policies and key accounting estimates and judgments

Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Effective April 1, 2017, the Company has adopted all the applicable Ind AS Standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in India (IGAAP), as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

Accounting Policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued Accounting Standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing Accounting Standard requires a change in the Accounting Policy hitherto adopted.

2.2 Basis of Preparation and Compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain items that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. The financial statements are prepared on a "going concern" basis using accrual concept except for the cash flow information.

Historical cost is generally based on fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimate using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability at the measurement date assuming the market participants act in their economic best interest. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purpose in these financial statements is determined on such basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2- Inventories or values in use in Ind AS 36-Impairment of Assets.





In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, as described hereunder:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Transactions and balances with values below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company have been reflected as '-' in these financial statements.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to global health pandemic from COVID 19

The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID 19 on the crrying amounts of receivables, right to use of assets and intangible assets. In estimating the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company as at the date of approval of these financiaal statements has used internal and exeranl sources of information including credit reports and related information, economic forecast and consensus estimates from the market sources on the expected performance of the Company. The Company has performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used and based on current estimates expects the carrying amounts of these assets will be recovered. The impact of COVID 19 on the Company's financial statements may differ from that estimted as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

2.3 Current/Non-Current Classification

An asset or liability is classified as Current if it satisfies any of the following conditions:

- (a) The asset / liability is expected to be realized / settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) The asset is intended for sale or consumption;
- (c) The asset / liability is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (d) The asset / liability is expected to be realized / settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- (e) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period;
- (f) In case of a liability, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as Non-Current.

For the purpose of Current / Non- Current classification, the Company has reckoned its normal operating cycle as twelve months based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets or inventories for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents.

Deferred Tax assets and liabilities are classified as Non-Current.

Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each Balance Sheet date, are disclosed as other Non-current assets.





2. 4 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ind AS 116 - Leases

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS 116 will replace the existing Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit and Loss.

The Standard is applicable for the accounting periods commencing on or after 01-04-2019. Accordingly, the Company has adopted this standard effective from 1st April, 2019, using modified simplified approach. The adoption of the standard did not have any material impact on the profit for the year.

Ind AS 12 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12.

According to the Appendix, Companies need to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the Companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

The Standard permits two possible methods of transition -

- Full retrospective approach Under this approach, Appendix C will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, without using hindsight and
- ii) Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying Appendix C recognised by adjusting equity on initial application, without adjusting comparatives.

The Company has adopted the Standard on April 1, 2019 and adjusted the cumulative effect in equity on the date of initial appication i.e. April 1, 2019 without adjusting comparatives.

However, application of this Standard form 01-04-2019 did not have any significant impact for the Company.

IndAs 19 Employee Benefits (amendments relating to Plan amendment, curtailment of settlement)

The amendments clarify that if a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs, it is mandatory that the current service cost and the net interest for the period after the remeasurement are determined using the assumptions used for the remeasurement. In addtion, amendments have been included to classify the effect of plan amendment, availment or settlement on the requirement regarding the asset ceiling. The Company has adopted the amendments during the year and the same did not have any material impact on the financial statements.





2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment are tangible items that:

- (a) Are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes: and
- (b) Are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment shall be recognised as an asset if and only if:

- (a) It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- (b) The cost of the item can be measured reliably.

An item of PPE that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition PPEs are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

- (i) For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its PPE recognized as on April 1, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous IGAAP as its deemed cost as on the transition date.
- (ii) The cost of an item of PPE comprises of purchase price, taxes and duties net of input tax credit entitlement and other items directly attributable to the cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a PPE if the recognition criteria are met. Expenses directly attributable to new manufacturing facility during its construction period are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met. Expenditure related to plans, designs and drawings of buildings or plant and machinery is capitalized under relevant heads of PPE if the recognition criteria are met.

Borrowing cost (net of interest earned on temporary investments of those borrowings) directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of the cost of the assets till the assets are substantially ready for its intended use.

- (iii) The Company identifies and determines the cost of each part of an item of PPE separately, if the part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of that item of PPE and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining item.
- (iv) Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of PPE are capitalized at Cost. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred. All up gradation / enhancements are charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring significant additional benefits.
- (v) Capital advances and Capital Work-in-Progress

Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as Other Non-Current Assets. Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the Balance Sheet date, is shown as Capital Work-in-Progress. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of PPE when completed and ready for intended use.

(vi) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on written down value (WDV) method in respect of Soaps & Detergents Division at Vedasandur and under the straight line method in respect of other divisions. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.





(vii) Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Asset	Years
Factory Buildings	30
Buildings (Other than factory buildings)	60
Plant and Equipment - continuous process plants	25
Plant and Equipment - Other than continuous process plants	15
Wind Power Generation Plant	22
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Vehicles - Motor Cycles, Scooter and Mopeds	10
Other vehicles	8
Office Equipment	5
Servers & Networks	6
End user devices such as desktops, laptops etc.,	3

Assets costing Rs. 5,000/- and below are depreciated in full within the Financial Year.

2.6 Intangible Assets

a) Intangible Assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life is reviewed annually with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

b) Useful lives of Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are amortised equally over the estimated useful life not exceeding ten years.

2.7 De-recognition of tangible and intangible assets

An item of tangible and intangible asset is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of tangible and intangible assets is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

2.8 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The Company annually reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating unit for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.





Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment of loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of impairment of loss is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

Effective from 1st April, 2018 the Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

(a) Sale of products

Revenue is recognised at a point in time upon transfer of control of the products to customers i.e., when the products are delivered to the common carrier, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the actual underlying performance obligation that corresponds to the progress by the customer / indentor towards earning the discount / incentive.

(b) Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and using effective interest rate method.

(c) Insurance Claims

Insurance claims are recognized on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

(d) Rental Income / Warehousing Charges

Rental income and warehousing charges from operating leases are recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease, if the escalation is not a compensation for increase in cost of inflation index.

2.10 Ind AS 115- Revenue from contracts with customers

The standard is notified on 28.03.2018 and it is applicable for the accounting periods commencing on or after 01.04.2018 and accordingly your Company has adopted this standard.





2.11 Inventories

Inventories including traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Materials and other items intended for use in the production of inventories are not written -down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated or expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost includes taxes and duties (other than taxes and duties for which input tax credit is available), freight and other direct expenses. Stocks of Raw materials, Stores & Spares and chemicals are valued at cost on First in First Out. Finished Goods / Stock-in-Progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value and cost includes material, direct labour, overheads (other than selling and administrative overheads) incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are periodically identified and provision is made where necessary.

2.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.13 Employee Benefits

(a) Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of Short Term Employee Benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

(b) Post-employment benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plan

Payments to Defined Contribution Retirement Benefit Plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Contributions to Provident Fund and Superannuation Fund are treated as Defined Contribution Plans, since funded with Provident Fund Commissioner (as per the provisions of the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952) and Life Insurance Corporation of India, respectively.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans

The company operates the Defined Benefit Gratuity Plan for employees. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as





reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if applicable. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan. Gratuity and Retirement Benefit Schemes operated by the Company are treated as Defined Benefit Plans.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit's liability / asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income and taken to retained earnings. (Such re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods).

The Company presents the above liability / (asset) as current and non-current in the Balance Sheet as per actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary, however, the entire liability towards gratuity to employees (other than Directors) is considered as current as the company will contribute this amount to gratuity fund within the next twelve months.

(c) Other Long-term Employee Benefits

As per policy of the Company, compensated absence is not accumulated.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligations, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtual certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

2.15 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through statement of Profit and Loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss (FVTPL) are recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.





2.16 Financial Assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(a) Classification of financial Assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost. The debt instruments carried at amortised cost includes Deposits, Loans and advances recoverable in cash.

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

(b) Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as FVTPL. Interest income is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Investment in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI

(i) Investments in Equity Instruments in Subsidiaries and associates:

The Company has elected to carry investment in equity instruments in subsidiaries and associates at cost in accordance with paragraph 10 of Ind AS 27- Separate Financial Statements.

(ii) Investments in Other Equity Instruments:

The Company has irrevocably designated to carry investment in Other Equity Instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income. On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income pertaining to Investments in Equity Instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments were initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income'. On derecognition of such Financial Assets, cumulative gain or loss previously reported in OCI is not reclassified from Equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer such cumulative gain or loss into retained earnings within Equity.





The Company has Equity Investments which are not held for trading. The Company has elected the FVTOCI irrevocable option for these investments (see Note 6). Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 2.2.

(d) Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses "Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12 months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instruments).
- For Trade receivable, Company applies "simplified approach" which requires expected life time losses to be recognized from initial recognition of these receivables.
- For other assets, the Company uses 12 months ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk, if there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

(e) Derecognition of Financial Assets:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109, a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Concomitantly, if the asset is one that is measured at:

- (a) Amortised cost, the gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (b) Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income, the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to Reserves are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset represents an equity investment in which case the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves is classified within equity.

2.17 Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

(a) Classification as Debt or Equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(b) Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.





(c) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at the value of respective contractual obligations. Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the" Finance costs" line item.

(d) De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms , or the terms of an existing liability modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the Derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.18 Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks, by means of foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit and loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

The Company designates hedging instruments in respect of foreign currency risk as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Company documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an going basis, the Company documents whether hedging instruments is highly effective in off-setting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

Cash Flow Hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in Other Comprehensive Income and are accumulated as 'cash flow hedge reserve'. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, as exchange fluctuation gain / loss.

The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognised. In other cases the amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period when the hedged item affects Profit and Loss.





Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Fair Value Hedge

The Company designates derivative contracts as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of change in fair value of hedged item in foreign exchange rates.

Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and hedged items that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of maturity.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. The fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss from that date.

2.19 Foreign Currency Transactions

(a) Initial Recognition

On initial recognition, transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency (ie Indian Rupees), by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency as at the date of the transaction.

(b) Measurement of foreign currency items at reporting date

Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured fair value in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is measured.

(c) Recognition of exchange difference

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

2.20 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.





2.21 Taxes on Income

Taxes on income comprise of Current Tax and Deferred Tax.

(a) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years (temporary difference) and items that are never taxable or deductible (permanent difference) under the Income Tax act,1961.

Current tax is measured using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the reporting period together with any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

(b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that affect neither the accounting profit nor the taxable profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part of or all of deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

MAT Credit Entitlement is in the form of unused tax credits and is accordingly grouped under Deferred Tax Assets.

(c) Current and Deferred Tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity respectively.





2.22 Events after reporting period

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size of nature are only disclosed.

2.23 Financial and Management Information System

The Company's Accounting System is designed to unify the Financial and Cost Records and also to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to provide financial and cost information appropriate to the businesses and facilitate Internal Control.

2.24 Segment Reporting

The Company has the following reporting segments, which are considered as its reporting segments. These segments offer different types of products to different customers and are managed separately because they require different technology and production process. Operating segment disclosures are consistent with the information provided to and reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

Reporting Segment Products Offered

Foods and Windmill Wheat Products and Power Generation
Minerals and Detergents various minerals and Detergents

2.25 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3. Key Accounting Estimates and Judgements

3.1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as given below.





(a) Fair value measurement and valuation processes

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Management works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

(b) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment at the end of each reporting period. During the current year, there has been no change in useful life considered for the assets.

(c) Cash Discounts

In accordance with Ind AS 115, the Company deducts cash discounts from the revenue for sale of products. Cash discounts on the sale of products in the last month of the year is estimated based on the past experience.

(d) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Company's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in Other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(e) Claims, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

The Company has ongoing litigations with various regulatory authorities and third parties. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, Management provides for its best estimate of liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty. Information about such litigations is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(f) Tax expense

Significant judgments and estimates are involved in estimating the budgeted profits for the purposes of advance tax, determining the provision for income tax, Minimum Alternate Tax and MAT Credit which may get revised pursuant to the determination by the Income Tax authorities.





lotes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Standalone)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars					Tangible				Intangible	Total
	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Electrical	Furniture	Computer	Vehicles	Windmill	Software	
			Equipment	Equipment Installation	and fixture			/Solar		
Gross Block										
As at April 1, 2019	15.62	37.88	148.39	13.95	0.84	4.14	20.27	38.29	1.64	281.02
Additions	21.07	18.13	51.02	5.18	0.01	0.07	0.32	0.00	0.15	95.95
Disposals	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
Cost as at March 31, 2020	36.69	56.01	199.41	19.13	0.85	4.21	20.59	38.29	1.79	376.97
Depreciation / Amortisation/										
Impairment										
As at April 1, 2019	•	4.52	50.85	4.88	0.18	1.27	5.84	6.36	0.22	74.12
Charge for the year	•	2.13	22.17	3.29	0.13	0.24	2.55	2.40	0.15	33.06
Ind AS Adjustments	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
Disposals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	1	•
As at March 31, 2020		6.65	73.02	8.17	0.31	1.51	8.39	8.76	0.37	107.18
Net Block										
As at March 31, 2019	15.62	33.36	97.54	9.07	99.0	2.87	14.43	31.93	1.42	206.90
As at March 31, 2020	36.69	49.36	126.39	10.96	0.54	2.70	12.20	29.53	1.42	269.79

The Company has availed borrowings from Banks which carry charge over the assets of the Company (Refer Note No 43, towards Security)

Refer Note No.39 for Disclosure of Contractual Commitments for the acquistion of Property, Plant and Equipment. 7 The amount of borrowing costs capitalised during the year ended 31⁴ March, 2020 was Rs.2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr). The Company has applied capitalisation rate of 10.00 % which is the average cost of capital of the company.

The amount of employee cost capitalized during the year ended 31st March, 2020 was Rs.1.36 Cr (PY Rs. 0.00 Cr) 4.

Additions in capital expenditure incurred during the year ended 31st March, 2020 of Rs. 3.78 Cr. (PY 2018-19: Rs. 0.61 Cr.) at Company's inhouse R&D facilities at Dindigul are eligible for weighted deduction under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. 5.

Additions in capital expenditure of Rs. 0.63 crores (FY 2018-19: Rs. 3.64 Crores) incurred by the Company's for R&D facilities at Dindigul are eligible for deduction under ٠.

section 35(1)(iv) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Land and building includes the value of the assets pertaining to acquisition of Pasta unit in Dindigul, the registration of which got completed during the current year. ۲.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Pa	articulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
5	Capital Work-in-progress		
	Capital Work in progress *	10.67	7.85
		10.67	7.85

^{*} Additions in capital work in progress of Rs. Nil (PY 2018-19: Rs. 0.02 Crores) incurred by the Company for R&D

at Dindigul are eligible for deduction under section 35(1)(iv) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Non-current investments Trade Ouoted Investments in Equity instruments Others FVTPL (Fully paid up) 480 (Previous Year 480) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each 0.00 0.00 in Indian Overseas Bank Investments in Mutual Funds FVTPL 1,69,705 (Previous Year 1,94,490) Units of Rs. 10/-0.00 0.02 each in Reliance Equity -Advantage Fund **Trade Unquoted** 100 (Previous Year 100) Equity Shares of Rs. 470/- each in TCP Limited** 0.00 0.00 Investments in Associate Companies* (At Cost) (Fully paid up) 62.400 (Previous Year 36.400) Equity Shares of Rs. 100/-0.62 0.36 each in Annai Power Private Limited 26,000 (Previous Year 26,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/-0.02 0.02 each in Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited Investments in Subsidary Companies (At Cost) (Fully paid up) 0.49 10,000 (Previous Year 10,000) Equity Shares of SGD 10/-0.49 each in Naga Far East Private Limited, Singapore 9,641 (Previous Year 997) Equity Shares of BDT 10/-0.01 0.01 each in Naga Mills Private Limited, Bangladesh** Investments in Equity instruments Others FVTPL (Fully paid up) 43,670 Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Mojro 2.50 1.50 Technologies Private Limited Total non-current investments 3.64 2.40 Aggregate amount of quoted investments 0.00 0.02 Aggregate market value of quoted investments 0.00 0.00 Aggregate cost of unquoted investments 3.64 2.38 Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Category wise Non-Current investments Financial Assets measured at amortized cost Financial Assets measured at cost 0.88 1.14 **FVTPL** 2.50 1.52 **FVOCI** ** Due to rounding off Rupees into Crores Other non-current financial assets (Unsecured, considered good) Security Deposits 3.18 1.89 Bank deposits maturing after 12 months from the 5.10 2.78 reporting date * 8.28 4.67

^{*} Represents balances with banks that are restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for more than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date.





Pa	rticulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
8	Other non-current assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
	Capital advances	6.18	2.96
	Income-tax payment net of provision (Refer Note 26)	-	1.18
	Rent deposits	0.64	0.83
	Statutory Deposits	0.19	0.06
		7.01	5.03
9	Inventories *		
	Raw Materials **	104.91	54.74
	Work-in-progress	16.81	1.61
	Finished products	20.91	6.65
	Packing materials	8.13	4.28
	Stores and spares **	7.38	6.37
	scores and spares	<u></u>	73.65
	* For method of valuation please refer note no 2.11		73.03
	(Please refer Note 22 for security created on Inventories)		
	** Includes Material in Transit		
10	Trade receivables		
	Receivables considered good, Secured	-	-
	Receivables considered good, Unsecured	56.45	50.32
	Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
	Receivables-credit impaired	-	-
		56.45	50.32
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>
		56.45	50.32
	(Please refer Note 22 for security created on Receivables)		
	(Please refer Note 45 for dues from related parites)		
11	Cash and cash equivalents		
••	Cash- on- Hand	0.16	0.17
	Balances with Banks	0.10	0.17
	In Current Account	17.94	4.38
	THE CATTERN ACCOUNT		
42	Oth on Book Balances	<u> 18.10</u>	<u>4.55</u>
12	Other Bank Balances		
	In fixed deposits	-	-
	In Margin money with Banks	4.70	4.02
	Maturing within 12 months from the reporting date More than 12 months	4.68	4.93
		-	-
	In Earmarked Accounts	0.00	0.02
	Unpaid Dividend Account	0.02	0.03
43	Command accorded Financial accorded to the	4.70	4.96
13	Current assets: Financial assets - Loans		
	(Unsecured, considered good)	0 F-7	0.44
	Loans and advances to employees	0.57	0.41
		0.57	0.41





Pa	rticulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
14	Current Tax Assets (Net)		
	Income tax payments net of provisional (Refer Note 26)	2.49	0.00
	Total	2.49	0.00
5	Other current assets		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Income receivable	4.06	3.58
	Prepaid Expenses & Insurance	1.49	1.28
	GST Receivable	3.55	0.97
	Claims Recoverable *	0.98	0.90
	Advances to Suppliers	9.08	2.47
	Expenses recoverable from subsidiaries **	0.53	0.07
		<u>19.69</u>	9.27
(PY '* F	aims recoverable includes Rs.0.68 Crores towards Customs Duty Rs. 0.68 Cr) and Rs. 0.30 Cr towards insurance claims (PY Rs.0.22 Cr) orms part of outstanding balances as disclosed under Note No.45. cances given for preliminary expenses		
16	Capital		
	Authorised Share Capital		
	2,75,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	27.50	27.50
		27.50	27.50
	Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up Share Capital		
	1,42,48,000 Equity Shares of Rs10/- each fully paid	14.25	14.25
		14.25	14,25

Notes:

Reconciliation of number of equity shares subscribed

At the Beginning and at the End

(b) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the total share capital

	March 31,	, 2020	March 31,	2019
Name of the share holder	Number of shares held	% of holding	Number of shares held	% of holding
Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	60,70,570	42.61%	60,70,570	42.61%
Smt. Mageswari Kannan	18,55,220	13.02%	18,55,220	13.02%
M/s. Lakme Investment & Finance Ltd.,	14,12,945	9.92%	14,12,945	9.92%
M/s. Pluris Global Holding (India) Ltd.,	14,10,567	9.90%	14,10,567	9.90%
M/s. M.M.Detergents Company (P) Ltd.,	10,24,000	7.19%	10,24,000	7.19%
Sri. Sounder Kannan	8,17,855	5.74%	8,17,855	5.74%

1,42,48,000

1,42,48,000





Particulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
(c) Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares		
The equity shares of the Company having par-value of Rs.10/- per share rank pari-pasu in all respects including voting rights, dividend entitlement and repayment of capital.	nt	
17 Other Equity Capital Reserves Securities Premium Account General Reserve Retained Earning Other Comprehensive Income Total	0.11 1.36 3.13 118.23 (0.84) 121.99	0.11 1.36 2.92 108.27 (0.36) 112.30
a) Capital Reserve Balance at the beginning and end of the year	0.11	0.11
b) Securities Premium Reserve Balance at the beginning and end of the year	1.36	1.36
c) General Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions during the year Deductions/Adjustments during the year Balance at the end of the year	2.92 0.21 - 3.13	2.71 0.21 - - 2.92
d) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year Net profit for the period Transfers to General Reserve Dividend paid during the year Tax paid on proposed dividend Ind AS adjustments Balance at the end of the year	108.27 12.92 (0.21) (2.28) (0.47)	91.73 18.12 (0.21) (1.14) (0.23)
e) Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at the beginning of the year Additions during the year Deductions/Adjustments during the year Balance at the end of the year	(0.36) (0.48) (0.84)	(0.27) (0.09) - (0.36)
18 Long Term Borrowings*		
Secured - At Amortized Cost Term loans from Banks Unsecured - At Amortized Cost Term loans from Financial Institutions	175.19 4.08	115.63 4.39
Loans and Advances from Related Parties**	1.58 180.85	120.02
* Refer Note 43 for repayment terms and security details including		

current maturities (Refer Note 24)

^{**} Relates to loans availed from Executive Directors @ 12% p.a





(i) Term Loans Outstanding, Rates of Interest & Terms of Repayment

Amt in Cr

S. No.	Nature of Facility	Division	Bank	Loan Amt	ROI	Repayment Terms	Remaining Tenure (Qr/Mns)	O/s as on 31.03.2020
				TERM L	_OAN		(277,)	
1	TERM LOAN - 1	NLFD	INDUSIND	9.55	10.50%	Q	15	5.51
2	TERM LOAN - 2	NLDV	SCB	9.95	10.40%	Q	6	4.33
3	TERM LOAN - 3	NLFD	SCB	12.13	9.75%	Q	11	9.14
4	TERM LOAN - 4	NLDV	SCB	20.21	9.75%	Q	11	16.11
5	TERM LOAN - 5	NLNM	ICICI	7.60	10.05%	М	53	5.30
6	TERM LOAN - 6	NLCD	INDUSIND	15.00	10.25%	Q	22	14.38
7	TERM LOAN - 8	NLDV	HDFC	11.50	9.25%	М	108	11.50
8	TERM LOAN - 9	NLFD	HDFC	12.30	9.25%	М	78	12.30
9	TERM LOAN - 10	NLCD	HDFC	36.00	9.25%	М	78	36.00
10	TERM LOAN - 11	NLDV	HDFC	13.13	9.25%	М	108	13.13
	TOTAL TERM LOAN			147.36				127.70
			LOAI	AGAINS	T PROPER	ТҮ		
6	LAP - 1	NLFD	HDFC	26.00	9.95%	М	61	17.75
7	LAP - 2	NLFD	HDFC	11.00	9.35%	М	61	9.22
8	LAP - 3	NLFD	SBI	16.00	10.35%	М	71	15.55
9	LAP - 4	NLDV	FICCL	5.00	11.95%	М	92	4.08
11	LAP - 6	NLFD	IDBI	16.00	9.65%	М	145	14.60
12	LAP - 7	NLFD	IDBI	3.00	9.85%	М	142	2.78
14	LAP - 9	NLFD	KVB	1.00	10.60%	Q	20	15.00
	TOTAL LAP			95.00				78.98
				VEHICLE	LOAN			
16	VEHICLE LOAN-2	NLCD	HDFC	0.53	7.90%	М	30	0.29
17	VEHICLE LOAN-3	NLCD	HDFC	0.54	7.90%	М	30	0.30
18	VEHICLE LOAN-4	NLCD	HDFC	0.21	8.45%	М	7	0.04
20	VEHICLE LOAN-6	NLDV	HDFC	0.91	9.25%	М	20	0.35
21	VEHICLE LOAN-7	NLMD	HDFC	0.40	8.00%	М	29	0.22
22	VEHICLE LOAN-8	NLMD	HDFC	1.60	8.59%	М	28	0.84
23	VEHICLE LOAN-9	NLNM	HDFC	0.29	8.60%	М	38	0.20
24	VEHICLE LOAN-10	NLNM	HDFC	5.49	9.15%	М	28	2.87
25	VEHICLE LOAN-11	NLNM	HDFC	0.41	9.15%	М	28	0.21
	TOTAL VL			10.37				5.32
	Total Outstanding	as on 31	.03.2020					212.00

^{*}The Outstanding includes current maturities of Long Term Debt. (Refer Note No. 24).





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars			As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
19 Other non current financial liabil	ities			
Rental and Lease Advances			2.78	0.98
			2.78	0.98
20 Provisions (Non-current)				
Provision for gratuity - Directors			2.12	1.64
Provision for gratuity - Employees			<u>0.72</u> 2.84	<u>0.24</u> 1.88
21 Deferred Tax Liability/ (Asset) - N	let			
	As at	Recognised	OCI	As at
	March 31,2019	in P&L during 2019-20 *	2019-20	March 31, 2020
As at March 31, 2020		2019-20		
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
Difference between written down value /				
Capital Work in Progress of Fixed				
Assets as per books of accounts	20.29	(4.72)	-	15.57
and Income Tax Act, 1961.				
Expenses allowed on payment	0.00	(0.26)	-	(0.26)
Total	20.29	(4.98)	-	15.31
Deferred Tax Assets				
Expenses allowed on payment	0.23	0.52	0.16	0.91
Total	0.23	0.52	0.16	0.91
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	20.06	(5.50)	(0.16)	14.40
As at March 31, 2019				
<u>Deferred Tax Liabilities</u>				
Difference between written down value/				
Capital Work in Progress of Fixed	18.86	1.43	-	20.29
Assets as per books of accounts				
and Income Tax Act, 1961.				
Total	18.86	1.43	-	20.29
Deferred Tax Assets				
Expenses allowed on payment	0.16	0.00	0.07	0.23
Total	0.16	0.00	0.07	0.23
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	18.70	1.43	(0.07)	20.06

^{*} The Company has applied lower income tax rates on the deferred tax assets / liablities to the extent these are expected to be realised or settled in future period when the Company may be subject to lower tax rate and accordingly reversed net tax liablities of Rs. -5.66 Cr.





Pa	rticulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
22	Current liabilities - Financial Liabilities: Borrowings a) Secured - At Amortised Cost		
	From banks *	93.41	50.76
	Assumed Liability **	7.92	0.00_
		101.33	50.76

nt)

	Assumed Liability **	7.92 101.33	<u>0.00</u> 50.76
* Se	cured by pari-passu charge on inventories and trade receivables and are re	epayable on de	emand
	his pertains to takeover off liabilities towards acquistion of Pasta unit under Eured by mortgage of assets, corporate guarantee and personal guarantee o		ransfer Agreement
23	Trade payables a) Total		
Outs	standing dues of Micro and Small and Medium Enterprises. b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small and	2.84	1.37
	Medium Enterprises	75.72 78.56	13.27 13.53
	i) The classification of the suppliers under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is made on the basis of information made available to the Comppany.		
	ii) Disclosure requirements as required under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is as follows.		
	i) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to each supplier at the end of each accounting year.*	2.84	1.37
	*Principal outstanding Rs.2.84 crores (PY Rs.1.37) & Interest outstanding Nil (PY Nil)		
	ii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
	iii) Interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro, Small and Mediur Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	n Nil	Nil
	iv) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year:	Nil	Nil
	v) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years,		
	until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise	Nil	Nil
24	Other current financial liabilities		
	Current maturities of long-term borrowings	32.73	26.00
	Book Overdraft with Banks	33.23	1.39 27.39
25	Other current liabilities		
	Unclaimed /Unpaid dividends	0.02	0.03
	Advances received for supply of goods	5.24	3.20
	Expenses Payable to government authorities	2.11 1.79	0.96
	Stautory Dues Payable to government authorities	9.16	3.40 7.59
	(* Please refer Note No. 45 for dues to related parties)		





Pa	rticulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
26	Provisions (Current)		
	Provision for gratuity *	0.14	0.14
	Provision for taxation (Net of Advance Tax) (Refer Note 14)	0.14	0.14
27	Revenue from operations		
	Sale of Products		
	Manufactured Products		
	Wheat and Wheat Products	765.72	649.76
	Detergents & Minerals	192.62	33.79
	Traded Goods		
	Wheat and Minerals	1.44	93.71
		959.78	777.26
	Sale of services	0.40	4 74
	Grinding Charges	0.19	4.71
	Conversion Charges	31.28	44.09
	Weighbridge Income	0.53	0.55
	Windmill Income	0.14	0.21
	Lorry Income	4.57	4.56
	Other Operating Income	36.71	54.12
	Other Operating Income Sale of scrap	6.81_	5.81_
	sale of scrap	1003.30	<u></u>
		1003.30	
28	Other income		
	Interest Income	1.37	1.06
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.00	0.09
	Rent Receipts	3.42	6.08
	Others - miscellaneous receipts	1.60	4.85
	MTM gain on forward contracts	0.00	2.05
		6.39	14.13
29	Cost of materials consumed		
	Wheat	642.31	529.34
	Detergents & Minerals	185.26	24.05
	3	827.57	553.39
30	Purchases of Stock in Trade		
	Wheat	0.36	87.25
	Detergents & Minerals	0.00	0.00
		0.36	87.25
31	Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock in trade	and finished goods	•
	Opening Stock		
	Work-in-Progress	1.61	1.43
	Finished Goods	6.65	7.56
		8.26	8.99
	Closing Stock		
	Work-in-Progress	16.81	1.61
	Finished Goods	20.91	6.65_
		37.72	8.26
	Total changes in inventories	(29.46)	0.73
	120	. —	





Pa	rticulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
32	Employee benefits expense**		
	Salaries, wages and bonus	34.85	30.51
	Contribution to provident and other funds *	2.44	2.61
	Staff Welfare Expenses	1.74	1.66
	Directors' Remuneration	3.06	2.37
	* Refer Note No.44(1)		
	** Employees cost is net of employee cost capitalized of Rs.	1.36 Cr	
	(PY 2018-19 Nil)	42.00	27.45
		42.09	<u>37.15</u>
33	Depreciation and amortisation expense		
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	33.06	<u>27.42</u>
		33.06	27.42
34	Other expenses		
	Manufacturing Expenses	•	
	Production Expenses	9.16	9.52
	Power and Fuel	12.87	12.77
	Repairs to Machinery	9.09	8.87
	Laboratory Expenses	2.66	1.93
	(A)	33.78	33.09
	Selling and Distribution Expenses	4.07	4.27
	Advertisement	1.96	1.36
	Brokerage and Commission	0.99	0.78
	Discount & Claims and Settlement	2.69	1.17
	Sales Promotion	3.02	6.85 11.79
	Freight and Handling (B)	<u>11.31</u> 19.97	<u>11.79</u> 21.95
	Establishment Expenses	17.77	21.73
	Annual Maintenance Charges	2.25	1.87
	Bank Charges and Commission	1.28	1.08
	Foreign Currency Fluctuation	2.52	-
	Bad Debts	1.29	0.38
	Repairs to Buildings	1.12	1.60
	Printing & Stationery	0.42	0.32
	Subscription	0.04	0.06
	Telephone	0.26	0.31
	Professional Charges	4.27	1.64
	Payments to auditors [refer note 34(a)]	0.07	0.06
	Directors' Sitting Fees	0.02	0.03
	Security Charges	1.05	1.16
	Legal Expenses	0.07	0.09
	Donations	0.26	0.43
	Travelling & Vehicle Maintenance	13.86	13.01
	Insurance	1.34	1.56
	Rates, Licence and Taxes	1.30	1.64
	Pooja Expenses	0.10	0.11
	Postage	0.08	0.11
	Computer Maintenance	0.46	0.31
	Rent & Electricity	5.97	6.45
	CSR Expenses [refer note 34(b)]	0.61	1.08
	Windmill Expenses	1.28	1.53
	Expenditure on Scientific Research	0.00	0.82
	(C)	39.92	35.65
	Total Other Expenses (A+B+C)	93.67	90.69
	seriei amperioes (m. s. e)	75,01	





34(a) Payment to auditors	Parti	culars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019	
Taxation Matters	34(a)	Payment to auditors			
34(b) Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Gross amount required to be spent on Corporate Social Responsibility (i) Brought Forward 0.14 0.66 (ii) During the year 0.67 0.55 0.55 (ii) Outring the year on 0.81 0.61 0.85 (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] 0.60 0.23 0.61 0.61 0.65 (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] 0.60 0.23 0.61 0.61 0.65 0.		As Auditors	0.06	0.05	
34(b) Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Gross amount required to be spent on Corporate Social Responsibility (i) Brought Forward 0.66 (ii) During the year 0.67 0.81 1.22		Taxation Matters	0.01	0.01	
Scross amount required to be spent on Corporate Social Responsibility (i) Brought Forward 0.14 0.66 0.57 0.56 0.55 0.			0.07	0.06	
Scross amount required to be spent on Corporate Social Responsibility (i) Brought Forward 0.14 0.66 0.57 0.56 0.55 0.	34(b)	Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility			
Social Responsibility	` ,				
(i) Brought Forward (ii) During the year 0.67 (ii) During the year on (i) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] Amount unspent during the year on (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] Amount unspent during the year Amount unspent during the year Tinance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks - Other Borrowing Costs - Other Borrowing Cost					
(ii) During the year 0.67 0.56 1.122 Amount spent during the year on (i) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset 0.01 0.85 (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] 0.60 0.23 0.61 1.08 Amount unspent during the year 0.20 0.14 1.08 Amount unspent during the year 0.20 0.14 1.08 Amount unspent during the year 0.20 0.14 1.08		·	0.14	0.66	
Amount spent during the year on (i) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] Amount unspent during the year Finance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks Other Borrowing Costs T.79 Cheff Borrowing Costs T.79 Cheff Borrowing Costs T.79 Tinance Cost is net of interest capitalised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) Amount tax expense (a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense Tenacted income tax expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company At the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Income Income tax expense Income tax expe					
Amount spent during the year on (i) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset (ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] Amount unspent during the year D.0.0 Amount unspent during the year Tinance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks - Other Borrowing Costs - Other Bor		(,			
(ii) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset (iii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] Amount unspent during the year Amount unspent during the year 5. Finance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks - Other Borrowing Costs - Other Borrowing Cos		Amount spent during the year on			
(ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above] 0.60 (0.61 (1.08)			0.01	0.85	
Amount unspent during the year 0.0.10 Amount unspent during the year 0.0.20 Finance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks 25.84 22.92 - Other Borrowing Costs 7.79 6.15 * Finance Cost is net of interest captialised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) 33.63 29.07 36 Income tax expense (a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax Current tax Current tax of 1.35 6.10 Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation (0.78) 0.00 Expensive allowed on payment (5.50) 1.40 Income tax expense (4.15) 7.50 * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company 34.61% 8.87 at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/Itaxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.60) (2.77) Income tax expense (2.77) (2.72) Income t		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Amount unspent during the year 0.20 0.14 Finance Cost * Interest Paid - Banks 25.84 22.92 - Other Borrowing Costs 7.79 6.15 *Finance Cost is net of interest capitalised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) 33.63 29.07 Income tax expense (a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year 1.35 6.10 Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation (0.78) 0.00 Expensive allowed on payment (5.50) 1.40 Income tax expense (4.15) 7.50 *Refer Note. 21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company 34.61% 8.77 25.62 Current tax expense on profit before tax 3.04 8.87 at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.99) (2.77) Income tax expense (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings = 9.41 4.04		(ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above]			
Interest Paid - Banks 25.84 22.92					
Interest Paid - Banks		Amount unspent during the year	0.20	<u> </u>	
- Other Borrowing Costs * Finance Cost is net of interest capitalised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) 33.63 Income tax expense	35	Finance Cost *			
- Other Borrowing Costs * Finance Cost is net of interest capitalised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) 33.63 Income tax expense		Interest Paid - Banks	25 84	22 92	
*Finance Cost is net of interest capitalised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr) 33.63					
Income tax expense (a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax					
(a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax Current tax Outrent tax on the Taxable Income for the year Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Income ta		Timance cost is fiet of interest capitatised of its. 2.22 cf (1 1 its. 1.24 cf) <u> </u>		
Current tax Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year Current tax Comprises * Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible fore tax expense Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible for the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense Tax effect of the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense Tax effect of the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense Tax effect of the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense Tax effect of the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense Tax effect of the year attributable to owners of the Company Income tax expense I	36	Income tax expense			
Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense Expensive allowed on payment Expensive allowed on payment Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Expensive Allowed Profit of the year is as under: Enacted income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Expensive Allowed Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Basic earnings per share (Rs) Profit for the year attributab					
Deferred tax Comprises * Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/ (taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense 1.35 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Foreign exchange earnings Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Profit for the year attributable to the Company Profi		Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year			
Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation Expensive allowed on payment Income tax expense * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/ (taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Poreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.4			1.35	6.10	
Expensive allowed on payment (5.50) 1.40 Income tax expense (4.15) 7.50 * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company 34.61% Profit Before Tax 8.77 25.62 Current tax expense on profit before tax 3.04 8.87 at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		•			
Income tax expense * Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Inc		Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation	(0.78)	0.00	
* Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company 34.61% 34.61% Profit Before Tax 8.77 25.62 Current tax expense on profit before tax 3.04 8.87 at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense 1.35 6.10 37 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		Expensive allowed on payment	(5.50)	1.40	
* Refer Note.21 b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company 34.61% 34.61% Profit Before Tax 8.77 25.62 Current tax expense on profit before tax 3.04 8.87 at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense 1.35 6.10 37 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		Income tax expense	(4.15)	7.50	
b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense I		•	(:::5)		
Profit for the year is as under: Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Income tax expense Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Poreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 14.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 34.61%					
Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company Profit Before Tax Surrent tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.60) Income tax expense (1.60) Income tax expense (1.60) Income tax expense Incompany Incom		,			
Profit Before Tax Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Tearnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Profign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo Profit be year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 14248000 14248000 14248000 14248000 14272 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.72 18.73 18.74 18.74 18.74 18.75 18.75 18.75 18.75 18.76 18.75 18.		•	2.4.4.0/	24.440/	
Current tax expense on profit before tax at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.35) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.35) (2.77) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 (14248000) Basic earnings per share (Rs) (1.69) (2.77) (12.72) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77) (1.69) (2.77		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
at the enacted Income Tax rate in India Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.35)					
Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income (1.69) (2.77) Income tax expense (1.35) (6.10) 37 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23			3.04	8.87	
are not deductible/(taxable) in calculated taxable income Income tax expense 37 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo are not deductible/(taxable) (2.77) 1.69 (2.77) 1.81 1.92 18.12 19.41 19.07 12.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 13.81 14.04 15.04 16.62 11.23		at the enacted Income Tax rate in India			
in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Table 1.35 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Proreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 1.35 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) 12.92 18.12 14.248000 14248000 14248000 14.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 138 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		Tax effect of the amounts which			
in calculated taxable income Income tax expense Table 1.35 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Proreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 1.35 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) 12.92 18.12 14.248000 14248000 14248000 14.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 138 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		are not deductible/(taxable)			
Income tax expense 1.35 6.10 37 Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		in calculated taxable income	(1.69)	(2.77)	
Foreign exchange earnings Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10) Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company 12.92 18.12 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding 14248000 14248000 Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Sering exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		Income tax expense			
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 12.92 18.12 14248000 14248000 12.72 9.07 12.72 12.72 12.72 12.72 138 14.04 15.062 16.62 17.23		·			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding Basic earnings per share (Rs) Diluted earnings per share (Rs) Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange earnings Foreign exchange Outgo 14248000 9.07 12.72 9.07 12.72 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23	37	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Basic earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23					
Diluted earnings per share (Rs) 9.07 12.72 38 Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23					
Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23		Diluted earnings per share (Rs)	9.07	12.72	
Foreign exchange earnings 9.41 4.04 Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23	38	Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo			
Foreign exchange Outgo 16.62 21.23			9.41	4.04	
		122	.0.02	5	



MAGE

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

39 Contingent liabilities and Commitments

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Turciculars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
a) Contingent Liability		
1. Counter Guarantees	28.70	15.94
Disputed Electricity Tax-Pending before Hon'ble Supreme Court	0.70	0.58
3. Disputed deemed demand for minimum charges pending		
before Hon'ble High Court of Madras	0.14	0.12
4.Export obligations in respect of imports cleared under Export	3.15	4.25
Promotion Capital Goods Scheme.		
b) Commitments		
Estimated amount of Contracts remaining to be executed		
on Capital account not provided for	1.54	0.25

40 Operating Segments

The Company is engaged in the business of "Wheat Products, Minerals, Detergents and in Generation of Power" and has two reportable segment. As per Ind As 108 "Operating Segments" the same is presented as part of Consolidated Financial Statement.

41 Operating lease arrangements

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
As Lessor The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for certain surplus facilities. The leases are cancellable at the option of either party to lease and may be renewed based on mutual agreement of the parties.		
Total lease income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	3.42	6.08

42 Financial Instruments

Capital Management

The Company adheres to a cautious Capital management that seeks to trigger growth creation and maximisation of shareholders' value. For the purpose of the Company's capital manage ment, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the shareholders of the Company. The Company has been funding its growth and acquisition plans and working capital requirements through a balanced approach of internal accruals and external debt from banks. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the over all debt component of the Company.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

The Following table summarises the capital of the Company:

March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019				
136.24	126.55				
314.91	196.78				
22.80	9.51				
292.11	187.27				
428.35	313.82				
0.68	0.60				
March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019				
8.28	4.67				
56.45	50.32				
18.10	4.55				
4.70	4.96				
0.57	0.41				
gh profit or loss (FVTPL)					
3.64	2.40				
-	-				
180.85	120.02				
2.76	0.98				
101.34	50.76				
78.56	14.64				
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)					
0.64	0.13				
	136.24 314.91 22.80 292.11 428.35 0.68 March 31, 2020 8.28 56.45 18.10 4.70 0.57 gh profit or loss (FVTPL) 3.64 - 180.85 2.76 101.34 78.56 gh profit or loss (FVTPL)				

Financial risk management

Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprises mainly of term loan borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprises mainly of cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, trade receivables and investments. The Company has financial risk exposure in the form of market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risk management policies of the Company are monitored by the Board of Directors. The present disclosure made by the Company summarises the exposure to the financial risks.

1. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price comprises of three types of risk-currency risk, interest risk and other price risk. The financial instruments affected by market risk includes Rupee Term Loan and Loans and Advances.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

a) Interest rate exposure

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has availed significant Rupee Term Loan at floating rate of interest. The Company has not entered into any of the interest rate swaps and hence is exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate sensitivity Analysis

The Company considering the economic environment in which it operates has determined the interest rate sensitivity analysis (interest exposure) at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole of the year. A 25 basis point +/- fluctuation in the interest rate is used for disclosing the sensitivity analysis.

Impact on Profits before Tax		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Interest rates	- Increase by 25 basis points	(0.79)	(0.36)
	- Decrease by 25 basis points	0.79	0.36

The increase / decrease in interest rate expense is mainly attributable to Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate of borrowings. The interest rate sensitivity analysis is done holding on the assumption that all other variables remaining constant.

b) Foreign Currency risk exposure

The Company imports wheat, minerals, stores & spares and capital goods for which payables are denominated by foreign currency. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on these transactions. The Company follows a conservative and sound policy by entering into simple Forward Exchange Contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk whose maturity co-terminous with the maturity period of foreign currency liabilities (underlying). In respect of exports, exports are made against advances received. Hence, the Company is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk in respect of its exports.

c) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded prices. The Company's investment in fixed deposits with banks is fixed and hence there is no risk price movement arising to the Company. The Company's equity investments in its Subsidiaries and Associates is for strategic purpose and not held for trading. They are carried at cost and hence are not subject to price related risk. Other investments in equity instruments are held with a view to hold them for long term basis and not for trading.

Disclosure of hedged and unhedged foreign currency exposure

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

As on March 31, 2020 (all amounts are in Crores)

		Liabilities			Assets		Net overall
Currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net liability	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net asset	exposure on the currency - net
		Using derivatives	exposure on the		Using derivatives	exposure on the	assets / (net
			currency			currency	liabilities)
USD	0.51	0.39	0.12	-	-	-	-
EURO	0.02	0.00	0.02	-	-	-	-
In INR	35.99	25.51	10.48	-	-	-	-

As on March 31, 2019 (all amounts are in Crores)

		Liabilities			Assets		Net overall
Currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net liability	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net asset	exposure on the currency - net
		Using derivatives	exposure on the		Using derivatives	exposure on the	assets / (net
			currency			currency	liabilities)
USD	0.61	0.54	0.06	-	-	-	-
EURO	0.03	-	0.03	-	-	-	-
In INR	43.08	35.47	7.61	-	-	-	-

2 Credit Risk

The credit risk refers to risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets as trade receivables, bank balances, other balances with banks and other receivables. The credit risk rising from the exposure of investing in other balances with banks and bank balances is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counter parties are Public sector Banks.

Trade receivables consists of a large number of customers. The Company has established a credit policy under which every customer is analysed for credit worthiness. Major customers places advances. The Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default in payments and makes provision at each reporting period wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk.

3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly to meet obligations when due. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by i) maintaining adequate and sufficient cash and cash equivalents including investments in mutual funds ii) making available the funds from realising timely maturities of financial assets to meet obligations when due. The liquidity risk management involves matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Financial arrangements

The Company has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

 Rs. In Crores
 March 31, 2020
 March 31, 2019

 Expiring within one year
 123.85
 92.22

Expiring beyond one year - -

The Company makes an annual /long term financial plan so as to ensure there are no maturity mismatches in settlement of liabilities.

43 Details of Long Term Borrowings

Repayment Terms and Security Details of Long Term Borrowings

- (i) Term loan from The Standard Chartered Bank amounting to Rs.29.58 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs.35.47 Crores) is primarily secured on hypothecation of the assets purchased under the loan and collaterally secured by equitable mortgage on land measuring 4.01 acres at Vedasandur and personal assets of some of the Executive Directors. External commercial borrowings is fully hedged.
- (ii) Term loan from The ICICI Bank Limited amounting to Rs.5.30 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 6.53 Crores) is primarily secured by hypothecation of the assets purchased.
- (iii) Term loan from The HDFC Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 105.22 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 39.66 Crores) is primarily secured on the assets purchased under the loan and personal assets of some of the Executive Directors.
- (iv) Term loan from The IDBI Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 17.38 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as on 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 18.05 Crores) is primarily secured on the land and building situated at No.133, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- (v) Term loan from The Karur Vysya Bank Limited amounting to Rs.15.00 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 19.01 Crores) is primarily secured by equitable mortgage on the Godown located at Dindigul.
- (vi) Term loan from The State Bank of India amounting to Rs. 15.55 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs.15.93 Crores) is primarily secured on equitable mortgage of the assets of the Company located at Trichy.
- (vii) Term loan from IndusInd Bank Ltd amounting to Rs. 19.89 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 6.98 Crores) is primarily secured by hypothecation on the assets purchased under the loan and land at Seelapadi Village, Dindigul.
- (viii) Term loan from Fullerton India Credit Company Limited amounting to Rs. 4.08 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 4.39 Crores) is secured on the personal assets of some of the Executive Directors.

Note:

- a) The Company does not have any continuing default as on the Balance Sheet date in the repayment of loan or interest.
- b) The loans have been guaranteed by some of the Directors of the Company in certain cases.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

44 Retirement benefit plans

1. Defined contribution plans

The Company makes Provident Fund which is defined contribution plan for qualifying employees. Under the scheme, the company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the pay roll costs to fund the benefit. The Company recognised Rs 2.44 Cr (year ended 31.03.2019 Rs 2.61 Cr) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

2. Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity

Gratuity to employees (funded) and Gratuity to Directors (non funded), the most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and in respect gratuity to employees scheme the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by actuarial valuation. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit cost method. The following table sets forth the status of the Gratuity Plan (Employees) and Gratuity (Directors) of the Company and the amount recognised in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company provides the Gratuity (Employees) benefit through annual contribution and provision is made annually for Gratuity to Directors. The risks are as follows:

b) Compensated Absense

As per the policy of the Company the Compensated Absense is not accumulated

Investment risk	The probability or liklihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.
Interest risk	The Plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rate will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of liability (as shown in financial statements). A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Salary escalation risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future, based on past experience Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.
Demographic Risk	The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out adverse compared to the assumptions.





		Post Employment Benefit			
S.No.	Particulars	Gratuity-Employees Gratuity-Direc			-Directors
		31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
i	Changes in Defined Benefit Obligation				
	Present Value-Opening Balance	2.52	2.07	1.64	1.51
	Current Service Cost	0.39	0.33	0.48	0.13
	Interest Cost	0.19	0.15	-	-
	Past services cost	0.04	-	-	-
	Actuarial (Gains) Losses	0.66	0.15	-	-
	Benefits Paid	(0.18)	(0.18)	2,12	1,64
	Present Value- Closing Balance	3.62	2.52	2.12	1.64
ii	Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets				
	Opening Balance	2.28	1.78	-	- '
	Expected Return	0.19	0.15	-	- !
	Actuarial (Gain) /Loss	0.03	0.02	-	-
	Contributions by Employer	0.58	0.51	-	-
	Benefits Paid	(0.18)	(0.18)	-	-
	Closing Balance	2.90	2.28	-	-
iii	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet				
	(as at the Year end)				
	Present Value of Obligations	3.62	2.52	2.12	1.64
	Fair Value of Plan Assets	2.90	2.28	-	-
	Net Asset/(Liability) Recognised	0.72	0.24	2.12	1.64
iv	Expenses recognised in the Statement				
	of Profit and Loss				
	Current Service Cost	0.39	0.33	0.48	0.13
	Interest on Obligation	0.04	0.13	-	-
	Total included in Employee Benefit		-	-	-
	Expenses	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.13
٧	Expenses recognised in other Comprehensive				
	<u>Income</u>				
	Remeasurement on the net defined				
	benefit Liability	(0.64)	(0.13)		-
	Actuarial gains and losses arising from				
	changes in financial assumptions		-		-
	Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in experience adjustments				
	Return on Plan assets		_]
	Net Cost in other comprehensive Income	(0.64)	(0.13)		_
	Asset Information	(0.01)	(3.13)		
	Insurer Managed	100%	100%	NA	NA NA
	Principal Actuarial Assumptions				
	Discount Rate(%)	6.64%	7.62%		
	Future Salary Increase(%)	5.00%	5.00%		
	Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets(%)	6.64%	7.40%		
	Expected average remaining life of employees Years	14.9	14.8		
	Expected Contribution(Rs in Cr)	-	-		





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

45 Related party disclosure

a) List of parties having significant influence

Holding company The Company does not have any holding company

Subsidiaries and joint ventures Naga Far East Private Limited

Naga Mills Private Limited

Associate Companies Annai Power Private Limited

Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited

Investing Parties having substantial interest

Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan Chairman and Managing Director (KMP)

Key Management Personnel

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Joint Managing Director
Sri. Sounder Kannan Whole Time Director
Sri. D. Vijay Anand Technical Director
Sri. T.R. Sivaraman Chief Financial Officer
Sri. V. Marikannan Company Secretary

Directors

Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj Independent Director
Dr. K. Venkatachalam Independent Director
Sri. S. Ramesh Independent Director
Sri. S. Neelakantan Independent Director

Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel

Smt. Lakshmi Vijayanand

Smt. Monaa Kannan

Ms. M. Jayalalitha

Sri. M. Sukumar

Sri. A.M. Gopinath

Enterprises over which key managerial are able to exercise significant influence

Nagalakshmi Charitable Trust

Naga Marine Industries Limited

M.M. Detergents Company Private Ltd.,

Naga Mills Limited





b) Transaction during the year

S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
1	Annai Power Private Limited		
	Wind Power Charges paid	2.94	2.54
	Rent Paid	2.40	2.40
	Rent Received	0.00	0.00
2	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan		
	Remuneration	0.84	0.72
	Provision for gratuity *	0.13	0.04
	Rent Paid	0.80	0.69
	Interest Paid	0.00	0.19
	Dividend Paid	0.97	0.49
	Unsecured Loan - Received	0.25	5.42
	- Repaid	0.25	5.60
3	Smt. Mageswari Kannan		
	Remuneration	0.78	0.61
	Rent Free Accomodation	0.06	0.06
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
	Interest Paid	0.01	0.12
	Dividend Paid	0.30	0.15
	Unsecured Loan - Received	1.80	1.73
	- Repaid	0.33	2.92
4	Sri. Sounder Kannan		
'	Remuneration	0.72	0.54
	Dividend Paid	0.13	0.07
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
	Rent Paid	0.00	0.09
	Interest Paid	0.00	0.07
	Unsecured Loan - Received	0.35	1.03
	- Paid	0.25	1.68
5	Sri. D. Vijay Anand		
	Remuneration	0.72	0.54
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
6	Sri. T.R. Sivaraman		
	Remuneration	0.13	0.15
7	Sri. V. Marikannan		
'	Remuneration	0.12	0.10
8		0.12	0.10
l °	Smt. Lakshmi Vijayanand Salary	0.31	0.27
	Dividend Paid	0.06	0.03
		0.00	0.03
9	Smt. Monaa Kannan	0.35	0.37
	Salary	0.25	0.27
10	Ms. M. Jayalalitha		
	Salary	0.31	0.27
	Dividend Paid	0.00	0.00
11	Sri. M. Sukumar		
	Salary	0.20	0.18





S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
12	Sri. A.M.Gopinath (Prop. Anugraha International) Commission Paid	0.14	0.09
13	Naga Mills Limited Rental Income	0.00	0.00
14	Naga Marine Industries Limited Purchase Rent Paid Rental Income Dividend Paid	152.22 0.11 0.00 0.07	0.00 0.14 - 0.04
15	Nagalakshmi Charitable Trust Donation CSR Expenses	0.25 0.30	0.37
16	Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited Rental charges Paid Purchase of Wind Energy Rental Income	0.34 1.41 0.00	0.20 1.44 -
17	M.M.Detergents Company Private Limited Purchases Sales Rental Income Purchase - Assets Plant and Machinery rent and maintenance expenses Conversion Income Dividend Paid	73.61 - 0.00 - - - 0.04 0.16	172.20 0.83 0.25 0.32 0.04 0.07 0.08

^{*} Gratuity entitlement is provided but not drawn by the Managerial persons.

c) Significant Balances at the end of the year

S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
1	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	0.08	0.06
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	1.47 0.08	0.06
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	0.10 0.07	- 0.05
4	Sri. D. Vijay Anand Remuneration payable	0.07	0.05
5	Naga Mills Private Limited Expenses Recoverable	0.51	0.05
6	Naga Far East Private Limited Expenses Recoverable	0.02	0.02
7	M.M.Detergents Company Pvt. Ltd., Procurement charges	11.81	0.00
8	Naga Marine Industries Limited Trade payables	5.98	0.00
9	Annai Power Private Limited Procurement charges	0.70	0.00



(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

d) Transaction summary with related parties

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associate Companies	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Over Key Managerial are able to exercise significant Influence	Total
Sales		-			- [0.83]	[0.83]
Purchases					225.83 [172.52]	225.83 [172.52]
Wind Power Charges paid		4.35 [3.98]		-	-	4.35 [3.98]
Conversion income			-	-	0.04 [0.07]	0.04 [0.07]
Lease rent (Plant & Machinery)	1 1		-	-	- [0.04]	- [0.04]
Remuneration/Salary		1 1	3.31 [2.66]	1.14 [0.99]	-	4.12 [3.65]
Provision for gratuity	1 1	1 1	0.49 [0.13]	-		0.49 [0.13]
Rental Income	1 1	1 1	-	-	0.01 [0.26]	0.01 [0.26]
Rent Paid		2.74 [2.60]	0.80 [0.78]	-	0.11 [0.14]	3.65 [3.52]
Interest Paid on loan	-		0.02 [0.38]		-	0.02 [0.38]
Commission paid	-	-		0.14 [0.09]	-	0.14 [0.09]
Dividend paid	-	-	1.40 [0.71]	0.06 [0.03]		1.46 [0.74]
Donation	-				0.25 [0.37]	0.25 [0.37]
CSR Expenses	-	-	-	-	0.30	0.30
Investment in equity shares	0.50 [0.50]	0.65 [0.38]				1.15 [0.88]
Loan received during the year		-	2.40 [8.18]			2.40 [8.18]
Loan paid during the year	-		0.83 [10.20]	-	-	0.83 [10.20]
Trade Receivables	-		-			-
Expenses Recoverable	0.53 [0.07]		-			0.53 [0.07]
Creditors & Other Payables	-	-	0.30 [0.22]		- -	0.30 [0.22]

Note: Figures in brackets represent previous year's amounts.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

46 Results - Power Generation (Captive Power)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Operating Income	11.10	11.93
Profit Before Interest and Tax	5.40	5.94
Less: Interest Expenses	0.64	1.00
Profit Before Tax	4.76	4.94

47 Expenditure on Scientific Research

Nature	As at	As at	
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19	
a) Revenue			
U/s 35(2AB)	1.35	0.67	
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.33	0.15	
b) Capital			
U/s 35(2AB)	3.78	0.61	
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.63	3.64	
c) Capital Work-in-Progress			
U/s 35(2AB)	-	-	
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.00	0.02	

48 Approval of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29rd June, 2020.

For and on behalf of the Board As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

M.K. RAVINDRAN

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN MAGESWARI KANNAN (Firm Registration No : 003556S)

Chairman & Managing Director Joint Managing Director

DIN: 01601589 DIN: 02107556

Partner

M.No: 020887

T.R. SIVARAMAN V. MARIKANNAN
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

M.No:023228 M.No. A30767

Place: Dindigul

Date : 29th June, 2020





D. Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants 5, South Boag Road, T.Nagar, Chennai 600017. Ph: 044-24341189

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF NAGA LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Naga Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and associates as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at 31st March 2020, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in sub paragraph(a) of the "Other Matters" paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.





We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1.	Revenue is recognised when the control of the products being sold has been transferred to the customer. We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter because the Company and its external stakeholders focus on revenue as a key performance indicator. This could create an incentive for revenue to be overstated or recognised before control has been transferred.	Our audit procedures included: 1. Assessing the appropriateness of the revenue recognition accounting policies, by comparing with applicable accounting standards. 2. Testing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Company's general IT controls and keyIT/manual application controls over the Company's systems which govern recording of revenue in the general ledger accounting system. 3. Performing substantive testing (including year-end cutoff testing) by selecting samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year (and before and after the financial year end) by verifying the underlying documents, which included sales invoices/contracts and shipping documents. 4. Carrying out analytical procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify unusual variances. 5. Performing confirmation procedures on selected customer balances at the balance sheet date. 6. Testing, on a sample basis, revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date to determine whether the revenue had been recognised in the appropriate financial period. 7. Assessing the manual journals posted to revenue to identify unusual items.
2.	The Company has entered into several transactions with related parties during the year 2019-20. We identified related party transactions as a key audit matter because of risks with respect to completeness of disclosures made in the financial statements; noncompliance with statutory regulations governing related party relationships such as the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Regulations and the judgement involved in assessingwhether transactions with related parties are undertaken at arms' length.	 In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence: Carrying out an assessment of the key controls to identify and disclose related party relationships and transactions in accordance with the relevant accounting standard. Carrying out an assessment of compliance with the listing regulations and the regulations under the Companies Act, 2013, including checking of approvals/ scrutiny as specified in Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to the related party transactions. In cases wherethe matter was subject to interpretation, we exercised judgement to rely on opinions provided by legal practitioners. Considering the adequacy and appropriateness of the disclosures in the financial statements, relating to the related party transactions. Inspecting relevant ledgers, agreements and other information that may indicate existence of related party relationship or transactions. Also testing the completeness of related parties with reference to the various registers maintained by the Company statutorily. Testing on a sample basis, Management's assessment of related party transactions for arm's length pricing.





Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note No. 2.2to the consolidated financial statements, which describes the uncertainties and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations and results as assessed by the management. The Management has assessed that there is no material impact on the financial statements due to lockdown and related restrictions imposed towards controlling the COVID-19 pandemic. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/ audit report of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit / loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; theselection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.





The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordancewith SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls based on our audit.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities
 or business activities within the Group and its associates to express an opinion on the consolidated
 financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the





audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in para (a) of the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in sub-paragraph (a) of the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- a. We did not audit the financial statements / financial information of two subsidiaries, whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 0.60 Crores as at 31st March 2020 and total revenues of Rs. 0.00 Crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements / financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries.
- b. In respect of a subsidiary which has been audited by other auditor whose financial statements/ financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 0.15 Crores as at 31st March 2020, total revenues of Rs. 0.00 Crores and Group's share of net profit (and other comprehensive income) of Rs.(-)0.38 Crores for the year ended on that date, are considered in the consolidated financial statements.
- c. Our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on the audit reports of the other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Company and audited by us.





- d. The financial statements/financial information of one subsidiary, whose financial statements/financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 0.45 Crores as at 31st March 2020, total revenues of Rs. 0.00 Crores and share of net profit (and other comprehensive income) of Rs.(-) 0.08 Crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, have not been audited either by us or by other auditors.
- e. This unaudited financial statements/financial information have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary is based solely on such unaudited financial statements/ financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, these financial statements/financial information are not material to the Group.
- f. The audited financial statements of Two Associates companies included in the consolidated annual financial results year to date, whose consolidated financial statements reflect the net profit after tax of Rs. (-)0.05 Crores for the year ended 31st March 2020 respectively, were audited by another independent auditor.
- g. Our attendance at the physical inventory verification done by the management was impracticable under the current lock down restrictions imposed by the government. Consequently, we have performed alternative procedures to audit on the existence and condition of inventory at year end as per the guidance provided in SA-501 "Audit Evidence Specific considerations for selected items" and have obtained sufficient audit evidence to issue our un-modified opinion on these standalone financial results.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries and associates as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the informationand explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary forthe purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.





- In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its associates companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph:
 - i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March 2020 on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associates. Refer Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - The Group and its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended 31st March 2020.
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company during the year ended 31st March 2020. There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Funds by its associate companies incorporated in India during the year ended 31st March 2020.
- C. With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditor's Report under Section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid during the current year by the Holding Company to its directors is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director by the Holding Company is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act.

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

For D Sampathkumar & Co., **Chartered Accountants** (Firm Registration No. 003556S)

> M K Ravindran (Partner) M.No. 020887

UDIN: 20020887AAAAEE6308





ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF NAGA LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Referred to in paragraph A(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31st March 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of Naga Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 which are its associate companies as of that date.

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its associate companies, have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at 31st March 2020, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Company's management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the criteria established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit inaccordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.





Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to the consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes inconditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020

For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 003556S)

M K Ravindran (Partner)
M.No. 020887

UDIN: 20020887AAAAEE6308







Particulars	Notes	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
ASSETS			
Non-current assets		242.27	205.40
Property, plant and equipment	4	268.37	205.48
Intangible Assets	4	1.42	1.42
Capital work in progress	5	10.67	7.85
Financial assets Investments	6	2.83	1.62
Other financial assets	7	8.28	4.67
Other non-current assets	8	6.99	5.03
Total non-current assets	U	298.56	226.07
Current assets		270.50	220.07
Inventories	9	158.14	73.65
Financial assets	,	130.14	73.03
Trade receivables	10	56.45	50.32
Cash and cash equivalents	11	18.69	4.82
Bank balances other than above	12	4.70	4.96
Loans	13	0.57	0.41
Current Tax Assests (Net)	14	2.49	0.00
Other current assets	15	19.18	9.45
Total current assets		260.22	143.61
iotal culterit assets	Total Assets	558.78	369.68
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Iotal Assets		
_			
Equity	47	44.25	44.25
Equity share capital	16	14.25	14.25
Other equity	17	121.08	111.91
Non-controlling interest		0.00	0.00
		135.33	126.16
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	18	180.85	120.02
Other financial liabilities	19	2.78	0.98
Provisions	20	2.84	1.88
Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	21	14.40	20.06
Total non-current liabilities		200.87	142.94
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	22	101.33	50.76
Trade_payable	23		
a)Total Outstanding dues of micro		2.84	1.37
enterprises and small enterprise		75 70	42.07
b)Total Outstanding dues of cred		75.72	13.27
than micro enterprises and small enterpirs		22.22	27.20
Other financial liabilities	24	33.23	27.39
Other current liabilities	25 26	9.32	7.65
Short Term Provisions	26	0.14	0.14
Total current liabilities		222.58	100.58
To	tal Liabilities	423.45	243.52
Total Equity a	nd Liabilities	558.78	369.68

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 01601589

Place: Dindigul

Date : 29th June, 2020

MAGESWARI KANNAN Joint Managing Director DIN: 02107556

T.R. SIVARAMAN Chief Financial Officer

M.No:023228

As per our report of even date For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 003556S) M.K. RAVINDRAN

Partner M.No: 020887 V. MARIKANNAN Company Secretary M.No. A30767





Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2020

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	Notes	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Co	ntinuing Operations			
Α	Income			
	Revenue from operations	27	1003.30	837.20
	Other income	28	6.37	14.14
	Total income		1009.67	851.34
В	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	29	827.57	553.39
	Purchases of stock in trade	30	0.36	87.25
	Changes in inventories	31	(29.46)	0.73
	Employee benefits expense	32	42.09	37.15
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	33	33.06	27.42
	Other expenses	34	94.17	91.03
	Finance costs	35	33.63	<u>29.07</u>
	Total expenses		1001.42	826.04
C	Profit before exceptional items and tax		8.25	25.30
	Exceptional items			-
_			8.25	25.30
D	Profit before tax from continuing operations	27		
	Income tax expense Current tax	36	1.35	6.10
	Deferred tax charge /(credit)		(5.50)_	1.40
	Profit for the year		12.40	17.80
Ε	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or lo			
	Remeasurement of post employment benefit ob	oligations	(0.64)	(0.13)
	Income tax relating to these items		0.16	0.04
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net	of taxes	(0.48)	(0.09)
	Total Comprehensive income for the year		11.92	17.71
	Profit/(Loss) attributable to:			
	a. Shareholders of the Company		12.40	17.80
	b. Non-controlling Interest		0.00	0.00
	Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:		0.00	
	a. Shareholders of the Company		11.92	17.71
	b. Non-controlling Interest		0.00	0.00
	Earnings per share (Face value of Rs. 10 eac	h) 37	0.00	0.00
	Basic earnings per share (in Rs.)	, 37	8.70	12.49
	Diluted earnings per share (in Rs.)		8.70 8.70	12.49

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 01601589

Place: Dindigul Date: 29th June, 2020 MAGESWARI KANNAN Joint Managing Director DIN: 02107556

T.R. SIVARAMAN

Chief Financial Officer

M.No:023228

As per our report of even date For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 003556S)

M.K. RAVINDRAN Partner

M.No: 020887 V. MARIKANNAN Company Secretary M.No. A30767





Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity Share Capital

Balance at the begining of April 1, 2018 14.25

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance at the end of March 31, 2019 14.25

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance at the end of March 31, 2020 14.25

(B) Other Comprehensive Income

	Capital	Securities	General	Retained	OCI	
Particulars	Reserve	Premium	Reserve	Earnings	(Remeasurment	Total
		Reserve			of post employee	
					benefit	
					obligations)	
Balance as at April 1,2018	0.11	1.36	2.71	91.66	(0.27)	95.57
Additions/(deductions) during the year	-	-	0.21	(0.21)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	17.80	(0.09)	17.71
Dividend and tax thereon paid	-	=	-	(1.37)	-	(1.37)
Balance as at Machl 31,2019	0.11	1.36	2.92	107.88	(0.36)	111.91
Additions/(deductions) during the year	-	-	0.21	(0.21)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	12.40	(0.48)	11.92
Dividend and tax thereon paid	=	=	=	(2.75)	-	(2.75)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	0.11	1.36	3.13	117.32	(0.84)	121.08

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN

Chairman & Managing Director

As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants MAGESWARI KANNAN

(Firm Registration No: 003556S)

DIN: 02107556 DIN: 01601589

> T.R. SIVARAMAN Partner

Chief Financial Officer M.No: 020887

M.No:023228

V. MARIKANNAN

Place: Dindigul **Company Secretary** Date: 29th June, 2020

Joint Managing Director

M.No. A30767

M.K. RAVINDRAN





Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 st March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
Profit before income tax	8.25	25.30
Adjustments for		
Bad debts written off	1.29	0.38
Depreciation and amortisation expense	33.06	27.42
(Profit)/ Loss on sale of fixed assets	0.00	(0.09)
Interest income	(1.37)	(1.06)
Finance costs	33.63	29.07
	74.86	81.03
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in loans given	(0.16)	(80.0)
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets	(3.71)	(3.29)
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	(84.50)	73.62
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	(7.42)	0.19
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets	(9.73)	19.22
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	9.01	(21.38)
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	63.92	1.11
Cash generated from operations	42.27	150.42
Less: Income tax paid (net of refunds)	(2.66)	(8.79)
Net cash from operating activities (A)	39.61	141.63
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchase of PPE (including changes in CWIP)	(101.97)	(40.88)
Sale proceeds of PPE	0.00	0.40
(Purchase)/ disposal proceeds of investments	(0.43)	(0.01)
(Investments in)/ Maturity of fixed deposits with banks	0.26	16.29
Interest received	1.37	1.06
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(100.77)	(23.15)





Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ March, 2020 (All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31,2019
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings	60.83	(3.67)
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings	51.47	(84.39)
Finance costs paid	(33.63)	(29.07)
Dividend paid (Including dividend distribution tax)	(2.75)	(1.37)
Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	75.92	(118.50)
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	14.76	(0.01)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	3.43	3.44
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	18.19	3.43

Notes:

- 1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 "Cash Flow Statements".
- 2. Components of cash and cash equivalents

(1.39)
(1.39)

For and on behalf of the Boar	d	As per our report of even date
K.S. KAMALAKANNAN	MAGESWARI KANNAN Joint Managing Director	For D Sampathkumar & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No: 003556S)
Chairman & Managing Director DIN: 01601589	DIN: 02107556	M.K. RAVINDRAN
	T.R. SIVARAMAN Chief Financial Officer M.No:023228	Partner M.No: 020887
Place: Dindigul Date: 29 th June, 2020	M.NO.OZZZZO	V. MARIKANNAN Company Secretary M. No. A30767





NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Notes to the Financial statements

Company Background

Naga Limited is a company incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 1956 and is domiciled in India. Its Registered Office is located at No 1, Anna Pillai Street, Chennai-600001 and the Corporate Office at No 1, Trichy Road, Dindigul-624005. The Company's Shares are listed in Metropoliton Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSEI), Mumbai. The Company is engaged in the manufacture of Wheat Products, Minerals, Detergents and in Power Generation.

The Plants of the Company are located in various places in and around Dindigul and its Power Generating Plants are located in Coimbatore, Dharapuram, Theni and Tirunelveli.

2. Significant Accounting Policies and key accounting estimates and judgments

Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act.

Effective April 1, 2017, the Company has adopted all the applicable Ind AS Standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101, First Time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2016 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in India (IGAAP), as prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

Accounting Policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued Accounting Standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing Accounting Standard requires a change in the Accounting Policy hitherto adopted.

2.2 Basis of Preparation and Compliance

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain items that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. The financial statements are prepared on a "going concern" basis using accrual concept except for the cash flow information.

Historical cost is generally based on fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimate using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability at the measurement date assuming the market participants act in their economic best interest. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purpose in these financial statements is determined on such basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in Ind AS 2- Inventories or values in use in Ind AS 36-Impairment of Assets.





In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, as described hereunder:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 - Other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Transactions and balances with values below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company have been reflected as '-' in these financial statements.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to global health pandemic from COVID 19

The Company has considered the possible effects that may result from the pandemic relating to COVID 19 on the crrying amounts of receivables, right to use of assets and intangible assets. In estimating the possible future uncertainties in the global economic conditions because of this pandemic, the Company as at the date of approval of these financiaal statements has used internal and exeranl sources of information including credit reports and related information, economic forecast and consensus estimates from the market sources on the expected performance of the Company. The Company has performed sensitivity analysis on the assumptions used and based on current estimates expects the carrying amounts of these assets will be recovered. The impact of COVID 19 on the Company's financial statements may differ from that estimted as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

2.3 Current/Non-Current Classification

An asset or liability is classified as Current if it satisfies any of the following conditions:

- (a) The asset / liability is expected to be realized / settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) The asset is intended for sale or consumption;
- (c) The asset / liability is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (d) The asset / liability is expected to be realized / settled within twelve months after the reporting period;
- (e) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period;
- (f) In case of a liability, the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as Non-Current.

For the purpose of Current / Non- Current classification, the Company has reckoned its normal operating cycle as twelve months based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets or inventories for processing and their realization in cash or cash equivalents.

Deferred Tax assets and liabilities are classified as Non-Current.

Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets, outstanding at each Balance Sheet date, are disclosed as other Non-current assets.





2. 4 Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Ind AS 116 - Leases

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS 116 will replace the existing Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit and Loss.

The Standard is applicable for the accounting periods commencing on or after 01-04-2019. Accordingly, the Company has adopted this standard effective from 1st April, 2019, using modified simplified approach. The adoption of the standard did not have any material impact on the profit for the year.

Ind AS 12 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12.

According to the Appendix, Companies need to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the Companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

The Standard permits two possible methods of transition -

- Full retrospective approach Under this approach, Appendix C will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, without using hindsight and
- ii) Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying Appendix C recognised by adjusting equity on initial application, without adjusting comparatives.

The Company has adopted the Standard on April 1, 2019 and adjusted the cumulative effect in equity on the date of initial application i.e. April 1, 2019 without adjusting comparatives.

However, application of this Standard form 01-04-2019 did not have any significant impact for the Company.

IndAs 19 Employee Benefits (amendments relating to Plan amendment, curtailment of settlement)

The amendments clarify that if a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement occurs, it is mandatory that the current service cost and the net interest for the period after the remeasurement are determined using the assumptions used for the remeasurement. In addition, amendments have been included to classify the effect of plan amendment, availment or settlement on the requirement regarding the asset ceiling. The Company has adopted the amendments during the year and the same did not have any material impact on the financial statements.





2.5 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Property, Plant and Equipment are tangible items that:

- (a) Are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes: and
- (b) Are expected to be used during more than one period.

The cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment shall be recognised as an asset if and only if:

- (a) It is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and
- (b) The cost of the item can be measured reliably.

An item of PPE that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition PPEs are carried at its cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

- (i) For transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its PPE recognized as on April 1, 2016 (transition date) measured as per the previous IGAAP as its deemed cost as on the transition date.
- (ii) The cost of an item of PPE comprises of purchase price, taxes and duties net of input tax credit entitlement and other items directly attributable to the cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted. Cost includes cost of replacing a part of a PPE if the recognition criteria are met. Expenses directly attributable to new manufacturing facility during its construction period are capitalized if the recognition criteria are met. Expenditure related to plans, designs and drawings of buildings or plant and machinery is capitalized under relevant heads of PPE if the recognition criteria are met.

Borrowing cost (net of interest earned on temporary investments of those borrowings) directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of the cost of the assets till the assets are substantially ready for its intended use.

- (iii) The Company identifies and determines the cost of each part of an item of PPE separately, if the part has a cost which is significant to the total cost of that item of PPE and has useful life that is materially different from that of the remaining item.
- (iv) Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment that meet the definition of PPE are capitalized at Cost. Costs in nature of repairs and maintenance are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss as and when incurred. All up gradation / enhancements are charged off as revenue expenditure unless they bring significant additional benefits.
- (v) Capital advances and Capital Work-in-Progress

Advances given towards acquisition of fixed assets outstanding at each Balance Sheet date are disclosed as Other Non-Current Assets. Cost of assets not ready for intended use, as on the Balance Sheet date, is shown as Capital Work-in-Progress. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of PPE when completed and ready for intended use.

(vi) Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on written down value (WDV) method in respect of Soaps & Detergents Division at Vedasandur and under the straight line method in respect of other divisions. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.





(vii) Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Asset	Years
Factory Buildings	30
Buildings (Other than factory buildings)	60
Plant and Equipment - continuous process plants	25
Plant and Equipment - Other than continuous process plants	15
Wind Power Generation Plant	22
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Vehicles - Motor Cycles, Scooter and Mopeds	10
Other vehicles	8
Office Equipment	5
Servers & Networks	6
End user devices such as desktops, laptops etc.,	3

Assets costing Rs. 5,000/- and below are depreciated in full within the Financial Year.

2.6 Intangible Assets

a) Intangible Assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life is reviewed annually with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

b) Useful lives of Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are amortised equally over the estimated useful life not exceeding ten years.

2.7 De-recognition of tangible and intangible assets

An item of tangible and intangible asset is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the Asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of tangible and intangible assets is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

2.8 Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The Company annually reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating unit for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.





Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than the carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment of loss been recognised for the asset (or cash generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of impairment of loss is recognised immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

Effective from 1st April, 2018 the Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

(a) Sale of products

Revenue is recognised at a point in time upon transfer of control of the products to customers i.e., when the products are delivered to the common carrier, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products.

The Company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the actual underlying performance obligation that corresponds to the progress by the customer / indentor towards earning the discount / incentive.

(b) Dividend and Interest Income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and using effective interest rate method.

(c) Insurance Claims

Insurance claims are recognized on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

(d) Rental Income / Warehousing Charges

Rental income and warehousing charges from operating leases are recognized on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease, if the escalation is not a compensation for increase in cost of inflation index.

2.10 Ind AS 115- Revenue from contracts with customers

The standard is notified on 28.03.2018 and it is applicable for the accounting periods commencing on or after 01.04.2018 and accordingly your Company has adopted this standard.





2.11 Inventories

Inventories including traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Materials and other items intended for use in the production of inventories are not written -down below cost if the finished goods in which they will be incorporated or expected to be sold at or above cost. Cost includes taxes and duties (other than taxes and duties for which input tax credit is available), freight and other direct expenses. Stocks of Raw materials, Stores & Spares and chemicals are valued at cost on First in First Out. Finished Goods / Stock-in-Progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value and cost includes material, direct labour, overheads (other than selling and administrative overheads) incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are periodically identified and provision is made where necessary.

2.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.13 Employee Benefits

(a) Short term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short term employee benefits and they are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the related service. The Company recognises the undiscounted amount of Short Term Employee Benefits expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered as a liability (accrued expense) after deducting any amount already paid.

(b) Post-employment benefits

(i) Defined Contribution Plan

Payments to Defined Contribution Retirement Benefit Plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. Contributions to Provident Fund and Superannuation Fund are treated as Defined Contribution Plans, since funded with Provident Fund Commissioner (as per the provisions of the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952) and Life Insurance Corporation of India, respectively.

(ii) Defined Benefit Plans

The company operates the Defined Benefit Gratuity Plan for employees. The cost of providing defined benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method with actuarial valuation being carried out at each reporting date. The defined benefit obligations recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of the defined benefit obligations as





reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if applicable. Any defined benefit asset (negative defined benefit obligations resulting from this calculation) is recognized representing the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan. Gratuity and Retirement Benefit Schemes operated by the Company are treated as Defined Benefit Plans.

All expenses represented by current service cost, past service cost, if any, and net interest on the defined benefit liability / (asset) are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Re-measurement of the net defined benefit liability / (asset) comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on the plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit's liability / asset), are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income and taken to retained earnings. (Such re-measurements are not reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the subsequent periods).

The Company presents the above liability / (asset) as current and non-current in the Balance Sheet as per actuarial valuation by the independent Actuary, however, the entire liability towards gratuity to employees (other than Directors) is considered as current as the company will contribute this amount to gratuity fund within the next twelve months.

(c) Other Long-term Employee Benefits

As per policy of the Company, compensated absence is not accumulated.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligations, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtual certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

2.15 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the relevant instrument and are initially measured at fair value. Transactions costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through statement of Profit and Loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through Statement of Profit and Loss (FVTPL) are recognized immediately in Statement of Profit and Loss.





2.16 Financial Assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(a) Classification of financial Assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost. The debt instruments carried at amortised cost includes Deposits, Loans and advances recoverable in cash.

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

(b) Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as FVTPL. Interest income is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(c) Investment in Equity Instruments at FVTOCI

(i) Investments in Equity Instruments in Subsidiaries and associates:

The Company has elected to carry investment in equity instruments in subsidiaries and associates at cost in accordance with paragraph 10 of Ind AS 27- Separate Financial Statements.

(ii) Investments in Other Equity Instruments:

The Company has irrevocably designated to carry investment in Other Equity Instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income. On initial recognition, the Company can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to present the subsequent changes in Fair Value in Other Comprehensive Income pertaining to Investments in Equity Instruments. This election is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading. These elected investments were initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in the 'Reserve for Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income'. On derecognition of such Financial Assets, cumulative gain or loss previously reported in OCI is not reclassified from Equity to Statement of Profit and Loss. However, the Company may transfer such cumulative gain or loss into retained earnings within Equity.





The Company has Equity Investments which are not held for trading. The Company has elected the FVTOCI irrevocable option for these investments (see Note 6). Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 2.2.

(d) Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses "Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12 months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instruments that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instruments).
- For Trade receivable, Company applies "simplified approach" which requires expected life time losses to be recognized from initial recognition of these receivables.
- For other assets, the Company uses 12 months ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk, if there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

(e) Derecognition of Financial Assets:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109, a financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Concomitantly, if the asset is one that is measured at:

- (a) Amortised cost, the gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (b) Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income, the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to Reserves are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset represents an equity investment in which case the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves is classified within equity.

2.17 Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

(a) Classification as Debt or Equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(b) Equity Instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.





(c) Financial Liabilities

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at the value of respective contractual obligations. Financial liabilities that are not held for trading and are not designated as at FVTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the" Finance costs" line item.

(d) De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms , or the terms of an existing liability modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the Derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.18 Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedge Accounting

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to foreign exchange rate risks, by means of foreign exchange forward contracts.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit and loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item.

The Company designates hedging instruments in respect of foreign currency risk as either fair value hedges or cash flow hedges.

At the inception of the hedge relationship, the Company documents the relationship between the hedging instrument and the hedged item, along with its risk management objectives and its strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. Furthermore, at the inception of the hedge and on an going basis, the Company documents whether hedging instruments is highly effective in off-setting changes in fair values or cash flows of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk.

Cash Flow Hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recorded in Other Comprehensive Income and are accumulated as 'cash flow hedge reserve'. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss, as exchange fluctuation gain / loss.

The cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in Other Comprehensive Income remains there until the forecast transaction occurs. When the hedged item is a non-financial asset, the amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the carrying amount of the asset when it is recognised. In other cases the amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period when the hedged item affects Profit and Loss.





Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any gain or loss recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and accumulated in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the net cumulative gain or loss recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Fair Value Hedge

The Company designates derivative contracts as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of change in fair value of hedged item in foreign exchange rates.

Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and hedged items that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of maturity.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated, or exercised, or when it no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. The fair value adjustment to the carrying amount of the hedged item arising from the hedged risk is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss from that date.

2.19 Foreign Currency Transactions

(a) Initial Recognition

On initial recognition, transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency (ie Indian Rupees), by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency as at the date of the transaction.

(b) Measurement of foreign currency items at reporting date

Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing exchange rates. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured fair value in a foreign currency, are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is measured.

(c) Recognition of exchange difference

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

2.20 Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit/(loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.





2.21 Taxes on Income

Taxes on income comprise of Current Tax and Deferred Tax.

(a) Current Tax

Current tax is the amount of income taxes payable in respect of taxable profit for a period. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years (temporary difference) and items that are never taxable or deductible (permanent difference) under the Income Tax act,1961.

Current tax is measured using tax rates and tax laws enacted during the reporting period together with any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

(b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. However, in case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that affect neither the accounting profit nor the taxable profit, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. In case of temporary differences that arise from initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that affect neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit, deferred tax assets are not recognized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefits of part of or all of deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that have been enacted by the Balance Sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

MAT Credit Entitlement is in the form of unused tax credits and is accordingly grouped under Deferred Tax Assets.

(c) Current and Deferred Tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in Other Comprehensive Income or directly in equity respectively.





2.22 Events after reporting period

Where events occurring after the Balance Sheet date provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, the impact of such events is adjusted within the financial statements. Otherwise, events after the Balance Sheet date of material size of nature are only disclosed.

2.23 Financial and Management Information System

The Company's Accounting System is designed to unify the Financial and Cost Records and also to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 to provide financial and cost information appropriate to the businesses and facilitate Internal Control.

2.24 Segment Reporting

The Company has the following reporting segments, which are considered as its reporting segments. These segments offer different types of products to different customers and are managed separately because they require different technology and production process. Operating segment disclosures are consistent with the information provided to and reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

Reporting Segment Products Offered

Foods and Windmill Wheat Products and Power Generation
Minerals and Detergents various minerals and Detergents

2.25 Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

3. Key Accounting Estimates and Judgements

3.1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as given below.





(a) Fair value measurement and valuation processes

Some of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Company engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The Management works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model.

(b) Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment

The Company reviews the estimated useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment at the end of each reporting period. During the current year, there has been no change in useful life considered for the assets.

(c) Cash Discounts

In accordance with Ind AS 115, the Company deducts cash discounts from the revenue for sale of products. Cash discounts on the sale of products in the last month of the year is estimated based on the past experience.

(d) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Company's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in Other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand factors in the employment market. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(e) Claims, Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

The Company has ongoing litigations with various regulatory authorities and third parties. Where an outflow of funds is believed to be probable and a reliable estimate of the outcome of the dispute can be made based on management's assessment of specific circumstances of each dispute and relevant external advice, Management provides for its best estimate of liability. Such accruals are by nature complex and can take number of years to resolve and can involve estimation uncertainty. Information about such litigations is provided in notes to the financial statements.

(f) Tax expense

Significant judgments and estimates are involved in estimating the budgeted profits for the purposes of advance tax, determining the provision for income tax, Minimum Alternate Tax and MAT Credit which may get revised pursuant to the determination by the Income Tax authorities.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Particulars					Tangible				Intangible	Total
	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Electrical	Furniture	Computer	Vehicles	Windmill	Software	
			Equipment	Equipment Installation	and fixture			/Solar		
Gross Block										
As at April 1, 2019	15.62	37.88	148.39	13.95	0.84	4.14	20.27	38.29	1.64	281.02
Additions	21.07	18.13	51.02	5.18	0.01	0.07	0.32	0.00	0.15	95.95
Disposals	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Cost as at March 31, 2020	36.69	56.01	199.41	19.13	0.85	4.21	20.59	38.29	1.79	376.97
Depreciation / Amortisation/										
Impairment										
As at April 1, 2019	•	4.52	50.85	4.88	0.18	1.27	5.84	6.36	0.22	74.12
Charge for the year	•	2.13	22.17	3.29	0.13	0.24	2.55	2.40	0.15	33.06
Ind AS Adjustments	•			ı	•	•	,	•	•	•
Disposals	•			1	•	•	,	•	•	•
As at March 31, 2020		6.65	73.02	8.17	0.31	1.51	8.39	8.76	0.37	107.18
Net Block										
As at March 31, 2019	15.62	33.36	97.54	9.07	99.0	2.87	14.43	31.93	1.42	206.90
As at March 31, 2020	36.69	49.36	126.39	10.96	0.54	2.70	12.20	29.53	1.42	269.79

1. The Company has availed borrowings from Banks which carry charge over the assets of the Company (Refer Note No 43, towards Security)

Refer Note No.39 for Disclosure of Contractual Commitments for the acquistion of Property, Plant and Equipment.

The amount of borrowing costs capitalised during the year ended 31⁴ March, 2020 was Rs.2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr). The Company has applied capitalisation rate of 10.00 % which is the average cost of capital of the company.

The amount of employee cost capitalized during the year ended 31st March, 2020 was Rs.1.36 Cr (PY Rs. 0.00 Cr) 4.

Additions in capital expenditure incurred during the year ended 31st March, 2020 of Rs. 3.78 Cr. (PY 2018-19 : Rs. 0.61 Cr) at Company's inhouse R&D facilities at Dindigul are eligible for weighted deduction under section 35(2AB) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. ъ.

Additions in capital expenditure of Rs. 0.63 crores (FY 2018-19: Rs. 3.64 Crores) incurred by the Company's for R&D facilities at Dindigul are eligible for deduction under ં

section 35(1)(iv) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
7. Land and building includes the value of the assets pertaining to acquisition of Pasta unit in Dindigul, the registration of which got completed during the current year.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Pa	articulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
5	Capital Work-in-progress		
	Capital Work in progress *	10.67	7.85
		10.67	7.85

^{*} Additions in capital work in progress of Rs. Nil (PY 2018-19: Rs. 0.02 Crores) incurred by the Company for R&D at Dindigul are eligible for deduction under section 35(1)(iv) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

Non-current investments Trade Quoted Investments in Equity instruments Others FVTPL (Fully paid up) 480 (Previous Year 480) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each 0.00 0.00 in Indian Overseas Bank Investments in Mutual Funds FVTPL 0.00 0.02 1,69,705 (Previous Year 1,94,490) Units of Rs. 10/each in Reliance Equity -Advantage Fund **Trade Unquoted** 100 (Previous Year 100) Equity Shares of Rs. 470/- each in TCP Limited** 0.00 0.00 Investments in Associate Companies* (At Cost) (Fully paid up) 36,400 (Previous Year 10,400) Equity Shares of Rs. 100/-0.33 0.10 each in Annai Power Private Limited 26,000 (Previous Year 26,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/-0.00 0.00 each in Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited 43,670 Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each in Mojro 2.50 1.50 Technologies Private Limited 2.83 1.62 Total non-current investments Aggregate amount of quoted investments 0.00 0.02 Aggregate market value of quoted investments 0.00 0.00 2.83 1.61 Aggregate cost of unquoted investments Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments Category wise Non-Current investments Financial Assets measured at amortized cost Financial Assets measured at cost 0.33 1.61 **FVTPL** 2.50 0.02 **FVOCI** ** Due to rounding off Rupees into Crores Other non-current financial assets (Unsecured, considered good) 3.18 Security Deposits 1.89 Bank deposits maturing after 12 months from the 5.10 2.78 8.28 4.67 reporting date *

^{*} Represents balances with banks that are restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for more than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date.





Pa	articulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
8	Other non-current assets		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Capital advances	6.16	2.96
	Income-tax payment net of provision (Refer Note 26)	-	1.18
	Rent deposits	0.64	0.83
	Statutory Deposits	0.19	0.06
		6.99	5.03
9	Inventories *		
	Raw Materials **	103.30	54.74
	Work-in-progress	18.42	1.61
	Finished products	20.91	6.65
	Packing materials	8.13	4.28
	Stores and spares **	7.38	6.37
		158.14	73.65
	* For method of valuation please refer note no 2.11		
	(Please refer Note 22 for security created on Inventories)		
	** Includes Material in Transit		
10	Trade receivables		
	Receivables considered good, Secured	-	-
	Receivables considered good, Unsecured	56.45	50.32
	Receivables which have significant increase in Credit Risk	-	-
	Receivables-credit impaired	-	-
		56.45	50.32
	Less: Allowance for Expected Credit Loss	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>
		56.45	50.32
	(Please refer Note 22 for security created on Receivables)		
	(Please refer Note 45 for dues from related parites)		
11	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash- on- Hand	0.16	0.17
	Balances with Banks		
	In Current Account	18.53	4.65
		18.69	4.82
12	Other Bank Balances		
	In fixed deposits	-	-
	In Margin money with Banks		
	Maturing within 12 months from the reporting date	4.68	4.93
	More than 12 months	-	-
	In Earmarked Accounts		
	Unpaid Dividend Account	0.02	0.03
		4.70	4.96
13	Current assets: Financial assets - Loans		
	(Unsecured, considered good)		
	Loans and advances to employees	0.57	0.41
		0.57	0.41





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
14 Current Tax Assets (Net)		
Income tax payments net of provisional (Refer Note 26)	2.49	0.00
Total	2.49	0.00
15 Other current assets		
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Income receivable	4.06	3.58
Prepaid Expenses & Insurance	1.49	1.28
GST Receivable	3.55	0.97
Claims Recoverable *	0.98	0.90
Advances to Suppliers	9.10	2.72
	<u> 19.18</u>	<u>9.45</u>
* Claims recoverable includes Rs.0.68 Crores towards Customs Duty (PY Rs. 0.68 Cr) and Nil towards insurance claims (PY Rs.0.22 Cr) ** Forms a part of outstanding balances as disclosed under Note No.45. Advances given for preliminary expenses		
16 Capital		
Authorised Share Capital		
2,75,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	27.50	27.50
	27.50	27.50
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up Share Capital		
1,42,48,000 Equity Shares of Rs10/- each fully paid	14.25	14.25
	14.25	14.25
Notes:		

subscribed

Reconciliation of number of equity shares

At the Beginning and at the End 1,42,48,000 1,42,48,000

(b) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the total share capital

	March 31	, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Name of the share holder	Number of shares held	% of holding	Number of shares held	% of holding
Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan	60,70,570	42.61%	60,70,570	42.61%
Smt. Mageswari Kannan	18,55,220	13.02%	18,55,220	13.02%
M/s. Lakme Investment & Finance Ltd.,	14,12,945	9.92%	14,12,945	9.92%
M/s. Pluris Global Holding (India) Ltd.,	14,10,567	9.90%	14,10,567	9.90%
M/s. M.M.Detergents Company (P) Ltd.,	10,24,000	7.19%	10,24,000	7.19%
Sri. Sounder Kannan	8,17,855	5.74%	8,17,855	5.74%

(c) Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares

The equity shares of the Company having par-value of Rs.10/- per share rank pari-pasu in all respects including voting rights, dividend entitlement and repayment of capital.





Particulars	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
17 Other Equity		
Capital Reserves	0.11	0.11
Securities Premium Account	1.36	1.36
General Reserve	3.13	2.92
Retained Earning	117.32	107.88
Other Comprehensive Income	(0.84)	(0.36)
Total	121.08	111.91
a) Capital Reserve		
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	0.11	0.11
b) Securities Premium Reserve		
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	1.36	1.36
c) General Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	2.92	2.71
Additions during the year	0.21	0.21
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	3.13	2.92
d) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	107.88	91.66
Net profit for the period	12.40	17.80
Transfers to General Reserve	(0.21)	(0.21)
Dividend paid during the year	(2.28)	(1.14)
Tax paid on proposed dividend	(0.47)	(0.23)
Ind AS adjustments		
Balance at the end of the year	117.32	107.88
e) Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(0.36)	(0.27)
Additions during the year	(0.48)	(0.09)
Deductions/Adjustments during the year		
Balance at the end of the year	(0.84)	(0.36)
18 Long Term Borrowings*		
Secured - At Amortized Cost		
Term loans from Banks	175.19	115.63
Unsecured - At Amortized Cost		
Term loans from Financial Institutions	4.08	4.39
Loans and Advances from Related Parties**	1.58	<u> </u>
	180.85	120.02

^{*} Refer Note 44 for repayment terms and security details including current maturities (Refer Note 24)

^{**} Relates to loans availed from Executive Directors @ 12% p.a





(i) Term Loans Outstanding, Rates of Interest & Terms of Repayment

Amt in Cr

S. No.	Nature of	Division	Bank	Loan Amt	ROI	Repayment Terms	Remaining Tenure	Amt in Cr O/s as on 31.03.2020
NO.	Facility			AIIIL		iernis	(Qr/Mns)	31.03.2020
				TERM L	OAN		, - ,	
1	TERM LOAN - 1	NLFD	INDUSIND	9.55	10.50%	Q	15	5.51
2	TERM LOAN - 2	NLDV	SCB	9.95	10.40%	Q	6	4.33
3	TERM LOAN - 3	NLFD	SCB	12.13	9.75%	Q	11	9.14
4	TERM LOAN - 4	NLDV	SCB	20.21	9.75%	Q	11	16.11
5	TERM LOAN - 5	NLNM	ICICI	7.60	10.05%	М	53	5.30
6	TERM LOAN - 6	NLCD	INDUSIND	15.00	10.25%	Q	22	14.38
7	TERM LOAN - 8	NLDV	HDFC	11.50	9.25%	М	108	11.50
8	TERM LOAN - 9	NLFD	HDFC	12.30	9.25%	М	78	12.30
9	TERM LOAN - 10	NLCD	HDFC	36.00	9.25%	М	78	36.00
10	TERM LOAN - 11	NLDV	HDFC	13.13	9.25%	М	108	13.13
	TOTAL TERM LOAN			147.36				127.70
			LOAI	AGAINS	T PROPER	TY		
6	LAP - 1	NLFD	HDFC	26.00	9.95%	М	61	17.75
7	LAP - 2	NLFD	HDFC	11.00	9.35%	М	61	9.22
8	LAP - 3	NLFD	SBI	16.00	10.35%	М	71	15.55
9	LAP - 4	NLDV	FICCL	5.00	11.95%	М	92	4.08
11	LAP - 6	NLFD	IDBI	16.00	9.65%	М	145	14.60
12	LAP - 7	NLFD	IDBI	3.00	9.85%	М	142	2.78
14	LAP - 9	NLFD	KVB	1.00	10.60%	Q	20	15.00
	TOTAL LAP			95.00				78.98
				VEHICLE	LOAN			
16	VEHICLE LOAN-2	NLCD	HDFC	0.53	7.90%	М	30	0.29
17	VEHICLE LOAN-3	NLCD	HDFC	0.54	7.90%	М	30	0.30
18	VEHICLE LOAN-4	NLCD	HDFC	0.21	8.45%	М	7	0.04
20	VEHICLE LOAN-6	NLDV	HDFC	0.91	9.25%	М	20	0.35
21	VEHICLE LOAN-7	NLMD	HDFC	0.40	8.00%	М	29	0.22
22	VEHICLE LOAN-8	NLMD	HDFC	1.60	8.59%	М	28	0.84
23	VEHICLE LOAN-9	NLNM	HDFC	0.29	8.60%	М	38	0.20
24	VEHICLE LOAN-10	NLNM	HDFC	5.49	9.15%	М	28	2.87
25	VEHICLE LOAN-11	NLNM	HDFC	0.41	9.15%	М	28	0.21
	TOTAL VL			10.37				5.32
	Total Outstanding	as on 31	.03.2020					212.00

^{*}The Outstanding includes current maturities of Long Term Debt. (Refer Note No. 24).





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars			As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019
19 Other non current financial liabil	ities			
Rental and Lease Advances			2.78	0.98
			2.78	0.98
20 Provisions (Non-current)				
Provision for gratuity - Directors			2.12	1.64
Provision for gratuity - Employees			0.72	0.24
			2.84	1.88
21 Deferred Tax Liability/ (Asset) - N	et			
	As at	Recognised	OCI	As at
	March 31,2019	in P&L during 2019-20*	2019-20	March 31, 2020
As at March 31, 2020		2017 20		
Deferred Tax Liabilities				
Difference between written down value /				
Capital Work in Progress of Fixed				
Assets as per books of accounts				
and Income Tax Act, 1961.	20.29	(4.72)	-	15.57
Expenses allowed on payment	0.00	(0.26)	-	(0.26)
Total	20.29	(4.98)		15.31
Deferred Tax Assets				
Expenses allowed on payment	0.23	0.52	0.16	0.91
Total	0.23	0.52	0.16	0.91
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	20.06	(5.50)	(0.16)	14.40
As at March 31, 2019				
<u>Deferred Tax Liabilities</u>				
Difference between written down value/				
Capital Work in Progress of Fixed	18.86	1.43	-	20.29
Assets as per books of accounts				
and Income Tax Act, 1961.				
Total	18.86	1.43	-	20.29
<u>Deferred Tax Assets</u>				
Expenses allowed on payment	0.16	0.00	0.07	0.23
Total	0.16	0.00	0.07	0.23
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	18.70	1.43	(0.07)	20.06

^{*} The Company has applied lower income tax rates on the deferred tax assets / liablities to the extent these are expected to be realised or settled in future period when the Company may be subject to lower tax rate and accordingly reversed net tax liablities of Rs. -5.66 Cr.





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars		As at March 31,2020	As at March 31,2019	
22	Current liabilities - Financial Liabilities: Borrowings a) Secured - At Amortised Cost			
	From banks *	93.41	50.76	
	Assumed Liability **	7.92	0.00	
		101.33	50.76	

^{*} Secured by pari-passu charge on inventories andtrade receivables and are repayable on demand

23

24

25

This pertains to takeover of liabilities towards acquistion of Pasta unit under ured by mortgage of assets, corporate guarantee and personal guarantee	BTA (Business T	
Trade payables		
a) Total Outstanding dues of Micro and Small and Medium Enterprises.b) Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than Micro and Small and	2.84	1.37
Medium Enterprises	75.72	13.27
	78.56	14.64
i) The classification of the suppliers under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is made on the basis of information made available to the Company.		
ii) Disclosure requirements as required under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 is as follows.		
 i) Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to each supplier at the end of each accounting year.* 	2.84	1.37
*Principal outstanding Rs.2.84 crores (PY Rs.1.37) & Interest outstanding Nil (PY Nil)		
ii) Interest paid by the Company in terms of section 16 of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
iii) Interest due and payable for the year of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro, Small and Mediu Enterprises Development Act, 2006.		Nil
iv) Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year:	Nil	Nil
v) Interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the	•	
small enterprise	Nil	Nil
Other current financial liabilities		
Current maturities of long-term borrowings	32.73	26.00
Book Overdraft with Banks	0.50	1.39
	33.23	27.39
Other current liabilities	0.03	0.03
Unclaimed /Unpaid dividends	0.02 5.40	0.03
Advances received for supply of goods Expenses Payable*	5.40 2.11	3.20 1.02
Stautory Dues Payable to government authorities	1.79	3.40
station, said rayable to government authorities	9.32	7.65
(* Please refer Note No. 45 for dues to related parties)		

^{**} Th nt) secu





Pai	rticulars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
26	Provisions (Current)		
	Provision for gratuity *	0.14	0.14
	Provision for taxation (Net of Advance Tax) (Refer Note 14)		
27	Revenue from operations	0.14	0.14
	Sale of Products		
	Manufactured Products		
	Wheat and Wheat Products	765.72	649.76
	Detergents & Minerals	192.62	33.79
	Traded Goods		
	Wheat and Minerals	1.44	93.71
	Calculation than	959.78	777.26
	Sale of services Grinding Charges	0.19	4.71
	Conversion Charges	31.28	44.09
	Weighbridge Income	0.53	0.55
	Windmill Income	0.14	0.21
	Lorry Income	4.57	4.56
	•	36.71	54.12
	Other Operating Income		
	Sale of scrap	6.81	5.82
		1003.30	837.20
28	Other income		
	Interest Income	1.37	1.06
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (net)	0.00	0.09
	Rent Receipts	3.42	6.08
	Others - miscellaneous receipts	1.58	4.86
	MTM gain on forward contracts	0.00	2.05
		<u>6.37</u>	<u> 14.14</u>
29	Cost of materials consumed		
	Wheat	642.31	529.34
	Detergents & Minerals	185.26_	24.05
		827.57	553.39
30	Purchases of Stock in Trade	0.34	07.25
	Wheat	0.36	87.25
	Detergents & Minerals	<u>0.00</u> 0.36	<u>0.00</u> 87.25
			87.25
31	Changes in inventories of work-in-progress, stock in trade	e and finished goods	
	Opening Stock		
	Work-in-Progress	1.61	1.43
	Finished Goods	6.65	7.56
	Clasian Start	8.26	8.99
	Closing Stock	47.04	4 (4
	Work-in-Progress	16.81	1.61
	Finished Goods	20.91 37.72	6.65
	Table land to the same to the		8.26
	Total changes in inventories	(29.46)	0.73





Pa	rticulars		For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
32	Employee benefits expense**			
	Salaries, wages and bonus Contribution to provident and other funds * Staff Welfare Expenses Directors' Remuneration		34.85 2.44 1.74 3.06	30.51 2.61 1.66 2.37
** Er	fer Note No.44(1) mployees cost is net of employee cost capitilized Rs.1.36 Cr 2018-19 - Nil)		42.09	37.15
33	Depreciation and amortisation expense Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		33.06 33.06	<u>27.42</u> 27.42
34	Other expenses			
	Manufacturing Expenses			
	Production Expenses		9.16	9.52
	Power and Fuel		12.87	12.77
	Repairs to Machinery		9.09	8.87
	Laboratory Expenses	(A)	<u>2.66</u> 33.78	<u>1.93</u> 33.09
	Selling and Distribution Expenses	(A)	33.70	33.09
	Advertisement		1.96	1.36
	Brokerage and Commission		0.99	0.78
	Discount & Claims and Settlement		2.69	1.17
	Sales Promotion		3.02	6.85
	Freight and Handling		11.31	11.79
		(B)	19.97	21.95
	Establishment Expenses			
	Annual Maintenance Charges		2.25	1.87
	Bank Charges and Commission		1.28	1.10
	Foreign Currency Fluctuation		2.52	0.20
	Bad Debts		1.29	0.38
	Repairs to Buildings		1.12 0.42	1.61 0.32
	Printing & Stationery Subscription		0.42	0.32
	Telephone		0.26	0.31
	Professional Charges		4.67	1.65
	Payments to auditors [refer note 34(a)]		0.08	0.09
	Directors' Sitting Fees		0.02	0.03
	Security Charges		1.05	1.16
	Legal Expenses		0.07	0.09
	Donations		0.26	0.43
	Travelling & Vehicle Maintenance		13.87	13.01
	Insurance		1.34	1.56
	Rates, Licence and Taxes		1.32	1.64
	Pooja Expenses		0.10	0.11
	Postage		0.08	0.11
	Computer Maintenance Rent & Electricity		0.46 5.97	0.31
	CSR Expenses [refer note 34 (b)]		0.61	6.45 1.08
	Windmill Expenses		1.28	1.53
	Expenditure on Scientific Research		0.00	0.82
	Loss on fair valuation of investments		0.00	0.00
	Other expenses		0.00	0.02
	Share of Loss of associates		0.06	0.25
		(C)	40.42	35.99
	Total Other Expenses (A+B+C)	(0)	94.17	91.03
	Total Other Expenses (A+B+C)		74.1/	71.03





Parti	culars	For the year ended March 31,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
34(a)	Payment to auditors		
	As Auditors	0.07	0.08
	Taxation Matters	0.01	0.01
		0.08	0.09
34(b)	Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility		
	Gross amount required to be spent on Corporate		
	Social Responsibility		
	(i) Brought Forward	0.14	0.66
	(ii) During the year	0.67	<u> </u>
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Amount spent during the year on		
	(i) Construction and/ or acquisition of any asset	0.01	0.85
	(ii) Other purposes [other than (i) above]	0.60	0.23
		0.61	1.08
	Amount unspent during the year	0.20	0.14
35	Finance Cost *		
	Interest Paid - Banks	25.83	22.92
	- Other Borrowing Costs	7.79	6.15
	* Finance Cost is net of interest captialised of Rs. 2.22 Cr (PY Rs. 1.24 Cr		29.07
	·	,	
36	Income tax expense		
	(a) Major Components of Income Tax Expenses Current tax		
	Current tax on the Taxable Income for the year	1.35	6.10
		1.35	6.10
	Deferred tax Comprises *	(4.70)	4 40
	Deferred Tax Liabilities on account of Depreciation	(4.72)	1.40
	Expenses allowed on payment	(0.78)	0.00
		(5.50)	1.40
	Income tax expense	(4.15)	7.50
	* Refer Note.20		
	b) Reconciliation of Tax Expense and the Accounting Profit for the year is as under:		
	Enacted income tax rate in India applicable to the Company	34.61%	34.61%
	Profit Before Tax	8.24	25.30
	Current tax expense on profit before tax	2.85	8.76
	at the enacted Income Tax rate in India		
	Tax effect of the amounts which are not deductible/(taxable)		
	in calculated taxable income	(1.50)	(2.66)
	Income tax expense	1.35	6.10
	·		
37	Earnings per share (Face value per share Rs.10)	42.40	47.00
	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	12.40	17.80
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	14248000	14248000
	Basic earnings per share (Rs)	8.70	12.49
	Diluted earnings per share (Rs)	8.70	12.49
38	Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo		
	Foreign exchange earnings	9.41	4.04
	Foreign exchange Outgo	16.62	21.23
			-





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

39 Contingent liabilities and Commitments

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Turticulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
a) Contingent Liability		
1. Counter Guarantees	28.70	15.94
Disputed Electricity Tax-Pending before Hon'ble Supreme Court	0.70	0.58
3. Disputed deemed demand for minimum charges pending		
before Hon'ble High Court of Madras	0.14	0.12
4.Export obligations in respect of imports cleared under Export	3.15	4.25
Promotion Capital Goods Scheme.		
b) Commitments		
Estimated amount of Contracts remaining to be executed		
on Capital account not provided for	1.54	0.25

40 Operating Segments

The Company is engaged in the business of "Wheat Products, Minerals, Detergents and in Generation of Power" and has two reportable segment. As per Ind As 108 "Operating Segments" the same is presented as part of Consolidated Financial Statement.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020 (unaudited)	Year ended March 31, 2019 (unaudited)
Sement Revenue		
a) Foods and Windmill	786.54	773.14
b) Minerals and Detergent	223.13	78.20
Revenue from operations (Net)	1009.67	851.34
Segment Results		
Profit (+) / Loss (-) before tax and finance cost		
a) Foods and Windmill	38.56	33.56
b) Minerals and Detergent	3.32	20.81
Total	41.88	54.37
Less : Finance Cost	33.63	29.07
Profit before tax	8.25	25.30
Segment Assets		
a) Foods and Windmill	343.14	240.19
b) Minerals and Detergent	215.64	129.49
c) Other unallocable corporate assets	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total assets	<u> 558.78</u>	369.68
Segment Liabilities		
a) Foods and Windmill	282.88	179.65
b) Minerals and Detergent	140.57	63.87
c) Other unallocable corporate liabilities		
Total liabilities	<u>423.45</u>	<u>243.52</u>





Capital Employed (Segment assets-Segment liabilities)		
a) Foods and Windmill	60.26	60.54
b) Minerals and Detergent	75.07	65.62
Total capital employed in segments	135.33	126.16
Unallocable corporate assets less corporate liabilities	-	-
Total Capital Employed	135.33	126.16

Information about major customers

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Number of external customers each contributing more than 10% of total revenue	Nil	Nil
Total revenue from the above Total	-	-

41 Operating lease arrangements

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
As Lessor The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements		
for certain surplus facilities. The leases are cancellable at the option of either party to lease and may be renewed based on mutual agreement of the parties.		
Total lease income recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	3.42	6.08

42 Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements relate to Naga Limited (the Parent Company) and its subsidiaries (the Parent Company and its subsidiaries together constitute the Group), and its associates.

Principles of consolidation

- (a) The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 110 (IND AS 110) "Consolidated Financial Statements", Indian Accounting Standard 28 (IND AS 28) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (b) The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The intra-group balances and intra-group transactions and unrealised profits have been fully eliminated.
- (c) The difference between the cost of investment in the subsidiaries, over the net assets at the time of acquisition of shares in the subsidiaries is recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements as Goodwill.
- (d) The difference between the proceeds from the disposal of investments in the subsidiary and the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities as on the date of disposal is recognised as profit or loss on disposal of investments in the subsidiary in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

- (e) Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries consists of the amount of equity attributable to the non-controlling shareholders at the dates on which investments are made by the Parent Company in the subsidiary companies and further movements in their share in the equity, subsequent to the dates of investments as stated above.
- (f) In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue items are consolidated at the average rate prevailing during the year. All assets and liabilities are converted at rate prevailing at the end of the year. An exchange difference arising on consolidation is recognized in the foreign currency translation reserve. The audited/unaudited financial statements of foreign subsidiaries/ associates have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of its Country of Incorporation or IND As.
- (g) The following subsidiaries are considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements:

Name of the Subsidiary	Principal Activity	Country of Incorporation and operation	Percentage of Ownership Interest	
			Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Naga Mills Private Limited	Job Work	Bangladesh	99.72%	99.70%
Naga Far East Private Limited	Trading	Singapore	100%	100%

(h) The following associates have been considered in the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures":

Name of the Associate	Principal Activity	Country of Incorporation	Percentage of Inter	•
		and operation	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Annai Power Private Limited	Power Generation & Leasing	India	26.00%	26.00%
Nagalakshmi Energy Private Ltd	Power Generation & Leasing	India	26.00%	26.00%

(i) Additional information as required under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 of entitites as Subsidiries and Associates :

Name of Company	Net Assets		Share in Profit and Loss		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Other Comprehensive Income	
	%	Amount in Rs.	%	Amount in Rs.	%	Amount in Rs.	%	Amount in Rs.
Naga Limited (Parent)	100.67%	136.24	104.17%	12.92	100.00%	(0.48)	104.34%	12.43
Subsidiaries (Foreign)								
Naga Far East Private Limited	(0.10%)	(0.14)	(0.67%)	(0.08)	0.00%	0.00	(0.70%)	(0.08)
Naga Mills Private Limited	(0.33%)	(0.44)	(3.07%)	(0.38)	0.00%	0.00	(3.20%)	(0.38)
Associates								
Annai Power Private Ltd	(0.23%)	(0.31)	(0.27%)	(0.03)	0.00%	0.00	(0.28%)	(0.03)
Nagalakshmi Energy Private Ltd	(0.02%)	(0.02)	(0.16%)	(0.02)	0.00%	0.00	(0.17%)	(0.02)
	100.00%	135.33	100.00%	12.40		(0.48)		11.91



(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

43 Financial Instruments

Capital Management

The Company adheres to a cautious Capital management that seeks to trigger growth creation and maximisation of shareholders' value. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the shareholders of the Company. The Company has been funding its growth and acquisition plans and working capital requirements through a balanced approach of internal accruals and external debt from banks. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the over all debt component of the Company.

The Following table summarises the capital of the Company:

	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Equity	135.33	126.16
Debt	314.91	196.78
Cash and Cash Equivalents	23.40	9.78
Net Debt	291.51	187.00
Total Equity(Equity + Net Debt)	426.85	313.16
Net Debt to Capital Ratio (No of Times)	0.68	0.60
Categories of Financial Instruments Financial assets	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
a. Measured at amortised cost		
Other non-current financial assets	8.28	4.67
Trade receivables	56.45	50.32
Cash and cash equivalents	18.70	4.82
Bank balances other than above	4.70	4.96
Loans given (current)	0.57	0.41
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value throug	th profit or loss (FVTPL)	
Investments (non-current)	2.83	1.62
Derivative instruments	-	-
Financial liabilities		
a. Measured at amortised cost		
Borrowings (Non-current)	180.85	120.02
Other non-current financial liabilities	2.76	0.98
Borrowings (Current)	101.34	50.76
Trade payables	78.56	14.64
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value throug	th profit or loss (FVTPL)	
Derivative instruments	0.64	0.13





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Financial risk management

Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial liabilities comprises mainly of term loan borrowings, trade payables and other payables. The Company's financial assets comprises mainly of cash and cash equivalents, other balances with banks, trade receivables and investments. The Company has financial risk exposure in the form of market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The risk management policies of the Company are monitored by the Board of Directors. The present disclosure made by the Company summarises the exposure to the financial risks.

1. Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market price comprises of three types of risk-currency risk, interest risk and other price risk. The financial instruments affected by market risk includes Rupee Term Loan and Loans and Advances.

a) Interest rate exposure

The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company has availed significant Rupee Term Loan at floating rate of interest. The Company has not entered into any of the interest rate swaps and hence is exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate sensitivity Analysis

The Company considering the economic environment in which it operates has determined the interest rate sensitivity analysis (interest exposure) at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole of the year. A 25 basis point +/- fluctuation in the interest rate is used for disclosing the sensitivity analysis.

Impact on Prof	its before Tax	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Interest rates	- Increase by 25 basis points	(0.79)	(0.36)
	- Decrease by 25 basis points	0.79	0.36

The increase /decrease in interest rate expense is mainly attributable to Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate of borrowings. The interest rate sensitivity analysis is done holding on the assumption that all other variables remaining constant.

b) Foreign Currency risk exposure

The Company imports wheat, minerals, stores & spares and capital goods for which payables are denominated by foreign currency. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on these transactions. The Company follows a conservative and sound policy by entering into simple Forward Exchange Contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk whose maturity co-terminous with the maturity period of foreign currency liabilities (underlying). In respect of exports, exports are made against advances received. Hence, the Company is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk in respect of its exports.



MAGIN

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Consolidated)

(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

c) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market traded prices. The Company's investment in fixed deposits with banks is fixed and hence there is no risk price movement arising to the Company. The Company's equity investments in its Subsidiaries and Associates is for strategic purpose and not held for trading. They are carried at cost and hence are not subject to price related risk. Other investments in equity instruments are held with a view to hold them for long term basis and not for trading.

Disclosure of hedged and unhedged foreign currency exposure

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

As on March 31, 2020 (all amounts are in Crores)

	Liabilities				Net overall		
Currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net liability	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged	Net asset	exposure on the currency - net
		Using derivatives	exposure on the		Using derivatives	exposure on the	assets / (net
			currency			currency	liabilities)
USD	0.51	0.39	0.12	=	=	=	-
EURO	0.02	0.00	0.02	-	-	=	-
In INR	35.99	25.51	10.48	-	=	=	-

As on March 31, 2019 (all amounts are in Crores)

	Liabilities				Net overall		
Currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged Using derivatives	Net liability exposure on the currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged Using derivatives	Net asset exposure on the currency	exposure on the currency - net assets / (net liabilities)
USD	0.61	0.54	0.06	-	-	-	-
EURO	0.03	-	0.03	-	-	-	-
In INR	43.08	35.47	7.61	-	-	-	-

2 Credit Risk

The credit risk refers to risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets as trade receivables, bank balances, other balances with banks and other receivables. The credit risk rising from the exposure of investing in other balances with banks and bank balances is limited and there is no collateral held against these because the counter parties are Public sector Banks.

Trade receivables consists of a large number of customers. The Company has established a credit policy under which every customer is analysed for credit worthiness. Major customers places advances. The Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default in payments and makes provision at each reporting period wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk.

3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly to meet obligations when due. The





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company manages the liquidity risk by i) maintaining adequate and sufficient cash and cash equivalents including investments in mutual funds ii) making available the funds from realising timely maturities of financial assets to meet obligations when due. The liquidity risk management involves matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial arrangements

The Company has access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

Rs. In Crores March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019
Expiring within one year 123.85 92.22
Expiring beyond one year -

The Company makes an annual /long term financial plan so as to ensure there are no maturity mismatches in settlement of liabilities.

44 Details of Long Term Borrowings

Repayment Terms and Security Details of Long Term Borrowings

- (i) Term loan from The Standard Chartered Bank amounting to Rs.29.58 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs.35.47 Crores) is primarily secured on hypothecation of the assets purchased under the loan and collaterally secured by equitable mortgage on land measuring 4.01 acres at Vedasandur and personal assets of some of the Executive Directors. External commercial borrowings is fully hedged.
- (ii) Term loan from The ICICI Bank Limited amounting to Rs.5.30 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 6.53 Crores) is primarily secured by hypothecation of the assets purchased.
- (iii) Term loan from The HDFC Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 105.22 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 39.66 Crores) is primarily secured on the assets purchased under the loan and personal assets of some of the Executive Directors.
- (iv) Term loan from The IDBI Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 17.38 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as on 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 18.05 Crores) is primarily secured on the land and building situated at No.133, Trichy Road, Dindigul 624 005.
- (v) Term loan from The Karur Vysya Bank Limited amounting to Rs.15.00 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 19.01 Crores) is primarily secured by equitable mortgage on the Godown located at Dindigul.
- (vi) Term loan from The State Bank of India amounting to Rs. 15.55 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs.15.93 Crores) is primarily secured on equitable mortgage of the assets of the Company located at Trichy.
- (vii) Term loan from IndusInd Bank Ltd amounting to Rs. 19.89 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 6.98 Crores) is primarily secured by hypothecation on the assets purchased under the loan and land at Seelapadi Village, Dindigul.
- (viii) Term loan from Fullerton India Credit Company Limited amounting to Rs. 4.08 Crores (Including Current maturities) outstanding as at 31.03.2020 (Previous year Rs. 4.39 Crores) is secured on the personal assets of some of the Executive Directors.

Note:

- a) The Company does not have any continuing default as on the Balance Sheet date in the repayment of loan or interest.
- b) The loans have been guaranteed by some of the Directors of the Company in certain cases.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

45 Retirement benefit plans

1. Defined contribution plans

The Company makes Provident Fund which is defined contribution plan for qualifying employees. Under the scheme, the company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the pay roll costs to fund the benefit. The Company recognised Rs 2.44 Cr (year ended 31.03.2019 Rs 2.61 Cr) in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

2. Defined benefit plans

a) Gratuity

Gratuity to employees (funded) and Gratuity to Directors(non funded), the most recent actuarial valuation of the plan assets and in respect gratuity to employees scheme the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by actuarial valuation. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit cost method. The following table sets forth the status of the Gratuity Plan (Employees) and Gratuity(Directors) of the Company and the amount recognised in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company provides the Gratuity (Employees) benefit through annual contribution and provision is made annually for Gratuity to Directors. The risks are as follows:

b) Compensated Absense

As per the policy of the Company the Compensated Absense is not accumulated

Investment risk	The probability or liklihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.
Interest risk	The Plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in interest rate will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of providing above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of liability (as shown in financial statements). A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Salary escalation risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future, based on past experience Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liability.
Demographic Risk	The Company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out adverse compared to the assumptions.





			Post Employ	ment Benefit		
S.No.	Particulars	Gratuity-E	mployees	Gratuity	Gratuity-Directors	
		31.03.2020	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
i	Changes in Defined Benefit Obligation					
	Present Value-Opening Balance	2.52	2.07	1.64	1.51	
	Current Service Cost	0.39	0.33	0.48	0.13	
	Interest Cost	0.19	0.15	-	-	
	Past services cost	0.04	-	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gains) Losses	0.66	0.15	-	-	
	Benefits Paid	(0.18)	(0.18)		-	
	Present Value- Closing Balance	3.62	2.52	2.12	1.64	
ii	Changes in Fair value of Plan Assets					
	Opening Balance	2.28	1.78	-	-	
	Expected Return	0.19	0.15	-	-	
	Actuarial (Gain) /Loss	0.03	0.02	-	-	
	Contributions by Employer	0.58	0.51	-	-	
	Benefits Paid	(0.18)	(0.18)	-	-	
	Closing Balance	2.90	2.28	-	-	
iii	Amount recognised in the Balance Sheet					
	(as at the Year end)					
	Present Value of Obligations	3.63	2.52	2.12	1.64	
	Fair Value of Plan Assets	2.90	2.28	-	-	
	Net Asset/(Liability) Recognised	0.73	0.24	2.12	1.64	
iv	Expenses recognised in the Statement					
	of Profit and Loss	0.00			0.40	
	Current Service Cost	0.39	0.33	0.48	0.13	
	Interest on Obligation	0.04	0.13	-	-	
	Total included in Employee Benefit	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.43	
	Expenses	0.43	0.46	0.48	0.13	
V	Expenses recognised in other Comprehensive					
	Income					
	Remeasurement on the net defined	(0.44)	(0.42)			
	benefit Liability	(0.64)	(0.13)		-	
	Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumptions					
	Actuarial gains and losses arising from		-		· -	
	changes in experience adjustments		_		_	
	Return on Plan assets		_		_	
	Net Cost in other comprehensive Income	(0.64)	(0.13)			
	Asset Information	(0.01)	(0.13)			
	Insurer Managed	100%	100%	NA	NA	
	Principal Actuarial Assumptions					
	Discount Rate(%)	6.64%	7.62%			
	Future Salary Increase(%)	5.00%	5.00%			
	Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets (%)	6.64%	7.40%			
	Expected average remaining life of employees Years	14.9	14.8			
	Expected Contribution(Rs in Cr)	-	-			





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

46 Related party disclosure

a) List of parties having significant influence

Holding company The Company does not have any holding company

Subsidiaries and joint ventures Naga Far East Private Limited

Naga Mills Private Limited

Associate Companies Annai Power Private Limited

Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited

Investing Parties having substantial interest

Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan Chairman and Managing Director (KMP)

Key Management Personnel

Smt. Mageswari Kannan Joint Managing Director
Sri. Sounder Kannan Whole Time Director
Sri. D. Vijay Anand Technical Director
Sri. T.R. Sivaraman Chief Financial Officer
Sri. V. Marikannan Company Secretary

Directors

Sri. L.A. Irudayaraj Independent Director
Dr. K. Venkatachalam Independent Director
Sri. S. Ramesh Independent Director
Sri. S. Neelakantan Independent Director

Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel

Smt. Lakshmi Vijayanand

Smt. Monaa Kannan

Ms. M. Jayalalitha

Sri. M. Sukumar

Sri. A.M. Gopinath

Enterprises over which key managerial are able to exercise significant influence

Nagalakshmi Charitable Trust

Naga Marine Industries Limited

M.M. Detergents Company Private Ltd.,

Naga Mills Limited





b) Transaction during the year

S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
1	Annai Power Private Limited		
	Wind Power Charges paid	2.94	2.54
	Rent Paid	2.40	2.40
	Rent Received	0.00	0.00
2	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan		
	Remuneration	0.84	0.72
	Provision for gratuity *	0.13	0.04
	Rent Paid	0.80	0.69
	Interest Paid	0.00	0.19
	Dividend Paid	0.97	0.49
	Unsecured Loan - Received	0.25	5.42
	- Repaid	0.25	5.60
3	Smt. Mageswari Kannan		
	Remuneration	0.78	0.61
	Rent Free Accomodation	0.06	0.06
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
	Interest Paid	0.01	0.12
	Dividend Paid	0.30	0.15
	Unsecured Loan - Received	1.80	1.73
	- Repaid	0.33	2.92
4	Sri. Sounder Kannan		
	Remuneration	0.72	0.54
	Dividend Paid	0.13	0.07
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
	Rent Paid	0.00	0.09
	Interest Paid	0.00	0.07
	Unsecured Loan - Received	0.35	1.03
	- Paid	0.25	1.68
5	Sri. D. Vijay Anand		
	Remuneration	0.72	0.54
	Provision for gratuity *	0.12	0.03
6	Sri. T.R. Sivaraman		
	Remuneration	0.13	0.15
7	Sri. V. Marikannan		
	Remuneration	0.12	0.10
8	Smt. Lakshmi Vijayanand		
	Salary	0.31	0.27
	Dividend Paid	0.06	0.03
9	Smt. Monaa Kannan		
	Salary	0.25	0.27
10	Ms. M. Jayalalitha	0.23	J.2.
10	Salary	0.31	0.27
	Dividend Paid		
		0.00	0.00
11	Sri. M. Sukumar		
	Salary	0.20	0.18





S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
12	Sri. A.M.Gopinath (Prop. Anugraha International) Commission Paid	0.14	0.09
13	Naga Mills Limited Rental Income	0.00	0.00
14	Naga Marine Industries Limited Purchase Rent Paid Rental Income Dividend Paid	152.22 0.11 0.00 0.07	0.00 0.14 - 0.04
15	Nagalakshmi Charitable Trust Donation CSR Expenses	0.25 0.30	0.37
16	Nagalakshmi Energy Private Limited Rental charges Paid Purchase of Wind Energy Rental Income	0.34 1.41 0.00	0.20 1.44 -
17	M.M.Detergents Company Private Limited Purchases Sales Rental Income Purchase - Assets Plant and Machinery rent and maintenance expenses Conversion Income Dividend Paid	73.61 - 0.00 - - - 0.04 0.16	172.20 0.83 0.25 0.32 0.04 0.07 0.08

^{*} Gratuity entitlement is provided but not drawn by the Managerial persons.

c) Significant Balances at the end of the year

S.No	Nature of transactions	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
1	Sri. K.S. Kamalakannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	0.08	0.06
2	Smt. Mageswari Kannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	1.47 0.08	0.06
3	Sri. Sounder Kannan Unsecured Loans Remuneration payable	0.10 0.07	- 0.05
4	Sri. D. Vijay Anand Remuneration payable	0.07	0.05
5	Naga Mills Private Limited Expenses Recoverable	0.51	0.05
6	Naga Far East Private Limited Expenses Recoverable	0.02	0.02
7	M.M.Detergents Company Pvt. Ltd., Procurement charges	11.81	0.00
8	Naga Marine Industries Limited Trade payables	5.98	0.00
9	Annai Power Private Limited Procurement charges	0.70	0.00





d) Transaction summary with related parties

Particulars	Subsidiaries	Associate Companies	Key Management Personnel	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Enterprises Over Key Managerial are able to exercise significant Influence	Total
Sales		-	-	-	[0.83]	[0.83]
Purchases			-		225.83 [172.52]	225.83 [172.52]
Wind Power Charges paid		4.35 [3.98]				4.35 [3.98]
Conversion income			-		0.04 [0.07]	0.04 [0.07]
Lease rent (Plant & Machinery)	-	-	-	-	- [0.04]	- [0.04]
Remuneration/Salary		-	3.31 [2.66]	1.14 [0.99]	-	4.12 [3.65]
Provision for gratuity	-	-	0.49 [0.13]	-	-	0.49 [0.13]
Rental Income			-	-	0.01 [0.26]	0.01 [0.26]
Rent Paid		2.74 [2.60]	0.80 [0.78]	-	0.11 [0.14]	3.65 [3.52]
Interest Paid on loan	-		0.02 [0.38]	-	-	0.02 [0.38]
Commission paid	-		-	0.14 [0.09]	-	0.14 [0.09]
Dividend paid			1.40 [0.71]	0.06 [0.03]	-	1.46 [0.74]
Donation			-		0.25 [0.37]	0.25 [0.37]
CSR Expenses			-		0.30	0.30
Investment in equity shares	0.50 [0.50]	0.65 [0.38]	-		-	1.15 [0.88]
Loan received during the year	-		2.40 [8.18]	-	-	2.40 [8.18]
Loan paid during the year	-	-	0.83 [10.20]	-	-	0.83 [10.20]
Trade Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses Recoverable	0.53 [0.07]		-	-		0.53 [0.07]
Creditors & Other Payables	-	-	0.30 [0.22]	-		0.30 [0.22]

Note: Figures in brackets represent previous year's amounts.





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

47 Information relating to subsidiaries

A. Information relating to non-wholly owned subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Name of Subsidiary	Proportion of ownership and voting rights held		Total Other Comprehensive allocated to		Accumulted non-controlling interest	
Name of Subsidiary	by non-controlling interest				non-controlling interest	
	March 31,2020	March 31,2019	March 31,2020	March 31,2019	March 31,2020	March 31,2019
Naga Far East Private Limited	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Naga Mills Private Limited	0.28%	0.28%	NIL	NIL	0.28%	0.28%

Both the Companies have been incorporated during 17-18. While Naga Far East Private Limited has commenced its operations in the year 2018-19, Naga Mills Private Limited is yet to commence its operations.

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Groups subsidiaries that has material non-controlling interests as set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

(Values represented in the table are in INR/USD/BDT)

Details	NAGA FAR EAST PRIVATE LTD		NAGA MILLS PRIVATE LIMITED	
	Year ended March31, 2020		Year ended March31, 202	
	in INR	in USD	in INR	in BDT
Current assets	4,505,228	59,776	1,498,262	1,692,435
Non-current assets	-	-	-	-
Total assets	4,505,228	59,776	1,498,262	1,692,435
Current liabilities	278,937	3,701	5,953,988	6,725,618
Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	278,937	3,701	5,953,988	6,725,618
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,226,291	56,075	(4,443,250)	(5,019,090)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	(12,476)	(14,093)
Revenue	(274,490)	(3,642)	-	-
Expenses (including tax)	556,991	7,390	3,809,636	4,303,361
Profit for the year	(831,482)	(11,032)	(3,809,636)	(4,303,361)
Attributable to owners of the company	(831,482)	(11,032)	(3,798,969)	(4,291,311)
Attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	(10,667)	(12,049)
Profit for the year	(831,482)	(11,032)	(3,809,636)	(4,303,361)
OCI attributable to owners of the company	-	-	-	-
OCI attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income attributable	-	-	-	-
to Owners of the company				
Total Comprehensive Income attributable	-	-	-	-
to non-controlling interests				
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(831,482)	(11,032)	(3,809,636)	(4,303,361)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest				
Net cash from operating activities	(1,573,985)	(20,884)	(3,396,907)	(3,837,143)
Net cash from investing activities	-	-	-	-
Net cash from financing activities	-	-	4,811,899	5,435,516
Net Cash (outflow)/ Inflow	(1,573,985)	(20,884)	1,414,992	1,598,373





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

B Goodwill on consolidation

Particulars	Year ended			
	March 31, 2020(unaudited)	March 31, 2019(unaudited)		
Goodwill at the beginning of the year	0.00	0.00		
Add: Goodwill recognised during the year	0.00	0.00		
Goodwill at the end of the year	-	-		
Less: Impairment during the year	0.00	0.00		
Carrying amount of goodwill	-	-		

Allocation of goodwill to cash generating units

Each of the subsidiaries is identified as a separate cash generating unit. Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to these cash-generating units.

Particulars	Year ended		
	March 31, 2020(unaudited)	March 31, 2019(unaudited)	
Naga Far East Private Limited	0.00	0.00	
Naga Mills Private Limited	0.00	0.00	
	-	-	

Cash-generating units to which goodwill is allocated are tested for impairment annually at each reporting date or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to that unit. The Group believes that any reasonable further change in the key assumptions on which recoverable amount is based, would not cause the carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.

48 Information relating to associates

There are no associates which are individually material and thus, only aggregate information of associates that are not individually material is given below

	Year ended		
Aggregate information of the associates	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
The Group's Share of profit / (loss) from contiuing operations	(0.06)	(0.25)	
The Group's Share of other comprehensive income	0.00	0.00	
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	0.33	0.10	
Unrecognised share of loss of an associate for the year*	-	-	
Cumulative share of profit/ loss of an associate	(0.39)	(0.33)	

^{*} consequent to investment being nil under equity accounting





(All amounts are in Crores of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

49 Results - Power Generation (Captive Power)

Particulars	As at	As at
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Operating Income	11.10	11.93
Profit Before Interest and Tax	5.40	5.94
Less: Interest Expenses	0.64	1.00
Profit Before Tax	4.76	4.94

50 Expenditure on Scientific Research

Nature	As at	As at
	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
a) Revenue		
U/s 35(2AB)	1.35	0.67
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.33	0.15
b) Capital		
U/s 35(2AB)	3.78	0.61
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.63	3.64
c) Capital Work-in-Progress		
U/s 35(2AB)	-	-
U/s 35(1)(iv)	0.00	0.02

51 Approval of Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on 29rd June, 2020.

For and on behalf of the Board As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN MAGESWARI KANNAN (Firm Registration No : 003556S)

Chairman & Managing Director Joint Managing Director

DIN: 01601589 DIN: 02107556

M.K. RAVINDRAN

Partner

M.No: 020887

T.R. SIVARAMAN

Chief Financial Officer

M.No:023228

V. MARIKANNAN

Company Secretary

M.No. A30767

Place: Dindigul

Date: 29th June, 2020





ANNEXURE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

FORM AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/ associate companies

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Rs. in Lakhs)

1	Name of the Subsidiary	Naga Far East Private Limited, Singapore	Naga Mills Private Limited, Bangladesh
2	The date since when subsidiary was acquired	13 th September 2017	06 th February 2018
3	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31st March 2020	31st March 2020
4	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the Financial year	United States Dollar 1 USD = 75.368 INR	Bangladeshi Taka (BDT) 1 BDT = 0.886 INR
5	Share Capital (including Share Application)	57.09	0.86
6	Reserves and surplus	(14.83)	(45.41)
7	Total assets	45.05	14.98
8	Total Liabilities	(2.79)	59.54
9	Investments	-	-
10	Turnover	(2.75)	-
11	Profit/ (loss) before taxation	(8.32)	(38.10)
12	Provision for taxation	-	-
13	Profit/ (loss) after taxation	(8.32)	(38.10)
14	Proposed Dividend	-	-
15	% of shareholding	100.00%	99.72%







Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of Associates	Annai Power Private	Nagalakshmi Energy
	Limited	Private Limited
Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2020
Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end:		
No:	62,400 Equity Shares	26,000 Equity Shares
Amount of Investment in Associate / Joint Venture	62.40	2.60
Extent of Holding %	26%	26%
Description of how there is significant influence	The explanation to Section 2(6) of the Companies A 2013 provides that significant influence means conformation of atleast 20% of total share capital. The Company has morethan 20% in the Equity Share of its Associate Hence, the Company is having significant influence of it associate.	
Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Not applicable	Not applicable
Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	(3.29)	(18.23)
Profit Loss for the year:		
Considered in Consolidation	(3.29)	(2.44)
Not Considered in Consolidation	_	(15.78)

Part "C" Joint Venture - There are no Joint Ventures in the Group.

ENTITIES FORMED/ ACQUIRED AND CEASED DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2019 - 20:

S. No.	Name of the Subsidiary/ Associate Company	
Α	Formed / Acquired: Nil	
В	Ceased: Nil	

For and on behalf of the Board As per our report of even date

For D Sampathkumar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No: 003556S)

K.S. KAMALAKANNAN

MAGESWARI KANNAN

Joint Managing Director

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 02107556

DIN: 01601589

Place: Dindigul

M.K. RAVINDRAN

Partner

M.No: 020887

T.R. SIVARAMAN

Chief Financial Officer

192

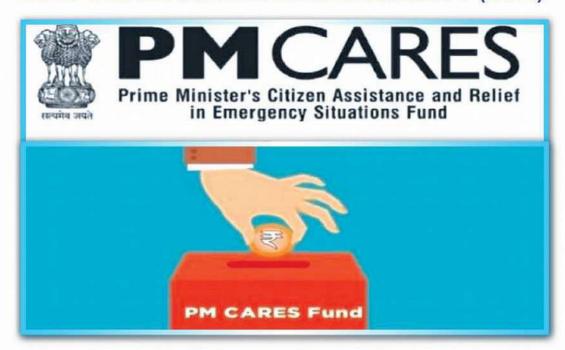
V. MARIKANNAN
Company Secretary

Date : 29th June, 2020

M.No:023228

M.No. A30767

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)



Rs.50 Lakhs has been contributed to PM CARES FUND for COVID-19 pandemic.



Company's contribution of Rs. 5.19 Lakhs for purchase of Plastic Shredding Machine and placed in Madurai and Dindigul Railway Station towards Conservation of Natural Resources.



PASTA | MACARONI | VERMICELLI | NOODLES

0 0 0

NAGA LIMITED CONSUMER DIVISION UNIT - 1

P . Box No 131,Trichy Road, Dindigul - 624005 info@nagamills.com | www.nagamills.com | +91-77081 11324,+18001020831